	PUBLIC EDUCATION RECODIFICATION - STATE
	SYSTEM
	2018 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Val L. Peterson
	Senate Sponsor: Ann Millner
L	ONG TITLE
Co	ommittee Note:
	The Education Interim Committee recommended this bill.
G	eneral Description:
	This bill reorganizes and renumbers certain provisions of the public education code
rel	ated to statewide administration of the public education system.
Hi	ghlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	reorganizes and renumbers certain provisions of the public education code related to
sta	tewide administration of the public education system;
	► defines terms;
	 enacts provisions related to public education for organizational purposes;
	 reenacts provisions related to public education for organizational purposes;
	repeals provisions related to public education for organizational purposes; and
	 makes technical and conforming changes.
M	oney Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Ot	ther Special Clauses:
	This bill provides a special effective date.
	This bill provides revisor instructions.



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28
     Utah Code Sections Affected:
29
     ENACTS:
30
            53E-1-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
31
            53E-1-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
32
            53E-1-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953
33
            53E-1-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
34
            53E-2-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
35
            53E-3-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
36
            53E-3-601, Utah Code Annotated 1953
37
            53E-3-701, Utah Code Annotated 1953
38
            53E-4-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
39
            53E-4-201. Utah Code Annotated 1953
40
            53E-4-401, Utah Code Annotated 1953
41
            53E-5-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
42
            53E-6-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
43
            53E-7-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
            53E-7-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
44
45
            53E-8-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
46
            53E-9-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
47
            53E-9-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
48
            53E-10-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
49
            53E-10-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
50
            53E-10-306, Utah Code Annotated 1953
            53E-10-407, Utah Code Annotated 1953
51
52
     RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
53
            53B-17-1001, (Renumbered from 53A-3-402.10, as last amended by Laws of Utah
54
     2014, Chapter 390)
55
            53E-2-201, (Renumbered from 53A-1-101, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah
56
     2015, Chapter 415)
57
            53E-2-202, (Renumbered from 53A-1-102.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015,
58
     Chapter 415)
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59
            53E-2-301, (Renumbered from 53A-1a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
60
     Chapter 415)
            53E-2-302, (Renumbered from 53A-1a-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
61
62
     Chapter 415)
            53E-2-303, (Renumbered from 53A-1a-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000,
63
64
     Chapter 59)
65
            53E-2-304, (Renumbered from 53A-1a-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
66
     Chapters 173, 378, and 444)
67
            53E-3-201, (Renumbered from 53A-1-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
68
     Chapter 415)
69
            53E-3-202, (Renumbered from 53A-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
70
     Chapters 61 and 144)
            53E-3-203, (Renumbered from 53A-1-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
71
72
     Chapter 382)
73
            53E-3-204, (Renumbered from 53A-1-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
74
     2)
75
            53E-3-301, (Renumbered from 53A-1-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
     Chapters 372 and 378)
76
77
            53E-3-302, (Renumbered from 53A-1-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
78
     Chapter 144)
79
            53E-3-303, (Renumbered from 53A-1-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
80
     2)
81
            53E-3-401, (Renumbered from 53A-1-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
82
     Chapter 232)
83
            53E-3-402, (Renumbered from 53A-1-406, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
84
     2)
85
            53E-3-403, (Renumbered from 53A-4-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
86
     Chapters 280 and 342)
87
            53E-3-501, (Renumbered from 53A-1-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
88
     Chapter 382)
89
            53E-3-502, (Renumbered from 53A-1a-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
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90
      Chapter 415)
 91
             53E-3-503, (Renumbered from 53A-1-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
 92
      Chapter 330)
 93
             53E-3-504, (Renumbered from 53A-1-801, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002,
 94
      Chapter 210)
 95
             53E-3-505, (Renumbered from 53A-13-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
 96
      Chapter 333)
 97
             53E-3-506, (Renumbered from 53A-13-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
 98
      Chapter 415)
 99
             53E-3-507, (Renumbered from 53A-15-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
100
      Chapter 382)
101
             53E-3-508, (Renumbered from 53A-15-107, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter
102
      343)
103
             53E-3-509, (Renumbered from 53A-15-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
104
      Chapter 258)
105
             53E-3-510, (Renumbered from 53A-19-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
106
      2)
             53E-3-511, (Renumbered from 53A-1-413, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
107
108
      Chapter 378 and further amended by Revisor Instructions, Laws of Utah 2017,
109
      Chapter 378)
110
             53E-3-512, (Renumbered from 53A-1-402.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
111
      Chapter 382)
112
             53E-3-513, (Renumbered from 53A-1a-105.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
113
      Chapter 3)
114
             53E-3-514, (Renumbered from 53A-16-101.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
115
      Chapters 144 and 172)
116
             53E-3-515, (Renumbered from 53A-15-206, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter
117
       166)
118
             53E-3-602, (Renumbered from 53A-1-404, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
119
      2)
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53E-3-603, (Renumbered from 53A-1-405, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter

121	2)
122	53E-3-702, (Renumbered from 53A-20-110, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter
123	309)
124	53E-3-703, (Renumbered from 53A-20-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
125	Chapter 187)
126	53E-3-704, (Renumbered from 53A-20-101.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2000,
127	Chapter 21)
128	53E-3-705, (Renumbered from 53A-20-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014,
129	Chapter 64)
130	53E-3-706, (Renumbered from 53A-20-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
131	Chapter 144)
132	53E-3-707, (Renumbered from 53A-20-104.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014,
133	Chapter 309)
134	53E-3-708, (Renumbered from 53A-20-105, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
135	2)
136	53E-3-709, (Renumbered from 53A-20-106, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
137	2)
138	53E-3-710, (Renumbered from 53A-20-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
139	Chapter 334)
140	53E-3-711, (Renumbered from 53A-20-109, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter
141	330)
142	53E-3-801, (Renumbered from 53A-1-902, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
143	Chapter 415)
144	53E-3-802, (Renumbered from 53A-1-903, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
145	Chapter 473)
146	53E-3-803, (Renumbered from 53A-1-905, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
147	Chapter 415)
148	53E-3-804, (Renumbered from 53A-1-906, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
149	Chapter 415)
150	53E-3-805, (Renumbered from 53A-1-907, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
151	Chapter 415)

152 53E-3-806, (Renumbered from 53A-1-908, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, 153 Chapter 415) 154 53E-3-901, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1000, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 155 278) 156 53E-3-902, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1001, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 157 2017, Chapter 278) 158 53E-3-903, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1002, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 159 2017, Chapter 278) 160 53E-3-904, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1003, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 161 2017, Chapter 278) 53E-3-905, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1004, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 162 163 278) 53E-3-906, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1005, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 164 165 278) 166 53E-3-907, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1006, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 167 278) 168 53E-3-908, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1007, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 169 278) 170 53E-3-909, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1008, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 171 278) 172 53E-3-910, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1009, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 173 278) 174 53E-3-911, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1010, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 175 278) 176 53E-3-912, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1011, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 177 278) 178 53E-3-913, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1012, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 179 278) 180 53E-3-914, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1013, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 181 278) 182 53E-3-915, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1014, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter

183 278) 184 53E-3-916, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1015, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 185 278) 186 53E-3-917, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1016, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 187 278) 188 53E-3-918. (Renumbered from 53A-1-1017, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 189 278) 190 53E-3-919, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1018, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 191 278) 192 53E-3-920, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1019, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 193 278) 194 53E-3-921, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1020, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 195 278) 196 53E-4-202, (Renumbered from 53A-1-402.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, 197 Chapter 378) 198 53E-4-203, (Renumbered from 53A-1-402.8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, 199 Chapter 415) 200 53E-4-204, (Renumbered from 53A-13-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 415) 201 202 53E-4-205, (Renumbered from 53A-13-109.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, 203 Chapter 316) 204 53E-4-206, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, 205 Chapter 214) 206 53E-4-301, (Renumbered from 53A-1-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, 207 Chapter 378) 208 53E-4-301.5, (Renumbered from 53A-1-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, 209 Chapter 378) 210 53E-4-302, (Renumbered from 53A-1-603, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 211 2017, Chapter 378) 53E-4-303, (Renumbered from 53A-1-604, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 212 213 2017, Chapter 378)

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214
             53E-4-304, (Renumbered from 53A-1-611.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017,
215
       Chapter 378)
             53E-4-305, (Renumbered from 53A-1-611, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
216
217
       Chapter 378)
218
             53E-4-306, (Renumbered from 53A-1-606.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
219
       Chapter 220)
220
             53E-4-307, (Renumbered from 53A-1-606.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013,
221
       Chapter 466)
222
             53E-4-308, (Renumbered from 53A-1-603.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
223
       Chapter 378)
224
             53E-4-309, (Renumbered from 53A-1-610, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
225
       Chapter 378)
226
              53E-4-310, (Renumbered from 53A-1-607, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
227
       Chapter 378)
228
             53E-4-311, (Renumbered from 53A-1-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
229
       Chapter 378)
230
             53E-4-312, (Renumbered from 53A-1-608, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
231
       Chapter 378)
232
             53E-4-313, (Renumbered from 53A-1-609, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013,
233
       Chapter 161)
234
             53E-4-402, (Renumbered from 53A-14-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002,
235
       Chapter 299)
236
             53E-4-403, (Renumbered from 53A-14-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
237
       Chapter 415)
238
             53E-4-404, (Renumbered from 53A-14-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006,
239
       Chapter 14)
240
             53E-4-405, (Renumbered from 53A-14-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001,
241
       Chapter 84)
242
              53E-4-406, (Renumbered from 53A-14-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001,
243
       Chapter 84)
244
              53E-4-407, (Renumbered from 53A-14-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001,
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245 Chapter 84) 246 53E-4-408, (Renumbered from 53A-14-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 144) 247 248 53E-5-201, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1102, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 249 2017, Chapter 378) 250 53E-5-202, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1103, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 251 2017, Chapter 378) 252 53E-5-203, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1104, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 253 2017, Chapter 378) 254 53E-5-204, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1105, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 255 2017, Chapter 378) 256 53E-5-205, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1106, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 257 2017, Chapter 378) 258 53E-5-206, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1107, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 259 2017, Chapter 378) 260 53E-5-207, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1108, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 261 2017, Chapter 378) 262 53E-5-208, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1109, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 263 2017, Chapter 378) 264 53E-5-209, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1110, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 265 2017, Chapter 378) 53E-5-210, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1111, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 266 267 2017, Chapter 378) 268 53E-5-211, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1112, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 269 2017, Chapter 378) 270 53E-5-301, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, 271 Chapters 378, 381 and last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2017, 272 Chapter 381) 273 53E-5-302, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, 274 Chapters 378, 381 and last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2017, 275 Chapter 381)

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276
              53E-5-303, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
277
       Chapter 381)
             53E-5-304, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
278
279
       Chapter 381)
280
              53E-5-305, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
281
       Chapters 378 and 381)
282
             53E-5-306, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
283
       Chapters 378, 381 and last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2017,
284
       Chapter 381)
285
             53E-5-307, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
286
       Chapter 381)
287
             53E-5-308, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1208.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017,
288
       Chapter 381)
289
             53E-5-309, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
290
       Chapter 378)
291
             53E-5-310, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1210, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter
292
       449)
293
             53E-5-311, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1211, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter
294
       331)
295
             53E-6-102, (Renumbered from 53A-6-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
296
       Chapter 144)
297
              53E-6-103, (Renumbered from 53A-6-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013,
298
       Chapter 49)
299
              53E-6-201, (Renumbered from 53A-6-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003,
300
       Chapter 315)
301
              53E-6-202 (Effective 07/01/18), (Renumbered from 53A-6-104.1 (Effective 07/01/18),
302
       as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 472)
303
              53E-6-202 (Superseded 07/01/18), (Renumbered from 53A-6-104.1 (Superseded
304
       07/01/18), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 389)
305
              53E-6-203, (Renumbered from 53A-6-111, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter
306
       46)
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307	53E-6-301, (Renumbered from 53A-6-106, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah
308	1999, Chapter 108)
309	53E-6-302, (Renumbered from 53A-6-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
310	Chapter 239)
311	53E-6-303, (Renumbered from 53A-6-108, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah
312	1999, Chapter 108)
313	53E-6-304, (Renumbered from 53A-6-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
314	Chapter 144)
315	53E-6-305, (Renumbered from 53A-6-113, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter
316	417)
317	53E-6-306, (Renumbered from 53A-6-104.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
318	Chapter 144)
319	53E-6-307, (Renumbered from 53A-6-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
320	Chapter 144)
321	53E-6-401, (Renumbered from 53A-6-401, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah
322	2015, Chapter 389)
323	53E-6-402, (Renumbered from 53A-6-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
324	Chapter 199)
325	53E-6-403, (Renumbered from 53A-6-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
326	Chapter 144)
327	53E-6-501, (Renumbered from 53A-6-301, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah
328	1999, Chapter 108)
329	53E-6-502, (Renumbered from 53A-6-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
330	Chapter 144)
331	53E-6-503, (Renumbered from 53A-6-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
332	108)
333	53E-6-504, (Renumbered from 53A-6-304, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
334	108)
335	53E-6-505 (Effective 07/01/18), (Renumbered from 53A-6-305 (Effective 07/01/18),
336	as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 472)
337	53E-6-505 (Superseded 07/01/18), (Renumbered from 53A-6-305 (Superseded

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338
      07/01/18), as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 108)
339
             53E-6-506, (Renumbered from 53A-6-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
340
      Chapter 389 and repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 311 and
341
      last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 311)
342
             53E-6-601, (Renumbered from 53A-6-601, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
343
       108)
344
             53E-6-602, (Renumbered from 53A-6-307, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah
345
      2015, Chapter 311)
346
             53E-6-603, (Renumbered from 53A-6-405, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah
347
      2015, Chapter 311)
348
             53E-6-604, (Renumbered from 53A-6-501, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah
349
      2015, Chapter 311)
350
             53E-6-605, (Renumbered from 53A-6-602, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
351
      108)
352
             53E-6-606, (Renumbered from 53A-6-603, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
353
      108)
354
             53E-6-607, (Renumbered from 53A-6-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
355
      Chapter 311)
356
             53E-6-701, (Renumbered from 53A-6-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
357
      Chapter 311)
358
             53E-6-702, (Renumbered from 53A-6-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
359
      Chapter 382)
360
             53E-6-703, (Renumbered from 53A-3-421, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
361
       108)
362
             53E-6-801, (Renumbered from 53A-7-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000,
363
      Chapter 224)
364
             53E-6-802, (Renumbered from 53A-7-102, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah
365
      1999, Chapter 108)
366
             53E-6-901, (Renumbered from 53A-6-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
367
      Chapter 389)
368
             53E-6-902, (Renumbered from 53A-6-115, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter
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369	328)	
370		53E-6-903, (Renumbered from 53A-6-116, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter
371	27)	
372		53E-6-1001, (Renumbered from 53A-6-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
373	2)	
374		53E-6-1002, (Renumbered from 53A-6-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
375	2)	
376		53E-6-1003, (Renumbered from 53A-6-203, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
377	2)	
378		53E-6-1004, (Renumbered from 53A-6-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
379	2)	
380		53E-6-1005 , (Renumbered from 53A-6-205, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
381	2)	
382		53E-6-1006, (Renumbered from 53A-6-206, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
383	2)	
384		53E-6-1007, (Renumbered from 53A-6-207, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
385	2)	
386		53E-6-1008, (Renumbered from 53A-6-208, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
387	2)	
388		53E-6-1009, (Renumbered from 53A-6-209, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
389	2)	
390		53E-6-1010, (Renumbered from 53A-6-210, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
391	2)	
392		53E-6-1011, (Renumbered from 53A-6-211, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter
393	2)	
394		53E-7-202, (Renumbered from 53A-15-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002,
395	Chapte	er 82)
396		53E-7-203, (Renumbered from 53A-15-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1992,
397	Chapte	er 53)
398		53E-7-204, (Renumbered from 53A-15-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002,
399	Chapte	er 82)

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400
             53E-7-205, (Renumbered from 53A-15-303.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000,
401
       Chapter 215)
             53E-7-206, (Renumbered from 53A-15-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1992,
402
403
       Chapter 53)
404
             53E-7-207, (Renumbered from 53A-15-304.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1996,
405
       Chapter 318)
406
             53E-7-208, (Renumbered from 53A-15-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001,
407
       Chapter 9)
408
             53E-7-301, (Renumbered from 53A-25a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014,
409
       Chapter 189)
410
             53E-7-302, (Renumbered from 53A-25a-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1994,
411
       Chapter 280)
412
             53E-7-303, (Renumbered from 53A-25a-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1994,
413
       Chapter 280)
414
             53E-7-304, (Renumbered from 53A-25a-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009,
415
       Chapter 294)
416
             53E-7-305, (Renumbered from 53A-25a-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000,
417
       Chapter 224)
418
              53E-8-102, (Renumbered from 53A-25b-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
419
       Chapter 43)
420
             53E-8-201, (Renumbered from 53A-25b-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009,
421
       Chapter 294)
422
             53E-8-202, (Renumbered from 53A-25b-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009,
423
       Chapter 294)
424
             53E-8-203, (Renumbered from 53A-25b-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012,
425
       Chapter 347)
426
             53E-8-204, (Renumbered from 53A-25b-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
427
       Chapter 188)
428
              53E-8-301, (Renumbered from 53A-25b-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009,
429
       Chapter 294)
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              53E-8-302, (Renumbered from 53A-25b-402, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009,
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431
      Chapter 294)
432
             53E-8-401, (Renumbered from 53A-25b-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
433
      Chapter 351)
434
             53E-8-402, (Renumbered from 53A-25b-302, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009,
      Chapter 294)
435
436
             53E-8-403, (Renumbered from 53A-25b-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009,
437
      Chapter 294)
438
             53E-8-404, (Renumbered from 53A-25b-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
439
      Chapter 378)
440
             53E-8-405, (Renumbered from 53A-25b-305, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009,
441
      Chapter 294)
442
             53E-8-406, (Renumbered from 53A-25b-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
443
      Chapter 144)
444
             53E-8-407, (Renumbered from 53A-25b-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
445
      Chapter 43)
446
             53E-8-408, (Renumbered from 53A-25b-308, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017,
447
      Chapter 351)
448
             53E-8-409, (Renumbered from 53A-25b-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
449
      Chapter 144)
450
             53E-8-410, (Renumbered from 53A-17a-111.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
451
      Chapter 173)
452
             53E-9-202, (Renumbered from 53A-13-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
453
      Chapter 30)
454
             53E-9-203, (Renumbered from 53A-13-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
455
      Chapter 221)
456
             53E-9-204, (Renumbered from 53A-13-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter
457
      30)
458
             53E-9-301, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
459
      Chapter 370)
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             53E-9-302, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
461
      Chapter 181)
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              53E-9-303, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1404, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter
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       221)
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             53E-9-304, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1405, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter
465
       221)
466
             53E-9-305, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
467
       Chapter 370)
468
             53E-9-306, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1407, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter
469
       221)
470
             53E-9-307, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1408, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter
471
       221)
472
             53E-9-308, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1409, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter
473
       221)
474
             53E-9-309, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1410, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
475
       Chapter 370)
476
              53E-9-310, (Renumbered from 53A-1-1411, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter
477
       221)
478
             53E-10-202, (Renumbered from 53A-15-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004,
479
       Chapter 257)
480
             53E-10-203, (Renumbered from 53A-15-402, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988,
481
       Chapter 2)
482
             53E-10-204, (Renumbered from 53A-15-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004,
483
       Chapter 257)
484
             53E-10-205, (Renumbered from 53A-15-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1996,
485
       Chapter 318)
486
             53E-10-206, (Renumbered from 53A-15-405, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988,
487
       Chapter 2)
488
             53E-10-301, (Renumbered from 53A-15-1702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
489
       Chapter 444)
490
              53E-10-302, (Renumbered from 53A-15-1703, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
491
       Chapter 200 and last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter
492
       76)
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493	53E-10-303, (Renumbered from 53A-15-1704, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
494	Chapter 200)
495	53E-10-304, (Renumbered from 53A-15-1705, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
496	Chapter 200)
497	53E-10-305, (Renumbered from 53A-15-1706, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
498	Chapter 200)
499	53E-10-307 , (Renumbered from 53A-15-1708, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
500	Chapter 200 and last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter
501	76)
502	53E-10-308 , (Renumbered from 53A-15-1709, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
503	Chapter 200)
504	53E-10-401 , (Renumbered from 53A-31-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015,
505	Chapter 53)
506	53E-10-402 , (Renumbered from 53A-31-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015,
507	Chapter 53)
508	53E-10-403 , (Renumbered from 53A-31-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015,
509	Chapter 53)
510	53E-10-404 , (Renumbered from 53A-31-203, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015,
511	Chapter 53)
512	53E-10-405 , (Renumbered from 53A-31-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015,
513	Chapter 53)
514	53E-10-406 , (Renumbered from 53A-31-302, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015,
515	Chapter 53)
516	53E-10-501 , (Renumbered from 53A-11-1502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
517	Chapter 442)
518	53E-10-502, (Renumbered from 53A-11-1503, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of
519	Utah 2015, Chapter 442)
520	53E-10-503, (Renumbered from 53A-11-1504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
521	Chapter 442) 52E 10 504 (Paramaharad from 52 A 11 1505 as last amonded by Laws of Utah 2015)
522 522	53E-10-504, (Renumbered from 53A-11-1505, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
523	Chapter 442)

524	53E-10-505, (Renumbered from 53A-11-1506, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015,
525	Chapter 442)
526	53E-10-601, (Renumbered from 53A-15-1002, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012,
527	Chapter 238)
528	53E-10-602, (Renumbered from 53A-15-1002.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah
529	2015, Chapter 415)
530	53E-10-603, (Renumbered from 53A-15-1003, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
531	Chapter 415)
532	53E-10-604, (Renumbered from 53A-15-1004, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006,
533	Chapter 227)
534	53E-10-605, (Renumbered from 53A-15-1005, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006,
535	Chapter 227)
536	53E-10-606 , (Renumbered from 53A-15-1006, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012,
537	Chapter 238)
538	53E-10-607 , (Renumbered from 53A-15-1007, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006,
539	Chapter 227)
540	53E-10-608 , (Renumbered from 53A-15-1008, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012,
541	Chapter 238)
542	53E-10-609, (Renumbered from 53A-17a-131.15, as last amended by Laws of Utah
543	2010, Chapter 3)
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545	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
546	Section 1. Section 53B-17-1001 , which is renumbered from Section 53A-3-402.10 is
547	renumbered and amended to read:
548	Part 10. Clinics and Programs
549	[53A-3-402.10]. <u>53B-17-1001.</u> Reading clinics Purpose.
550	(1) The Legislature recognizes the critical importance of identifying, assessing, and
551	assisting students with reading difficulties at an early age in order for them to have successful
552	and productive school and life experiences.
553	(2) In order to help accomplish this, there is established a reading clinic, hereafter
554	referred to as the "clinic," based at the University of Utah, College of Education, to assist

555	educators and parents of students statewide in:
556	(a) assessing elementary school students who do not demonstrate satisfactory progress
557	in reading;
558	(b) providing instructional intervention to enable the students to overcome reading
559	difficulties; and
560	(c) becoming better prepared to help all students become successful readers by
561	providing them with professional development programs in reading that are based on best
562	practices and the most current, scientific research available through nationally and
563	internationally recognized reading researchers and instructional specialists.
564	(3) (a) The clinic shall focus primarily on students in grades 1 through 3 since research
565	shows the need for students to become successful readers by the end of grade 3.
566	(b) The clinic shall make assessment and instructional intervention services available
567	to public education students of all ages.
568	(4) The clinic shall provide these services at a base site in Salt Lake County and
569	through remote access interactive technology to reach educators, parents, and students
570	throughout the state.
571	(5) The clinic shall provide:
572	(a) instruction to teachers in the use of technology and blended learning in providing
573	individualized reading instruction and reading remediation; and
574	(b) access to students for reading remediation and instruction services through distance
575	learning technology if a student is unable to regularly access a reading clinic location.
576	(6) The clinic shall integrate both the usage of and instruction on the use of
577	technology-based reading assessment tools as part of the clinic's services.
578	Section 2. Section 53E-1-101 is enacted to read:
579	TITLE 53E. PUBLIC EDUCATION SYSTEM STATE ADMINISTRATION
580	CHAPTER 1. TITLE PROVISIONS
581	Part 1. General Provisions
582	<u>53E-1-101.</u> Title.
583	(1) This title is known as "Public Education System State Administration."
584	(2) This chapter is known as "Title Provisions."
585	Section 3 Section 53F-1-102 is enacted to read:

53E-1-102. Public education code definitions.
As used in this title, Title 53F, Public Education System Funding, and Title 53G,
Public Education System Local Administration, "public education code" means:
(1) this title;
(2) Title 53F, Public Education System Funding; and
(3) Title 53G, Public Education System Local Administration.
Section 4. Section 53E-1-103 is enacted to read:
53E-1-103. Title 53E definitions.
Reserved
Section 5. Section 53E-1-201 is enacted to read:
Part 2. Reports
<u>53E-1-201.</u> Reports.
Reserved
Section 6. Section 53E-2-101 is enacted to read:
CHAPTER 2. PUBLIC EDUCATION SYSTEM POLICY
Part 1. General Provisions
<u>53E-2-101.</u> Title.
This chapter is known as "Public Education System Policy."
Section 7. Section 53E-2-201, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-101 is
renumbered and amended to read:
Part 2. Policy and Planning for the Public Education System
[53A-1-101]. 53E-2-201. Policy for Utah's public education system.
(1) (a) The continuous cultivation of an informed and virtuous citizenry among
succeeding generations is essential to the state and the nation.
(b) The state's public education system is established and maintained as provided in
Utah Constitution, Article X, and this [title] public education code.
(c) Parents and guardians have the primary responsibility for the education of their
children and elect representatives in the Legislature and on state and local school boards to
administer the state public education system, which provides extensive support and assistance
All children of the state are entitled to a free elementary and secondary public education as
provided in Utah Constitution, Article X.

617	(d) Public schools fulfill a vital purpose in the education and preparation of informed
618	and responsible citizens who:
619	(i) fully understand and lawfully exercise their individual rights and liberties;
620	(ii) become self-reliant and able to provide for themselves and their families; and
621	(iii) contribute to the public good and the health, welfare, and security of the state and
622	the nation.
623	(2) In the implementation of all policies, programs, and responsibilities adopted in
624	accordance with this [title] public education code, the Legislature, the State Board of
625	Education, local school boards, and charter school governing boards shall:
626	(a) respect, protect, and further the interests of parents and guardians in their children's
627	public education; and
628	(b) promote and encourage full and active participation and involvement of parents and
629	guardians at all public schools.
630	Section 8. Section 53E-2-202, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-102.5 is
631	renumbered and amended to read:
632	[53A-1-102.5]. 53E-2-202. Planning for Utah's public education system.
633	(1) Before November 30, 2016, the State Board of Education shall:
634	(a) (i) prepare a report that summarizes, for the last 15 years or more, the policies and
635	programs established by, and the performance history of, the state's public education system;
636	and
637	(ii) prepare a formal 10-year plan for the state's public education system, including
638	recommendations to:
639	(A) repeal outdated policies and programs; and
640	(B) clarify and correlate current policies and programs; and
641	(b) submit the report and plan described in Subsection (1)(a) to the Education Interim
642	Committee for review and recommendations.
643	(2) The State Board of Education shall review and maintain the 10-year plan described
644	in Subsection (1)(a)(ii) and submit the updated plan to the Education Interim Committee for
645	review and approval at least once every five years.
646	Section 9. Section 53E-2-301, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1a-103 is
647	renumbered and amended to read:

648	Part 3. Goals and Methods of the Public Education System
649	[53A-1a-103]. 53E-2-301. Public education's vision and mission.
650	(1) The Legislature envisions an educated citizenry that encompasses the following
651	foundational principles:
652	(a) citizen participation in civic and political affairs;
653	(b) economic prosperity for the state by graduating students who are college and career
654	ready;
655	(c) strong moral and social values; and
656	(d) loyalty and commitment to constitutional government.
657	(2) The Legislature recognizes that public education's mission is to assure Utah the best
658	educated citizenry in the world and each individual the training to succeed in a global society
659	by providing students with:
660	(a) learning and occupational skills;
661	(b) character development;
662	(c) literacy and numeracy;
663	(d) high quality instruction;
664	(e) curriculum based on high standards and relevance; and
665	(f) effective assessment to inform high quality instruction and accountability.
666	(3) The Legislature:
667	(a) recognizes that parents or guardians are a child's first teachers and are responsible
668	for the education of their children;
669	(b) encourages family engagement and adequate preparation so that students enter the
670	public education system ready to learn; and
671	(c) intends that the mission detailed in Subsection (2) be carried out through a
672	responsive educational system that guarantees local school communities autonomy, flexibility,
673	and client choice, while holding them accountable for results.
674	(4) This section will be applied consistent with Section [53A-13-109] 53G-10-204.
675	Section 10. Section 53E-2-302, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1a-104 is
676	renumbered and amended to read:
677	[53A-1a-104]. 53E-2-302. Characteristics of public education system.
678	The Legislature shall assist in maintaining a public education system that has the

679 following characteristics:

- (1) assumes that all students have the ability to learn and that each student departing the system will be prepared to achieve success in productive employment, further education, or both;
- (2) provides a personalized education plan or personalized education occupation plan for each student, which involves the student, the student's parent or guardian, and school personnel in establishing the plan;
- (3) provides students with the knowledge and skills to take responsibility for their decisions and to make appropriate choices;
- (4) provides opportunities for students to exhibit the capacity to learn, think, reason, and work effectively, individually and in groups;
- (5) offers world-class core standards that enable students to successfully compete in a global society, and to succeed as citizens of a constitutional republic;
- (6) incorporates an information retrieval system that provides students, parents, and educators with reliable, useful, and timely data on the progress of each student;
- (7) attracts, prepares, inducts, and retains excellent teachers for every classroom in large part through collaborative efforts among the State Board of Education, the State Board of Regents, and school districts, provides effective ongoing professional development opportunities for teachers to improve their teaching skills, and provides recognition, rewards, and compensation for their excellence;
- (8) empowers each school district and public school to create its own vision and plan to achieve results consistent with the objectives outlined in this [chapter] part;
- (9) uses technology to improve teaching and learning processes and for the delivery of educational services;
- (10) promotes ongoing research and development projects at the district and the school level that are directed at improving or enhancing public education;
- (11) offers a public school choice program, which gives students and their parents options to best meet the student's personalized education needs;
- (12) emphasizes the involvement of educators, parents, business partnerships, and the community at large in the educational process by allowing them to be involved in establishing and implementing educational goals and participating in decision-making at the school site;

710	and
711	(13) emphasizes competency-based standards and progress-based assessments,
712	including tracking and measurement systems.
713	Section 11. Section 53E-2-303, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1a-105 is
714	renumbered and amended to read:
715	[53A-1a-105]. 53E-2-303. Parental participation in educational process
716	Employer support.
717	(1) The Legislature recognizes the importance of parental participation in the
718	educational process in order for students to achieve and maintain high levels of performance.
719	(2) It is, therefore, the policy of the state to:
720	(a) encourage parents to provide a home environment that values education and send
721	their children to school prepared to learn;
722	(b) rely upon school districts and schools to provide opportunities for parents of
723	students to be involved in establishing and implementing educational goals for their respective
724	schools and students; and
725	(c) expect employers to recognize the need for parents and members of the community
726	to participate in the public education system in order to help students achieve and maintain
727	excellence.
728	(3) (a) Each local school board shall adopt a policy on parental involvement in the
729	schools of the district.
730	(b) The board shall design its policy to build consistent and effective communication
731	among parents, teachers, and administrators.
732	(c) The policy shall provide parents with the opportunity to be actively involved in
733	their children's education and to be informed of:
734	(i) the importance of the involvement of parents in directly affecting the success of
735	their children's educational efforts; and
736	(ii) groups and organizations that may provide instruction and training to parents to
737	help improve their children's academic success and support their academic efforts.
738	Section 12. Section 53E-2-304, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1a-106 is
739	renumbered and amended to read:

53E-2-304. School district and individual school powers --

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[53A-1a-106].

Plan for college and career readiness definition.

- (1) In order to acquire and develop the characteristics listed in Section [53A-1a-104] 53E-2-302, each school district and each public school within its respective district shall implement a comprehensive system of accountability in which students advance through public schools by demonstrating competency in the core standards for Utah public schools through the use of diverse assessment instruments such as authentic assessments, projects, and portfolios.
 - (2) (a) Each school district and public school shall:
- (i) develop and implement programs integrating technology into the curriculum, instruction, and student assessment;
 - (ii) provide for teacher and parent involvement in policymaking at the school site;
- (iii) implement a public school choice program to give parents, students, and teachers greater flexibility in designing and choosing among programs with different focuses through schools within the same district and other districts, subject to space availability, demographics, and legal and performance criteria;
- (iv) establish strategic planning at both the district and school level and site-based decision making programs at the school level;
- (v) provide opportunities for each student to acquire and develop academic and occupational knowledge, skills, and abilities;
- (vi) participate in ongoing research and development projects primarily at the school level aimed at improving the quality of education within the system; and
- (vii) involve business and industry in the education process through the establishment of partnerships with the business community at the district and school level.
- (b) (i) As used in this [title] section, "plan for college and career readiness" means a plan developed by a student and the student's parent or guardian, in consultation with school counselors, teachers, and administrators that:
 - (A) is initiated at the beginning of grade 7:
 - (B) identifies a student's skills and objectives;
 - (C) maps out a strategy to guide a student's course selection; and
 - (D) links a student to post-secondary options, including higher education and careers.
- 770 (ii) Each local school board, in consultation with school personnel, parents, and school community councils or similar entities shall establish policies to provide for the effective

772	implementation of an individual learning plan or a plan for college and career readiness for
773	each student at the school site.
774	(iii) The policies shall include guidelines and expectations for:
775	(A) recognizing the student's accomplishments, strengths, and progress toward meeting
776	student achievement standards as defined in the core standards for Utah public schools;
777	(B) planning, monitoring, and managing education and career development; and
778	(C) involving students, parents, and school personnel in preparing and implementing
779	an individual learning plan and a plan for college and career readiness.
780	(iv) A parent may request a conference with school personnel in addition to an
781	individual learning plan or a plan for college and career readiness conference established by
782	local school board policy.
783	(v) Time spent during the school day to implement an individual learning plan or a
784	plan for college and career readiness is considered part of the school term referred to in
785	Subsection [53A-17a-103] <u>53F-2-102</u> (7).
786	(3) A school district or public school may submit proposals to modify or waive rules or
787	policies of a supervisory authority within the public education system in order to acquire or
788	develop the characteristics listed in Section [53A-1a-104] 53E-2-302.
789	(4) (a) Each school district and public school shall make an annual report to its patrons
790	on its activities under this section.
791	(b) The reporting process shall involve participation from teachers, parents, and the
792	community at large in determining how well the district or school is performing.
793	Section 13. Section 53E-3-101 is enacted to read:
794	CHAPTER 3. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION ORGANIZATION, POWERS, AND
795	DUTIES
796	Part 1. General Provisions
797	<u>53E-3-101.</u> Title.
798	This chapter is known as "State Board of Education Organization, Powers, and Duties."
799	Section 14. Section 53E-3-201, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-201 is
800	renumbered and amended to read:
801	Part 2. Organization
802	[53A-1-201]. 53E-3-201. State Board of Education members Election

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803	and appointment of officers Removal from off	ice
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- (1) Members of the State Board of Education shall be nominated and elected as provided in Title 20A, Chapter 14, Nomination and Election of State and Local School Boards.
- (2) The State Board of Education shall elect from its members a chair, and at least one vice chair, but no more than three vice chairs, each year at a meeting held any time between November 15 and January 15.
- (3) (a) If the election of officers is held subsequent to the election of a new member of the board, but prior to the time that the new member takes office, the new member shall assume the position of the outgoing member for purposes of the election of officers.
- (b) In all other matters the outgoing member shall retain the full authority of the office until replaced as provided by law.
 - (4) The duties of these officers shall be determined by the board.
 - (5) The board shall appoint a secretary who serves at the pleasure of the board.
- 816 (6) An officer appointed or elected by the board under this section may be removed 817 from office for cause by a vote of two-thirds of the board.
- Section 15. Section **53E-3-202**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-202 is renumbered and amended to read:
- 820 [53A-1-202]. 53E-3-202. Compensation for members of the State Board of 821 Education -- Insurance -- Per diem and expenses.
 - (1) The salary for a member of the State Board of Education is set in accordance with Section 36-2-3.
 - (2) Compensation for a member of the State Board of Education is payable monthly.
 - (3) A State Board of Education member may participate in any group insurance plan provided to employees of the State Board of Education as part of the State Board of Education member's compensation on the same basis as required for employee participation.
 - (4) In addition to the provisions of Subsections (1) and (3), a State Board of Education member may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
 - (a) Section 63A-3-106;
- 831 (b) Section 63A-3-107; and
- 832 (c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 833 63A-3-107.

834	Section 16. Section 53E-3-203, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-203 is
835	renumbered and amended to read:
836	[53A-1-203]. 53E-3-203. State board meetings Quorum requirements.
837	(1) The State Board of Education shall meet at the call of the chairman and at least 11
838	times each year.
839	(2) A majority of all members is required to validate an act of the State Board of
840	Education.
841	Section 17. Section 53E-3-204 , which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-204 is
842	renumbered and amended to read:
843	[53A-1-204]. 53E-3-204. Gross neglect of duty Nonpayment of salary or
844	expenses.
845	(1) Failure of a member of the State Board of Education or of a governing board of a
846	branch or division of the public school system to carry out responsibilities assigned by law or
847	to comply with rules of the State Board of Education is gross neglect of duty.
848	(2) Salary or expenses shall not be paid for work which violates rules of the board.
849	Section 18. Section 53E-3-301, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-301 is
850	renumbered and amended to read:
851	Part 3. State Superintendent
852	[53A-1-301]. <u>53E-3-301.</u> Appointment Qualifications Duties.
853	(1) (a) The State Board of Education shall appoint a superintendent of public
854	instruction, hereinafter called the state superintendent, who is the executive officer of the State
855	Board of Education and serves at the pleasure of the State Board of Education.
856	(b) The State Board of Education shall appoint the state superintendent on the basis of
857	outstanding professional qualifications.
858	(c) The state superintendent shall administer all programs assigned to the State Board
859	of Education in accordance with the policies and the standards established by the State Board
860	of Education.
861	(2) The State Board of Education shall, with the state superintendent, develop a
862	statewide education strategy focusing on core academics, including the development of:
863	(a) core standards for Utah public schools and graduation requirements;
864	(b) a process to select model instructional materials that best correlate with the core

865	standards for Utah public schools and graduation requirements that are supported by generally
866	accepted scientific standards of evidence;
867	(c) professional development programs for teachers, superintendents, and principals;
868	(d) model remediation programs;
869	(e) a model method for creating individual student learning targets, and a method of
870	measuring an individual student's performance toward those targets;
871	(f) progress-based assessments for ongoing performance evaluations of school districts
872	and schools;
873	(g) incentives to achieve the desired outcome of individual student progress in core
874	academics that do not create disincentives for setting high goals for the students;
875	(h) an annual report card for school and school district performance, measuring
876	learning and reporting progress-based assessments;
877	(i) a systematic method to encourage innovation in schools and school districts as each
878	strives to achieve improvement in performance; and
879	(j) a method for identifying and sharing best demonstrated practices across school
880	districts and schools.
881	(3) The state superintendent shall perform duties assigned by the State Board of
882	Education, including:
883	(a) investigating all matters pertaining to the public schools;
884	(b) adopting and keeping an official seal to authenticate the state superintendent's
885	official acts;
886	(c) holding and conducting meetings, seminars, and conferences on educational topics;
887	(d) presenting to the governor and the Legislature each December a report of the public
888	school system for the preceding year that includes:
889	(i) data on the general condition of the schools with recommendations considered
890	desirable for specific programs;
891	(ii) a complete statement of fund balances;
892	(iii) a complete statement of revenues by fund and source;
893	(iv) a complete statement of adjusted expenditures by fund, the status of bonded
894	indebtedness, the cost of new school plants, and school levies;
895	(v) a complete statement of state funds allocated to each school district and charter

896	school by source, including supplemental appropriations, and a complete statement of
897	expenditures by each school district and charter school, including supplemental appropriations,
898	by function and object as outlined in the United States Department of Education publication
899	"Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems";
900	(vi) a statement that includes data on:
901	(A) fall enrollments;
902	(B) average membership;
903	(C) high school graduates;
904	(D) licensed and classified employees, including data reported by school districts on
905	educator ratings pursuant to Section [53A-8a-410] <u>53G-11-511</u> ;
906	(E) pupil-teacher ratios;
907	(F) average class sizes;
908	(G) average salaries;
909	(H) applicable private school data; and
910	(I) data from statewide assessments described in Section [53A-1-602] <u>53E-4-301</u> for
911	each school and school district;
912	(vii) statistical information regarding incidents of delinquent activity in the schools or
913	at school-related activities with separate categories for:
914	(A) alcohol and drug abuse;
915	(B) weapon possession;
916	(C) assaults; and
917	(D) arson;
918	(viii) information about:
919	(A) the development and implementation of the strategy of focusing on core
920	academics;
921	(B) the development and implementation of competency-based education and
922	progress-based assessments; and
923	(C) the results being achieved under Subsections (3)(d)(viii)(A) and (B), as measured
924	by individual progress-based assessments and a comparison of Utah students' progress with the
925	progress of students in other states using standardized norm-referenced tests as benchmarks;
926	and

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927	(ix) other statistical and financial information about the school system that the state
928	superintendent considers pertinent;
929	(e) collecting and organizing education data into an automated decision support system
930	to facilitate school district and school improvement planning, accountability reporting,
931	performance recognition, and the evaluation of educational policy and program effectiveness to
932	include:
933	(i) data that are:
934	(A) comparable across schools and school districts;
935	(B) appropriate for use in longitudinal studies; and
936	(C) comprehensive with regard to the data elements required under applicable state or
937	federal law or State Board of Education rule;
938	(ii) features that enable users, most particularly school administrators, teachers, and
939	parents, to:
940	(A) retrieve school and school district level data electronically;
941	(B) interpret the data visually; and
942	(C) draw conclusions that are statistically valid; and
943	(iii) procedures for the collection and management of education data that:
944	(A) require the state superintendent to:
945	(I) collaborate with school districts and charter schools in designing and implementing
946	uniform data standards and definitions;
947	(II) undertake or sponsor research to implement improved methods for analyzing
948	education data;
949	(III) provide for data security to prevent unauthorized access to or contamination of the
950	data; and
951	(IV) protect the confidentiality of data under state and federal privacy laws; and
952	(B) require all school districts and schools to comply with the data collection and
953	management procedures established under Subsection (3)(e);
954	(f) administering and implementing federal educational programs in accordance with
955	[Title 53A, Chapter 1, Part 9,] Part 8, Implementing Federal or National Education Programs
956	[Act]; and
957	(g) with the approval of the State Board of Education, preparing and submitting to the

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958	governor a budget for the State Board of Education to be included in the budget that the
959	governor submits to the Legislature.
960	(4) The state superintendent shall distribute funds deposited in the Autism Awareness
961	Restricted Account created in Section [53A-1-304] 53F-9-401 in accordance with the
962	requirements of Section [53A-1-304] <u>53F-9-401</u> .
963	(5) Upon leaving office, the state superintendent shall deliver to the state
964	superintendent's successor all books, records, documents, maps, reports, papers, and other
965	articles pertaining to the state superintendent's office.
966	(6) (a) For the purposes of Subsection (3)(d)(vi):
967	(i) the pupil-teacher ratio for a school shall be calculated by dividing the number of
968	students enrolled in a school by the number of full-time equivalent teachers assigned to the
969	school, including regular classroom teachers, school-based specialists, and special education
970	teachers;
971	(ii) the pupil-teacher ratio for a school district shall be the median pupil-teacher ratio of
972	the schools within a school district;
973	(iii) the pupil-teacher ratio for charter schools aggregated shall be the median
974	pupil-teacher ratio of charter schools in the state; and
975	(iv) the pupil-teacher ratio for the state's public schools aggregated shall be the median
976	pupil-teacher ratio of public schools in the state.
977	(b) The printed copy of the report required by Subsection (3)(d) shall:
978	(i) include the pupil-teacher ratio for:
979	(A) each school district;
980	(B) the charter schools aggregated; and
981	(C) the state's public schools aggregated; and
982	(ii) identify a website where pupil-teacher ratios for each school in the state may be
983	accessed.
984	Section 19. Section 53E-3-302 , which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-302 is
985	renumbered and amended to read:
986	[53A-1-302]. <u>53E-3-302.</u> Compensation of state superintendent Other

(1) The board shall establish the compensation of the state superintendent.

board employees.

987

989	(2) The board may, as necessary for the proper administration and supervision of the
990	public school system:
991	(a) appoint other employees; and
992	(b) delegate appropriate duties and responsibilities to board employees.
993	(3) The compensation and duties of board employees shall be established by the board
994	and paid from money appropriated for that purpose.
995	Section 20. Section 53E-3-303, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-303 is
996	renumbered and amended to read:
997	[53A-1-303]. <u>53E-3-303.</u> Advice by superintendent Written opinions.
998	(1) The state superintendent shall advise superintendents, school boards, and other
999	school officers upon all matters involving the welfare of the schools.
1000	(2) The superintendent shall, when requested by district superintendents or other school
1001	officers, provide written opinions on questions of public education, administrative policy, and
1002	procedure, but not upon questions of law.
1003	(3) Upon request by the state superintendent, the attorney general shall issue written
1004	opinions on questions of law.
1005	(4) Opinions issued under this section shall be considered to be correct and final unless
1006	set aside by a court of competent jurisdiction or by subsequent legislation.
1007	Section 21. Section 53E-3-401, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-401 is
1008	renumbered and amended to read:
1009	Part 4. Powers
1010	[53A-1-401]. 53E-3-401. Powers of State Board of Education Adoption
1011	of rules Enforcement Attorney.
1012	(1) As used in this section:
1013	(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
1014	(b) "Education entity" means:
1015	(i) an entity that receives a distribution of state funds through a grant program managed
1016	by the board under this [title] public education code;
1017	(ii) an entity that enters into a contract with the board to provide an educational good or
1018	service;
1019	(iii) a school district; or

1020	(iv) a charter school.
1021	(c) "Educational good or service" means a good or service that is required or regulated
1022	under:
1023	(i) this [title] public education code; or
1024	(ii) a rule authorized under this [title] public education code.
1025	(d) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:
1026	(i) a school district;
1027	(ii) a charter school; or
1028	(iii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
1029	(2) (a) The State Board of Education has general control and supervision of the state's
1030	public education system.
1031	(b) "General control and supervision" as used in Utah Constitution, Article X, Section
1032	3, means directed to the whole system.
1033	(3) The board may not govern, manage, or operate school districts, institutions, and
1034	programs, unless granted that authority by statute.
1035	(4) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1036	the board may make rules to execute the board's duties and responsibilities under the Utah
1037	Constitution and state law.
1038	(b) The board may delegate the board's statutory duties and responsibilities to board
1039	employees.
1040	(5) (a) The board may sell any interest it holds in real property upon a finding by the
1041	board that the property interest is surplus.
1042	(b) The board may use the money it receives from a sale under Subsection (5)(a) for
1043	capital improvements, equipment, or materials, but not for personnel or ongoing costs.
1044	(c) If the property interest under Subsection (5)(a) was held for the benefit of an agency
1045	or institution administered by the board, the money may only be used for purposes related to
1046	the agency or institution.
1047	(d) The board shall advise the Legislature of any sale under Subsection (5)(a) and
1048	related matters during the next following session of the Legislature.

(6) The board shall develop policies and procedures related to federal educational

programs in accordance with [Title 53A, Chapter 1, Part 9,] Part 8, Implementing Federal or

1051	National	Education	Programs	[Act]	

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- (7) On or before December 31, 2010, the State Board of Education shall review mandates or requirements provided for in board rule to determine whether certain mandates or requirements could be waived to remove funding pressures on public schools on a temporary basis.
- (8) (a) If an education entity violates this [title] <u>public education code</u> or rules authorized under this [title] <u>public education code</u>, the board may, in accordance with the rules described in Subsection (8)(c):
- (i) require the education entity to enter into a corrective action agreement with the board;
 - (ii) temporarily or permanently withhold state funds from the education entity;
 - (iii) require the education entity to pay a penalty; or
 - (iv) require the education entity to reimburse specified state funds to the board.
- (b) Except for temporarily withheld funds, if the board collects state funds under Subsection (8)(a), the board shall pay the funds into the Uniform School Fund.
- (c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the board shall make rules:
- (i) that require notice and an opportunity to be heard for an education entity affected by a board action described in Subsection (8)(a); and
 - (ii) to administer this Subsection (8).
- (d) The board shall report criminal conduct of an education entity to the district attorney of the county where the education entity is located.
- (9) The board may audit the use of state funds by an education entity that receives those state funds as a distribution from the board.
- (10) The board may require, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that if an LEA contracts with a third party contractor for an educational good or service, the LEA shall require in the contract that the third party contractor shall provide, upon request of the LEA, information necessary for the LEA to verify that the educational good or service complies with:
- (a) this [title] public education code; and
- (b) board rule authorized under this [title] public education code.

1082	(11) (a) The board may appoint an attorney to provide legal advice to the board and
1083	coordinate legal affairs for the board and the board's employees.
1084	(b) An attorney described in Subsection (11)(a) shall cooperate with the Office of the
1085	Attorney General.
1086	(c) An attorney described in Subsection (11)(a) may not:
1087	(i) conduct litigation;
1088	(ii) settle claims covered by the Risk Management Fund created in Section 63A-4-201;
1089	or
1090	(iii) issue formal legal opinions.
1091	Section 22. Section 53E-3-402, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-406 is
1092	renumbered and amended to read:
1093	[53A-1-406]. 53E-3-402. Acceptance of gifts, endowments, devises, and
1094	bequests.
1095	(1) The State Board of Education, on its own behalf or on behalf of an educational
1096	institution for which the board is the direct governing body, may accept private grants, loans,
1097	gifts, endowments, devises, or bequests which are made for educational purposes.
1098	(2) These contributions are not subject to appropriation by the Legislature.
1099	Section 23. Section 53E-3-403, which is renumbered from Section 53A-4-205 is
1100	renumbered and amended to read:
1101	[53A-4-205]. 53E-3-403. Establishment of public education foundations
1102	Powers and duties Tax exempt status.
1103	(1) The State Board of Education, a local school board, or the Utah Schools for the
1104	Deaf and Blind may establish foundations to:
1105	(a) assist in the development and implementation of [the programs authorized under
1106	this part] programs to promote educational excellence; and
1107	(b) assist in the accomplishment of other education-related objectives.
1108	(2) A foundation established under Subsection (1):
1109	(a) may solicit and receive contributions from private enterprises for the purpose of this
1110	[part] section;
1111	(b) shall comply with Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act, and rules
1112	made under the act;

1113	(c) has no power or authority to incur contractual obligations or liabilities that
1114	constitute a claim against public funds except as provided in this section;
1115	(d) may not exercise executive, administrative, or rulemaking authority over the
1116	programs [referred to in this part] described in this section, except to the extent specifically
1117	authorized by the responsible school board;
1118	(e) is exempt from all taxes levied by the state or any of its political subdivisions with
1119	respect to activities conducted under this [part] section;
1120	(f) may participate in the Risk Management Fund under Section 63A-4-204;
1121	(g) shall provide a school with information detailing transactions and balances of funds
1122	managed for that school;
1123	(h) shall, for foundation accounts from which money is distributed to schools, provide
1124	all the schools within a school district information that:
1125	(i) details account transactions; and
1126	(ii) shows available balances in the accounts; and
1127	(i) may not:
1128	(i) engage in lobbying activities;
1129	(ii) attempt to influence legislation; or
1130	(iii) participate in any campaign activity for or against:
1131	(A) a political candidate; or
1132	(B) an initiative, referendum, proposed constitutional amendment, bond, or any other
1133	ballot proposition submitted to the voters.
1134	(3) A local school board that establishes a foundation under Subsection (1) shall:
1135	(a) require the foundation to:
1136	(i) use the school district's accounting system; or
1137	(ii) follow written accounting policies established by the board;
1138	(b) review and approve the foundation's accounting, purchasing, and check issuance
1139	policies to ensure that there is an adequate separation of responsibilities; and
1140	(c) approve procedures to verify that issued foundation payments have been properly
1141	approved.
1142	Section 24. Section 53E-3-501, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-402 is
1143	renumbered and amended to read:

1144	Part 5. Miscellaneous Duties
1145	[53A-1-402]. 53E-3-501. State Board of Education to establish
1146	miscellaneous minimum standards for public schools.
1147	(1) The State Board of Education shall establish rules and minimum standards for the
1148	public schools that are consistent with this [title] public education code, including rules and
1149	minimum standards governing the following:
1150	(a) (i) the qualification and certification of educators and ancillary personnel who
1151	provide direct student services;
1152	(ii) required school administrative and supervisory services; and
1153	(iii) the evaluation of instructional personnel;
1154	(b) (i) access to programs;
1155	(ii) attendance;
1156	(iii) competency levels;
1157	(iv) graduation requirements; and
1158	(v) discipline and control;
1159	(c) (i) school accreditation;
1160	(ii) the academic year;
1161	(iii) alternative and pilot programs;
1162	(iv) curriculum and instruction requirements;
1163	(v) school libraries; and
1164	(vi) services to:
1165	(A) persons with a disability as defined by and covered under:
1166	(I) the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. 12102;
1167	(II) the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. 705(20)(A); and
1168	(III) the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1401(3); and
1169	(B) other special groups;
1170	(d) (i) state reimbursed bus routes;
1171	(ii) bus safety and operational requirements; and
1172	(iii) other transportation needs; and
1173	(e) (i) school productivity and cost effectiveness measures;
1174	(ii) federal programs;

1175	(iii) school budget formats; and
1176	(iv) financial, statistical, and student accounting requirements.
1177	(2) The State Board of Education shall determine if:
1178	(a) the minimum standards have been met; and
1179	(b) required reports are properly submitted.
1180	(3) The State Board of Education may apply for, receive, administer, and distribute to
1181	eligible applicants funds made available through programs of the federal government.
1182	(4) (a) A technical college listed in Section 53B-2a-105 shall provide
1183	competency-based career and technical education courses that fulfill high school graduation
1184	requirements, as requested and authorized by the State Board of Education.
1185	(b) A school district may grant a high school diploma to a student participating in a
1186	course described in Subsection (4)(a) that is provided by a technical college listed in Section
1187	53B-2a-105.
1188	Section 25. Section 53E-3-502, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1a-107 is
1189	renumbered and amended to read:
1190	[53A-1a-107]. 53E-3-502. State Board of Education assistance to districts
1191	and schools.
1192	In order to assist school districts and individual schools in acquiring and maintaining
1193	the characteristics set forth in Section [53A-1a-104] 53E-2-302, the State Board of Education
1194	shall:
1195	(1) provide the framework for an education system, including core competency
1196	standards and their assessment, in which school districts and public schools permit students to
1197	advance by demonstrating competency in subject matter and mastery of skills;
1198	(2) conduct a statewide public awareness program on competency-based educational
1199	systems;
1200	(3) compile and publish, for the state as a whole, a set of educational performance
1201	indicators describing trends in student performance;
1202	(4) promote a public education climate of high expectations and academic excellence;
1203	(5) disseminate successful site-based decision-making models to districts and schools
1204	and provide teacher professional development opportunities and evaluation programs for
1205	site-based plans consistent with Subsections [53A-1a-104] <u>53E-2-302</u> (7) and [53A-6-102]

1206	53E-6-103(2)(a) and (b);
1207	(6) provide a mechanism for widespread dissemination of information about strategic
1208	planning for public education, including involvement of business and industry in the education
1209	process, in order to ensure the understanding and support of all the individuals and groups
1210	concerned with the mission of public education as outlined in Section [53A-1a-103]
1211	<u>53E-2-301</u> ;
1212	(7) provide for a research and development clearing house at the state level to receive
1213	and share with school districts and public schools information on effective and innovative
1214	practices and programs in education;
1215	(8) help school districts develop and implement guidelines, strategies, and professional
1216	development programs for administrators and teachers consistent with Subsections
1217	$[\frac{53A-1a-104}]$ $\underline{53E-2-302}$ (7) and $[\frac{53A-6-102}]$ $\underline{53E-6-103}$ (2)(a) and (b) focused on improving
1218	interaction with parents and promoting greater parental involvement in the public schools; and
1219	(9) in concert with the State Board of Regents and the state's colleges of education
1220	review and revise teacher licensing requirements to be consistent with teacher preparation for
1221	participation in personalized education programs within the public schools.
1222	Section 26. Section 53E-3-503, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-403 is
1223	renumbered and amended to read:
1224	[53A-1-403]. Signature 53E-3-503. Education of persons under 21 in custody of or
1225	receiving services from certain state agencies Establishment of coordinating council
1226	Advisory councils.
1227	(1) For purposes of this section, "board" means the State Board of Education.
1228	(2) (a) The board is directly responsible for the education of all persons under the age
1229	of 21 who are:
1230	(i) receiving services from the Department of Human Services;
1231	(ii) in the custody of an equivalent agency of a Native American tribe recognized by
1232	the United States Bureau of Indian Affairs and whose custodial parent or legal guardian resides
1233	within the state; or
1234	(iii) being held in a juvenile detention facility.
1235	(b) The board shall adopt rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah

Administrative Rulemaking Act, to provide for the distribution of funds for the education of

1237	persons described in Subse	ection (2	2)	(a)
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- (3) Subsection (2)(a)(ii) does not apply to persons taken into custody for the primary purpose of obtaining access to education programs provided for youth in custody.
- (4) The board shall, where feasible, contract with school districts or other appropriate agencies to provide educational, administrative, and supportive services, but the board shall retain responsibility for the programs.
- (5) The Legislature shall establish and maintain separate education budget categories for youth in custody or who are under the jurisdiction of the following state agencies:
- (a) detention centers and the Divisions of Juvenile Justice Services and Child and Family Services;
 - (b) the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health; and
 - (c) the Division of Services for People with Disabilities.
- (6) (a) The Department of Human Services and the State Board of Education shall appoint a coordinating council to plan, coordinate, and recommend budget, policy, and program guidelines for the education and treatment of persons in the custody of the Division of Juvenile Justice Services and the Division of Child and Family Services.
- (b) The department and board may appoint similar councils for those in the custody of the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health or the Division of Services for People with Disabilities.
- (7) A school district contracting to provide services under Subsection (4) shall establish an advisory council to plan, coordinate, and review education and treatment programs for persons held in custody in the district.
- Section 27. Section **53E-3-504**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-801 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-1-801]. <u>53E-3-504.</u> Child literacy program -- Coordinated activities.

- (1) The State Board of Education, through the state superintendent of public instruction, shall provide for a public service campaign to educate parents on the importance of providing their children with opportunities to develop emerging literacy skills through a statewide "Read to Me" program.
- (2) The board shall coordinate its activities under this section with other state and community entities that are engaged in child literacy programs in order to maximize its efforts

1268	and resources, including the Utah Commission on National and Community Service.
1269	Section 28. Section 53E-3-505, which is renumbered from Section 53A-13-110 is
1270	renumbered and amended to read:
1271	[53A-13-110]. 53E-3-505. Financial and economic literacy education.
1272	(1) As used in this section:
1273	(a) "Financial and economic activities" include activities related to the topics listed in
1274	Subsection (1)(b).
1275	(b) "Financial and economic literacy concepts" include concepts related to the
1276	following topics:
1277	(i) basic budgeting;
1278	(ii) saving and financial investments;
1279	(iii) banking and financial services, including balancing a checkbook or a bank account
1280	and online banking services;
1281	(iv) career management, including earning an income;
1282	(v) rights and responsibilities of renting or buying a home;
1283	(vi) retirement planning;
1284	(vii) loans and borrowing money, including interest, credit card debt, predatory
1285	lending, and payday loans;
1286	(viii) insurance;
1287	(ix) federal, state, and local taxes;
1288	(x) charitable giving;
1289	(xi) online commerce;
1290	(xii) identity fraud and theft;
1291	(xiii) negative financial consequences of gambling;
1292	(xiv) bankruptcy;
1293	(xv) free markets and prices;
1294	(xvi) supply and demand;
1295	(xvii) monetary and fiscal policy;
1296	(xviii) effective business plan creation, including using economic analysis in creating a
1297	plan;
1298	(xix) scarcity and choices;

1299	(xx) opportunity cost and tradeoffs;
1300	(xxi) productivity;
1301	(xxii) entrepreneurism; and
1302	(xxiii) economic reasoning.
1303	(c) "Financial and economic literacy passport" means a document that tracks mastery
1304	of financial and economic literacy concepts and completion of financial and economic
1305	activities in kindergarten through grade 12.
1306	(d) "General financial literacy course" means the course of instruction described in
1307	Section [53A-13-108] <u>53E-4-204</u> .
1308	(2) The State Board of Education shall:
1309	(a) in cooperation with interested private and nonprofit entities:
1310	(i) develop a financial and economic literacy passport that students may elect to
1311	complete;
1312	(ii) develop methods of encouraging parent and educator involvement in completion of
1313	the financial and economic literacy passport; and
1314	(iii) develop and implement appropriate recognition and incentives for students who
1315	complete the financial and economic literacy passport, including:
1316	(A) a financial and economic literacy endorsement on the student's diploma of
1317	graduation;
1318	(B) a specific designation on the student's official transcript; and
1319	(C) any incentives offered by community partners;
1320	(b) more fully integrate existing and new financial and economic literacy education
1321	into instruction in kindergarten through grade 12 by:
1322	(i) coordinating financial and economic literacy instruction with existing instruction in
1323	other areas of the core standards for Utah public schools, such as mathematics and social
1324	studies;
1325	(ii) using curriculum mapping;
1326	(iii) creating training materials and staff development programs that:
1327	(A) highlight areas of potential coordination between financial and economic literacy
1328	education and other core standards for Utah public schools concepts; and
1329	(B) demonstrate specific examples of financial and economic literacy concepts as a

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1330 way of teaching other core standards for Utah public schools concepts; and 1331 (iv) using appropriate financial and economic literacy assessments to improve financial 1332 and economic literacy education and, if necessary, developing assessments: 1333 (c) work with interested public, private, and nonprofit entities to: 1334 (i) identify, and make available to teachers, online resources for financial and 1335 economic literacy education, including modules with interactive activities and turnkey 1336 instructor resources; 1337 (ii) coordinate school use of existing financial and economic literacy education 1338 resources; (iii) develop simple, clear, and consistent messaging to reinforce and link existing 1339 1340 financial literacy resources; 1341 (iv) coordinate the efforts of school, work, private, nonprofit, and other financial 1342 education providers in implementing methods of appropriately communicating to teachers, students, and parents key financial and economic literacy messages; and 1343 1344 (v) encourage parents and students to establish higher education savings, including a 1345 Utah Educational Savings Plan account; 1346 (d) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, 1347 make rules to develop guidelines and methods for school districts and charter schools to more 1348 fully integrate financial and economic literacy education into other core standards for Utah 1349 public schools courses; 1350 (e) (i) contract with a provider, through a request for proposals process, to develop an 1351 online, end-of-course assessment for the general financial literacy course; 1352 (ii) require a school district or charter school to administer an online, end-of-course 1353 assessment to a student who takes the general financial literacy course; and 1354 (iii) develop a plan, through the state superintendent of public instruction, to analyze 1355 the results of an online, end-of-course assessment in general financial literacy that includes: 1356 (A) an analysis of assessment results by standard; and 1357 (B) average scores statewide and by school district and school; 1358 (f) in cooperation with school districts, charter schools, and interested private and

nonprofit entities, provide opportunities for professional development in financial and

economic literacy to teachers, including:

1361	(i) a statewide learning community for financial and economic literacy;
1362	(ii) summer workshops; and
1363	(iii) online videos of experts in the field of financial and economic literacy education;
1364	and
1365	(g) implement a teacher endorsement in general financial literacy that includes course
1366	work in financial planning, credit and investing, consumer economics, personal budgeting, and
1367	family economics.
1368	[(3) A public school shall provide the following to the parents or guardian of a
1369	kindergarten student during kindergarten enrollment:]
1370	[(a) a financial and economic literacy passport; and]
1371	[(b) information about higher education savings options, including information about
1372	opening a Utah Educational Savings Plan account.]
1373	[(4)] (3) (a) The State Board of Education shall establish a task force to study and make
1374	recommendations to the board on how to improve financial and economic literacy education in
1375	the public school system.
1376	(b) The task force membership shall include representatives of:
1377	(i) the State Board of Education;
1378	(ii) school districts and charter schools;
1379	(iii) the State Board of Regents; and
1380	(iv) private or public entities that teach financial education and share a commitment to
1381	empower individuals and families to achieve economic stability, opportunity, and upward
1382	mobility.
1383	(c) In 2013, the task force shall:
1384	(i) review and recommend modifications to the course standards and objectives of the
1385	general financial literacy course described in Section [53A-13-108] 53E-4-204 to ensure the
1386	course standards and objectives reflect current and relevant content consistent with the
1387	financial and economic literacy concepts listed in Subsection (1)(b);
1388	(ii) study the development of an online assessment of students' competency in financial
1389	and economic literacy that may be used to:
1390	(A) measure student learning growth and proficiency in financial and economic
1391	literacy; and

1392	(B) assess the effectiveness of instruction in financial and economic literacy;
1393	(iii) consider the development of a rigorous, online only, course to fulfill the general
1394	financial literacy curriculum and graduation requirements specified in Section [53A-13-108]
1395	<u>53E-4-204</u> ;
1396	(iv) identify opportunities for teaching financial and economic literacy through an
1397	integrated school curriculum and in the regular course of school work;
1398	(v) study and make recommendations for educator license endorsements for teachers of
1399	financial and economic literacy;
1400	(vi) identify efficient and cost-effective methods of delivering professional
1401	development in financial and economic literacy content and instructional methods; and
1402	(vii) study how financial and economic literacy education may be enhanced through
1403	community partnerships.
1404	(d) The task force shall reconvene every three years to review and recommend
1405	adjustments to the standards and objectives of the general financial literacy course.
1406	(e) The State Board of Education shall make a report to the Education Interim
1407	Committee no later than the committee's November 2013 meeting summarizing the findings
1408	and recommendations of the task force and actions taken by the board in response to the task
1409	force's findings and recommendations.
1410	Section 29. Section 53E-3-506, which is renumbered from Section 53A-13-111 is
1411	renumbered and amended to read:
1412	[53A-13-111]. 53E-3-506. Educational program on the use of information
1413	technology.
1414	(1) The State Board of Education shall provide for an educational program on the use
1415	of information technology, which shall be offered by high schools.
1416	(2) An educational program on the use of information technology shall:
1417	(a) provide instruction on skills and competencies essential for the workplace and
1418	requested by employers;
1419	(b) include the following components:
1420	(i) a curriculum;
1421	(ii) online access to the curriculum;
1422	(iii) instructional software for classroom and student use;

1423	(iv) certification of skills and competencies most frequently requested by employers;
1424	(v) professional development for teachers; and
1425	(vi) deployment and program support, including integration with existing core
1426	standards for Utah public schools; and
1427	(c) be made available to high school students, faculty, and staff.
1428	Section 30. Section 53E-3-507, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-202 is
1429	renumbered and amended to read:
1430	[53A-15-202]. $53E-3-507$. Powers of the board.
1431	The State Board of Education:
1432	(1) shall establish minimum standards for career and technical education programs in
1433	the public education system;
1434	(2) may apply for, receive, administer, and distribute funds made available through
1435	programs of federal and state governments to promote and aid career and technical education;
1436	(3) shall cooperate with federal and state governments to administer programs that
1437	promote and maintain career and technical education;
1438	(4) shall cooperate with the Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees, Salt
1439	Lake Community College's School of Applied Technology, Snow College, and Utah State
1440	University Eastern to ensure that students in the public education system have access to career
1441	and technical education at Utah System of Technical Colleges technical colleges, Salt Lake
1442	Community College's School of Applied Technology, Snow College, and Utah State University
1443	Eastern;
1444	(5) shall require that before a minor student may participate in clinical experiences as
1445	part of a health care occupation program at a high school or other institution to which the
1446	student has been referred, the student's parent or legal guardian has:
1447	(a) been first given written notice through appropriate disclosure when registering and
1448	prior to participation that the program contains a clinical experience segment in which the
1449	student will observe and perform specific health care procedures that may include personal
1450	care, patient bathing, and bathroom assistance; and
1451	(b) provided specific written consent for the student's participation in the program and
1452	clinical experience; and
1453	(6) shall, after consulting with school districts, charter schools, the Utah System of

1454	Technical Colleges Board of Trustees, Salt Lake Community College's School of Applied
1455	Technology, Snow College, and Utah State University Eastern, prepare and submit an annual
1456	report to the governor and to the Legislature's Education Interim Committee by October 31 of
1457	each year detailing:
1458	(a) how the career and technical education needs of secondary students are being met;
1459	and
1460	(b) the access secondary students have to programs offered:
1461	(i) at technical colleges; and
1462	(ii) within the regions served by Salt Lake Community College's School of Applied
1463	Technology, Snow College, and Utah State University Eastern.
1464	Section 31. Section 53E-3-508, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-107 is
1465	renumbered and amended to read:
1466	[53A-15-107]. 53E-3-508. Rulemaking Standards for high quality
1467	programs operating outside of the regular school day.
1468	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and
1469	in consultation with the Department of Workforce Services, the State Board of Education shall
1470	make rules that describe the standards for a high quality program operating outside of the
1471	regular school day:
1472	(a) for elementary or secondary students; and
1473	(b) offered by a:
1474	(i) school district;
1475	(ii) charter school;
1476	(iii) private provider, including a non-profit provider; or
1477	(iv) municipality.
1478	(2) The standards described in Subsection (1) shall specify that a high quality program
1479	operating outside of the regular school day:
1480	(a) provides a safe, healthy, and nurturing environment for all participants;
1481	(b) develops and maintains positive relationships among staff, participants, families,
1482	schools, and communities;
1483	(c) encourages participants to learn new skills; and
1484	(d) is effectively administered.

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1485	Section 32. Section 53E-3-509 , which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-603 is
1486	renumbered and amended to read:
1487	[53A-15-603]. <u>53E-3-509.</u> Gang prevention and intervention policies.
1488	(1) (a) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules that require a local school board
1489	or governing board of a charter school to enact gang prevention and intervention policies for all
1490	schools within the board's jurisdiction.
1491	(b) The rules described in Subsection (1)(a) shall provide that the gang prevention and
1492	intervention policies of a local school board or charter school governing board may include
1493	provisions that reflect the individual school district's or charter school's unique needs or
1494	circumstances.
1495	(2) The rules described in Subsection (1) may include the following provisions:
1496	(a) school faculty and personnel shall report suspected gang activities relating to the
1497	school and its students to a school administrator and law enforcement;
1498	(b) a student who participates in gang activities may be excluded from participation in
1499	extracurricular activities, including interscholastic athletics, as determined by the school
1500	administration after consultation with law enforcement;
1501	(c) gang-related graffiti or damage to school property shall result in parent or guardian
1502	notification and appropriate administrative and law enforcement actions, which may include
1503	obtaining restitution from those responsible for the damage;
1504	(d) if a serious gang-related incident, as determined by the school administrator in
1505	consultation with local law enforcement, occurs on school property, at school related activities,
1506	or on a site that is normally considered to be under school control, notification shall be
1507	provided to parents and guardians of students in the school:
1508	(i) informing them, in general terms, about the incident, but removing all personally
1509	identifiable information about students from the notice;
1510	(ii) emphasizing the school's concern for safety; and
1511	(iii) outlining the action taken at the school regarding the incident;
1512	(e) school faculty and personnel shall be trained by experienced evidence based trainers

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that may include community gang specialists and law enforcement as part of comprehensive

involvement in undesirable activity, including joining gangs or mimicking gang behavior;

strategies to recognize early warning signs for youth in trouble and help students resist serious

(f) prohibitions on the following behavior:

1517	(i) advocating or promoting a gang or any gang-related activities;
1518	(ii) marking school property, books, or school work with gang names, slogans, or
1519	signs;
1520	(iii) conducting gang initiations;
1521	(iv) threatening another person with bodily injury or inflicting bodily injury on another
1522	in connection with a gang or gang-related activity;
1523	(v) aiding or abetting an activity described under Subsections (2)(f)(i) through (iv) by a
1524	person's presence or support;
1525	(vi) displaying or wearing common gang apparel, common dress, or identifying signs
1526	or symbols on one's clothing, person, or personal property that is disruptive to the school
1527	environment; and
1528	(vii) communicating in any method, including verbal, non-verbal, and electronic
1529	means, designed to convey gang membership or affiliation.
1530	(3) The rules described in Subsection (1) may require a local school board or governing
1531	board of a charter school to publicize the policies enacted by the local school board or
1532	governing board of a charter school in accordance with the rules described in Subsection (1) to
1533	all students, parents, guardians, and faculty through school websites, handbooks, letters to
1534	parents and guardians, or other reasonable means of communication.
1535	(4) The State Board of Education may consult with appropriate committees, including
1536	committees that provide opportunities for the input of parents, law enforcement, and
1537	community agencies, as it develops, enacts, and administers the rules described in Subsection
1538	(1).
1539	Section 33. Section 53E-3-510, which is renumbered from Section 53A-19-201 is
1540	renumbered and amended to read:
1541	[53A-19-201]. <u>53E-3-510.</u> Control of school lunch revenues
1542	Apportionment Costs.
1543	(1) School lunch revenues shall be under the control of the State Board of Education
1544	and may only be disbursed, transferred, or drawn upon by its order. The revenue may only be
1545	used to provide school lunches and a school lunch program in the state's school districts in
1546	accordance with standards established by the board.

1547	(2) The board shall apportion the revenue according to the number of school children
1548	receiving school lunches in each school district. The State Board of Education and local school
1549	boards shall employ staff to administer and supervise the school lunch program and purchase
1550	supplies and equipment.
1551	(3) The costs of the school lunch program shall be included in the state board's annual
1552	budget.
1553	Section 34. Section 53E-3-511, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-413 is
1554	renumbered and amended to read:
1555	[53A-1-413]. <u>53E-3-511.</u> Student Achievement Backpack Utah Student
1556	Record Store.
1557	(1) As used in this section:
1558	(a) "Authorized LEA user" means a teacher or other person who is:
1559	(i) employed by an LEA that provides instruction to a student; and
1560	(ii) authorized to access data in a Student Achievement Backpack through the Utah
1561	Student Record Store.
1562	(b) "LEA" means a school district, charter school, or the Utah Schools for the Deaf and
1563	the Blind.
1564	(c) "Statewide assessment" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1565	[53A-1-602] <u>53E-4-301</u> .
1566	(d) "Student Achievement Backpack" means, for a student from kindergarten through
1567	grade 12, a complete learner profile that:
1568	(i) is in electronic format;
1569	(ii) follows the student from grade to grade and school to school; and
1570	(iii) is accessible by the student's parent or guardian or an authorized LEA user.
1571	(e) "Utah Student Record Store" means a repository of student data collected from
1572	LEAs as part of the state's longitudinal data system that is:
1573	(i) managed by the State Board of Education;
1574	(ii) cloud-based; and
1575	(iii) accessible via a web browser to authorized LEA users.
1576	(2) (a) The State Board of Education shall use the State Board of Education's robust,
1577	comprehensive data collection system, which collects longitudinal student transcript data from

1578	LEAs and the unique student identifiers as described in Section [53A-1-603.5] 53E-4-308, to
1579	allow the following to access a student's Student Achievement Backpack:
1580	(i) the student's parent or guardian; and
1581	(ii) each LEA that provides instruction to the student.
1582	(b) The State Board of Education shall ensure that a Student Achievement Backpack:
1583	(i) provides a uniform, transparent reporting mechanism for individual student
1584	progress;
1585	(ii) provides a complete learner history for postsecondary planning;
1586	(iii) provides a teacher with visibility into a student's complete learner profile to better
1587	inform instruction and personalize education;
1588	(iv) assists a teacher or administrator in diagnosing a student's learning needs through
1589	the use of data already collected by the State Board of Education;
1590	(v) facilitates a student's parent or guardian taking an active role in the student's
1591	education by simplifying access to the student's complete learner profile; and
1592	(vi) serves as additional disaster mitigation for LEAs by using a cloud-based data
1593	storage and collection system.
1594	(3) Using existing information collected and stored in the State Board of Education's
1595	data warehouse, the State Board of Education shall create the Utah Student Record Store where
1596	an authorized LEA user may:
1597	(a) access data in a Student Achievement Backpack relevant to the user's LEA or
1598	school; or
1599	(b) request student records to be transferred from one LEA to another.
1600	(4) The State Board of Education shall implement security measures to ensure that:
1601	(a) student data stored or transmitted to or from the Utah Student Record Store is
1602	secure and confidential pursuant to the requirements of the Family Educational Rights and
1603	Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g; and
1604	(b) an authorized LEA user may only access student data that is relevant to the user's
1605	LEA or school.
1606	(5) A student's parent or guardian may request the student's Student Achievement
1607	Backpack from the LEA or the school in which the student is enrolled.
1608	(6) An authorized LEA user may access student data in a Student Achievement

1609	Backpack, which shall include the following data, or request that the data be transferred from
1610	one LEA to another:
1611	(a) student demographics;
1612	(b) course grades;
1613	(c) course history; and
1614	(d) results of a statewide assessment.
1615	(7) An authorized LEA user may access student data in a Student Achievement
1616	Backpack, which shall include the data listed in Subsections (6)(a) through (d) and the
1617	following data, or request that the data be transferred from one LEA to another:
1618	(a) section attendance;
1619	(b) the name of a student's teacher for classes or courses the student takes;
1620	(c) teacher qualifications for a student's teacher, including years of experience, degree,
1621	license, and endorsement;
1622	(d) results of statewide assessments;
1623	(e) a student's writing sample that is written for a writing assessment administered
1624	pursuant to Section [53A-1-604] <u>53E-4-303</u> ;
1625	(f) student growth scores on a statewide assessment, as applicable;
1626	(g) a school's grade assigned pursuant to [Part 11] Chapter 5, Part 2, School
1627	Accountability System;
1628	(h) results of benchmark assessments of reading administered pursuant to Section
1629	[53A-1-606.6] <u>53E-4-307</u> ; and
1630	(i) a student's reading level at the end of grade 3.
1631	(8) No later than June 30, 2017, the State Board of Education shall ensure that data
1632	collected in the Utah Student Record Store for a Student Achievement Backpack is integrated
1633	into each LEA's student information system and is made available to a student's parent or
1634	guardian and an authorized LEA user in an easily accessible viewing format.
1635	Section 35. Section 53E-3-512, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-402.5 is
1636	renumbered and amended to read:
1637	[53A-1-402.5]. 53E-3-512. State board rules establishing basic ethical
1638	conduct standards Local school board policies.
1639	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

1640	State Board of Education shall make rules that establish basic ethical conduct standards for
1641	public education employees who provide education-related services outside of their regular
1642	employment to their current or prospective public school students.
1643	(2) The rules shall provide that a local school board may adopt policies implementing
1644	the standards and addressing circumstances present in the district.
1645	Section 36. Section 53E-3-513, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1a-105.5 is
1646	renumbered and amended to read:
1647	[53A-1a-105.5]. 53E-3-513. Parental permission required for specified
1648	in-home programs Exceptions.
1649	(1) The State Board of Education, local school boards, school districts, and public
1650	schools are prohibited from requiring infant or preschool in-home literacy or other educational
1651	or parenting programs without obtaining parental permission in each individual case.
1652	(2) This section does not prohibit the Division of Child and Family Services, within the
1653	Department of Human Services, from providing or arranging for family preservation or other
1654	statutorily provided services in accordance with Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Child and Family
1655	Services, or any other in-home services that have been court ordered, pursuant to Title 62A,
1656	Chapter 4a, Child and Family Services, or Title 78A, Chapter 6, Juvenile Court Act [of 1996].
1657	Section 37. Section 53E-3-514, which is renumbered from Section 53A-16-101.6 is
1658	renumbered and amended to read:
1659	[53A-16-101.6]. 53E-3-514. Creation of School Children's Trust Section
1660	Duties.
1661	(1) As used in this section:
1662	(a) "School and institutional trust lands" is as defined in Section 53C-1-103.
1663	(b) "Section" means the School Children's Trust Section created in this section.
1664	(c) "Trust" means:
1665	(i) the School LAND Trust Program created in Section [53A-16-101.5] 53F-2-404; and
1666	(ii) the lands and funds associated with the trusts described in Subsection
1667	53C-1-103(7).
1668	(2) There is established a School Children's Trust Section under the State Board of
1669	Education.
1670	(3) (a) The section shall have a director.

1671	(b) The director shall have professional qualifications and expertise in the areas
1672	generating revenue to the trust, including:
1673	(i) economics;
1674	(ii) energy development;
1675	(iii) finance;
1676	(iv) investments;
1677	(v) public education;
1678	(vi) real estate;
1679	(vii) renewable resources;
1680	(viii) risk management; and
1681	(ix) trust law.
1682	(c) The director shall be appointed as provided in this Subsection (3).
1683	(d) The School and Institutional Trust Lands Board of Trustees nominating committee
1684	shall submit to the State Board of Education the name of one person to serve as director.
1685	(e) The State Board of Education may:
1686	(i) appoint the person described in Subsection (3)(d) to serve as director; or
1687	(ii) deny the appointment of the person described in Subsection (3)(d) to serve as
1688	director.
1689	(f) If the State Board of Education denies an appointment under this Subsection (3):
1690	(i) the State Board of Education shall provide in writing one or more reasons for the
1691	denial to the School and Institutional Trust Lands Board of Trustees nominating committee;
1692	and
1693	(ii) the School and Institutional Trust Lands Board of Trustees nominating committee
1694	and the State Board of Education shall follow the procedures and requirements of this
1695	Subsection (3) until the State Board of Education appoints a director.
1696	(g) The State Board of Education may remove the director only by majority vote of a
1697	quorum in an open and public meeting after proper notice and the inclusion of the removal item
1698	on the agenda.
1699	(4) The State Board of Education shall make rules regarding:
1700	(a) regular reporting from the School Children's Trust Section director to the State
1701	Board of Education, to allow the State Board of Education to fulfill its duties in representing

1702	the trust beneficiaries; and
1703	(b) the day-to-day reporting of the School Children's Trust Section director.
1704	(5) (a) The director shall annually submit a proposed section budget to the State Board
1705	of Education.
1706	(b) After approving a section budget, the State Board of Education shall propose the
1707	approved budget to the Legislature.
1708	(6) The director is entitled to attend any presentation, discussion, meeting, or other
1709	gathering concerning the trust, subject to:
1710	(a) provisions of law prohibiting the director's attendance to preserve confidentiality; or
1711	(b) other provisions of law that the director's attendance would violate.
1712	(7) The section shall have a staff.
1713	(8) The section shall protect current and future beneficiary rights and interests in the
1714	trust consistent with the state's perpetual obligations under:
1715	(a) the Utah Enabling Act;
1716	(b) the Utah Constitution;
1717	(c) state statute; and
1718	(d) standard trust principles described in Section 53C-1-102.
1719	(9) The section shall promote:
1720	(a) productive use of school and institutional trust lands; and
1721	(b) the efficient and prudent investment of funds managed by the School and
1722	Institutional Trust Fund Office, created in Section 53D-1-201.
1723	(10) The section shall provide representation, advocacy, and input:
1724	(a) on behalf of current and future beneficiaries of the trust, school community
1725	councils, schools, and school districts;
1726	(b) on federal, state, and local land decisions and policies that affect the trust; and
1727	(c) to:
1728	(i) the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration;
1729	(ii) the School and Institutional Trust Lands Board of Trustees;
1730	(iii) the Legislature;
1731	(iv) the School and Institutional Trust Fund Office, created in Section 53D-1-201;
1732	(v) the School and Institutional Trust Fund Board of Trustees, created in Section

1733	53D-1-301;
1734	(vi) the attorney general;
1735	(vii) the public; and
1736	(viii) other entities as determined by the section.
1737	(11) The section shall provide independent oversight on the prudent and profitable
1738	management of the trust and report annually to the State Board of Education and the
1739	Legislature.
1740	(12) The section shall provide information requested by a person or entity described in
1741	Subsections (10)(c)(i) through (vii).
1742	(13) (a) The section shall provide training to the entities described in Subsection
1743	(13)(b) on:
1744	(i) the School LAND Trust Program established in Section [53A-16-101.5] 53F-2-404;
1745	and
1746	(ii) (A) a school community council established pursuant to Section [53A-1a-108]
1747	<u>53G-7-1202</u> ; or
1748	(B) a charter trust land council established under Section [53A-16-101.5] 53F-2-404.
1749	(b) The section shall provide the training to:
1750	(i) a local school board or a charter school governing board;
1751	(ii) a school district or a charter school; and
1752	(iii) a school community council.
1753	(14) The section shall annually:
1754	(a) review each school's compliance with applicable law, including rules adopted by
1755	the State Board of Education; and
1756	(b) report findings to the State Board of Education.
1757	Section 38. Section 53E-3-515, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-206 is
1758	renumbered and amended to read:
1759	[53A-15-206]. <u>53E-3-515.</u> Hospitality and Tourism Management Career
1760	and Technical Education Pilot Program.
1761	(1) As used in this section:
1762	(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
1763	(b) "Local education agency" means a school district or charter school.

- H.B. 10 1764 (c) "Pilot program" means the Hospitality and Tourism Management Career and 1765 Technical Education Pilot Program created under Subsection (2). (2) There is created a Hospitality and Tourism Management Career and Technical 1766 Education Pilot Program to provide instruction that a local education agency may offer to a 1767 1768 student in any of grades 9 through 12 on: 1769 (a) the information and skills required for operational level employee positions in 1770 hospitality and tourism management, including: 1771 (i) hospitality soft skills: 1772 (ii) operational areas of the hospitality industry; 1773 (iii) sales and marketing; and 1774 (iv) safety and security; and 1775 (b) the leadership and managerial responsibilities, knowledge, and skills required by an 1776 entry-level leader in hospitality and tourism management, including: 1777 (i) hospitality leadership skills; 1778 (ii) operational leadership; 1779 (iii) managing food and beverage operations; and (iv) managing business operations. 1780 1781 (3) The instruction described in Subsection (2) may be delivered in a public school
 - using live instruction, video, or online materials.
 - (4) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, the board shall select one or more providers to supply materials and curriculum for the pilot program.
 - (b) The board may seek recommendations from trade associations and other entities that have expertise in hospitality and tourism management regarding potential providers of materials and curriculum for the pilot program.
 - (5) (a) A local education agency may apply to the board to participate in the pilot program.
 - (b) The board shall select participants in the pilot program.

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- (c) A local education agency that participates in the pilot program shall use the 1791 1792 materials and curriculum supplied by a provider selected under Subsection (4).
- 1793 (6) The board shall evaluate the pilot program and provide an annual written report to 1794 the Education Interim Committee and the Economic Development and Workforce Services

1795	Interim Committee on or before October 1 describing:
1796	(a) how many local education agencies and how many students are participating in the
1797	pilot program; and
1798	(b) any recommended changes to the pilot program.
1799	Section 39. Section 53E-3-601 is enacted to read:
1800	Part 6. Audits
1801	53E-3-601. Definitions.
1802	Reserved
1803	Section 40. Section 53E-3-602, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-404 is
1804	renumbered and amended to read:
1805	[53A-1-404]. <u>53E-3-602.</u> Auditors appointed Auditing standards.
1806	(1) Procedures utilized by auditors employed by local school boards shall meet or
1807	exceed generally accepted auditing standards approved by the State Board of Education and the
1808	state auditor.
1809	(2) The standards must include financial accounting for both revenue and expenditures,
1810	and student accounting.
1811	Section 41. Section 53E-3-603, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-405 is
1812	renumbered and amended to read:
1813	[53A-1-405]. <u>53E-3-603.</u> State board to verify audits.
1814	The State Board of Education is responsible for verifying audits of financial and student
1815	accounting records of school districts for purposes of determining the allocation of Uniform
1816	School Fund money.
1817	Section 42. Section 53E-3-701 is enacted to read:
1818	Part 7. School Construction
1819	53E-3-701. Definitions.
1820	Reserved
1821	Section 43. Section 53E-3-702, which is renumbered from Section 53A-20-110 is
1822	renumbered and amended to read:
1823	[53A-20-110]. 53E-3-702. Board to adopt public school construction
1824	guidelines.
1825	(1) As used in this section:

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1826	(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
1827	(b) "Public school construction" means construction work on a new public school.
1828	(2) (a) The board shall:
1829	(i) adopt guidelines for public school construction; and
1830	(ii) consult with the Division of Facilities Construction and Management
1831	Administration on proposed guidelines before adoption.
1832	(b) The board shall ensure that guidelines adopted under Subsection (2)(a)(i) maximize
1833	funds used for public school construction and reflect efficient and economic use of those funds
1834	including adopting guidelines that address a school's essential needs rather than encouraging or
1835	endorsing excessive costs per square foot of construction or nonessential facilities, design, or
1836	furnishings.
1837	(3) Before a school district or charter school may begin public school construction, the
1838	school district or charter school shall:
1839	(a) review the guidelines adopted by the board under this section; and
1840	(b) take into consideration the guidelines when planning the public school
1841	construction.
1842	(4) In adopting the guidelines for public school construction, the board shall consider
1843	the following and adopt alternative guidelines as needed:
1844	(a) location factors, including whether the school is in a rural or urban setting, and
1845	climate factors;
1846	(b) variations in guidelines for significant or minimal projected student population
1847	growth;
1848	(c) guidelines specific to schools that serve various populations and grades, including
1849	high schools, junior high schools, middle schools, elementary schools, alternative schools, and
1850	schools for people with disabilities; and
1851	(d) year-round use.
1852	(5) The guidelines shall address the following:
1853	(a) square footage per student;
1854	(b) minimum and maximum required real property for a public school;
1855	(c) athletic facilities and fields, playgrounds, and hard surface play areas;
1856	(d) cost per square foot;

1857	(e) minimum and maximum qualities and costs for building materials;
1858	(f) design efficiency;
1859	(g) parking;
1860	(h) furnishing;
1861	(i) proof of compliance with applicable building codes; and
1862	(j) safety.
1863	Section 44. Section 53E-3-703, which is renumbered from Section 53A-20-101 is
1864	renumbered and amended to read:
1865	[53A-20-101]. <u>53E-3-703.</u> Construction and alteration of schools and plants
1866	Advertising for bids Payment and performance bonds Contracts Bidding
1867	limitations on local school boards Interest of local school board members.
1868	(1) As used in this section, the word "sealed" does not preclude acceptance of
1869	electronically sealed and submitted bids or proposals in addition to bids or proposals manually
1870	sealed and submitted.
1871	(2) (a) Prior to the construction of any school or the alteration of any existing school
1872	plant, if the total estimated accumulative building project cost exceeds \$80,000, a local school
1873	board shall advertise for bids on the project at least 10 days before the bid due date.
1874	(b) The advertisement shall state:
1875	(i) that proposals for the building project are required to be sealed in accordance with
1876	plans and specifications provided by the local school board;
1877	(ii) where and when the proposals will be opened;
1878	(iii) that the local school board reserves the right to reject any and all proposals; and
1879	(iv) that a person that submits a proposal is required to submit a certified check or bid
1880	bond, of not less than 5% of the bid in the proposal, to accompany the proposal.
1881	(c) The local school board shall publish the advertisement, at a minimum:
1882	(i) on the local school board's website; or
1883	(ii) on a state website that is:
1884	(A) owned or managed by, or provided under contract with, the Division of Purchasing
1885	and General Services; and
1886	(B) available for the posting of public procurement notices.
1887	(3) (a) The board shall meet at the time and place specified in the advertisement and

publicly open and read all received proposals.

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- 1889 (b) If satisfactory bids are received, the board shall award the contract to the lowest responsible bidder.
 - (c) If none of the proposals are satisfactory, all shall be rejected.
 - (d) The board shall again advertise in the manner provided in this section.
 - (e) If, after advertising a second time no satisfactory bid is received, the board may proceed under its own direction with the required project.
 - (4) (a) The check or bond required under Subsection (2)(b) shall be drawn in favor of the local school board.
 - (b) If the successful bidder fails or refuses to enter into the contract and furnish the additional bonds required under this section, then the bidder's check or bond is forfeited to the district.
 - (5) A local school board shall require payment and performance bonds of the successful bidder as required in Section 63G-6a-1103.
 - (6) (a) A local school board may require in the proposed contract that up to 5% of the contract price be withheld until the project is completed and accepted by the board.
 - (b) If money is withheld, the board shall place it in an interest bearing account, and the interest accrues for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors.
 - (c) This money shall be paid upon completion of the project and acceptance by the board.
 - (7) (a) A local school board may not bid on projects within the district if the total accumulative estimated cost exceeds \$80,000.
 - (b) The board may use its resources if no satisfactory bids are received under this section.
 - (8) If the local school board determines in accordance with Section 63G-6a-1302 to use a construction manager/general contractor as its method of construction contracting management on projects where the total estimated accumulative cost exceeds \$80,000, it shall select the construction manager/general contractor in accordance with the requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
- 1917 (9) A local school board member may not have a direct or indirect financial interest in the construction project contract.

1919	Section 45. Section 53E-3-704, which is renumbered from Section 53A-20-101.5 is
1920	renumbered and amended to read:
1921	[53A-20-101.5]. 53E-3-704. Restrictions on local school district procurement
1922	of architect-engineer services.
1923	(1) As used in this section, "architect-engineer services" means those professional
1924	services within the scope of the practice of architecture as defined in Section 58-3a-102, or
1925	professional engineering as defined in Section 58-22-102.
1926	(2) When a local school district elects to obtain architect or engineering services by
1927	using a competitive procurement process and has provided public notice of its competitive
1928	procurement process:
1929	(a) a higher education entity, or any part of one, may not submit a proposal in response
1930	to the state agency's competitive procurement process; and
1931	(b) the local school district may not award a contract to perform the architect or
1932	engineering services solicited in the competitive procurement process to a higher education
1933	entity or any part of one.
1934	Section 46. Section 53E-3-705, which is renumbered from Section 53A-20-103 is
1935	renumbered and amended to read:
1936	[53A-20-103]. School plant capital outlay report.
1937	(1) The State Board of Education shall prepare an annual school plant capital outlay
1938	report of all school districts, which includes information on the number and size of building
1939	projects completed and under construction.
1940	(2) A school district or charter school shall prepare and submit an annual school plant
1941	capital outlay report in accordance with Section 63A-3-402.
1942	Section 47. Section 53E-3-706, which is renumbered from Section 53A-20-104 is
1943	renumbered and amended to read:
1944	[53A-20-104]. 53E-3-706. Enforcement of part by state superintendent
1945	Employment of personnel School districts and charter schools Certificate of
1946	inspection verification.
1947	(1) The state superintendent of public instruction shall enforce this [chapter] part.
1948	(2) The superintendent may employ architects or other qualified personnel, or contract
1949	with the State Building Board, the state fire marshal, or a local governmental entity to:

(a) examine the plans and specifications of any school building or alteration submitted under this [chapter] part;

- (b) verify the inspection of any school building during or following construction; and
- (c) perform other functions necessary to ensure compliance with this [chapter] part.
- (3) (a) (i) If a local school board uses the school district's building inspector under Subsection 10-9a-305(6)(a)(ii) or 17-27a-305(6)(a)(ii) and issues its own certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building, the local school board shall file a certificate of inspection verification with the local governmental entity's building official and the State Board of Education, advising those entities that the school district has complied with the inspection provisions of this [chapter] part.
- (ii) If a charter school uses a school district building inspector under Subsection 10-9a-305(6)(a)(ii) or 17-27a-305(6)(a)(ii) and the school district issues to the charter school a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building, the charter school shall file with the State Board of Education a certificate of inspection verification.
- (iii) If a local school board or charter school uses a local governmental entity's building inspector under Subsection 10-9a-305(6)(a)(i) or 17-27a-305(6)(a)(i) and the local governmental entity issues the local school board or charter school a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building, the local school board or charter school shall file with the State Board of Education a certificate of inspection verification.
- (iv) (A) If a local school board or charter school uses an independent, certified building inspector under Subsection 10-9a-305(6)(a)(iii) or 17-27a-305(6)(a)(iii), the local school board or charter school shall, upon completion of all required inspections of the school building, file with the State Board of Education a certificate of inspection verification and a request for the issuance of a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building.
- (B) Upon the local school board's or charter school's filing of the certificate and request as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(iv)(A), the school district or charter school shall be entitled to temporary occupancy of the school building that is the subject of the request for a period of 90 days, beginning the date the request is filed, if the school district or charter school has complied with all applicable fire and life safety code requirements.
- (C) Within 30 days after the local school board or charter school files a request under Subsection (3)(a)(iv)(A) for a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school

building, the state superintendent of public instruction shall:

- (I) (Aa) issue to the local school board or charter school a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building; or
- (Bb) deliver to the local school board or charter school a written notice indicating deficiencies in the school district's or charter school's compliance with the inspection provisions of this [chapter] part; and
- (II) mail a copy of the certificate authorizing permanent occupancy or the notice of deficiency to the building official of the local governmental entity in which the school building is located.
- (D) Upon the local school board or charter school remedying the deficiencies indicated in the notice under Subsection (3)(a)(iv)(C)(I)(Bb) and notifying the state superintendent of public instruction that the deficiencies have been remedied, the state superintendent of public instruction shall issue a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building and mail a copy of the certificate to the building official of the local governmental entity in which the school building is located.
- (E) (I) The state superintendent of public instruction may charge the school district or charter school a fee for an inspection that the superintendent considers necessary to enable the superintendent to issue a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building.
- (II) A fee under Subsection (3)(a)(iv)(E)(I) may not exceed the actual cost of performing the inspection.
 - (b) For purposes of this Subsection (3):
- (i) "local governmental entity" means either a municipality, for a school building located within a municipality, or a county, for a school building located within an unincorporated area in the county; and
- (ii) "certificate of inspection verification" means a standard inspection form developed by the state superintendent in consultation with local school boards and charter schools to verify that inspections by qualified inspectors have occurred.
- Section 48. Section **53E-3-707**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-20-104.5 is renumbered and amended to read:
- 2010 [53A-20-104.5]. 53E-3-707. School building construction and inspection 2011 manual -- Annual construction and inspection conference -- Verification of school

2012	construction inspections.
2013	(1) (a) The State Board of Education, through the state superintendent of public
2014	instruction, shall develop and distribute to each school district a school building construction
2015	and inspection resource manual.
2016	(b) The manual shall be provided to a charter school upon request of the charter school.
2017	(2) (a) The manual shall include:
2018	(i) current legal requirements; and
2019	(ii) information on school building construction and inspections, including the
2020	guidelines adopted by the State Board of Education in accordance with Section [53A-20-110]
2021	<u>53E-3-702</u> .
2022	(b) The state superintendent shall review and update the manual at least once every
2023	three years.
2024	(3) The board shall provide for an annual school construction conference to allow a
2025	representative from each school district and charter school to:
2026	(a) receive current information on the design, construction, and inspection of school
2027	buildings;
2028	(b) receive training on such matters as:
2029	(i) using properly certified building inspectors;
2030	(ii) filing construction inspection summary reports and the final inspection certification
2031	with the local governmental authority's building official;
2032	(iii) the roles and relationships between a school district or charter school and the local
2033	governmental authority, either a county or municipality, as related to the construction and
2034	inspection of school buildings; and
2035	(iv) adequate documentation of school building inspections; and
2036	(c) provide input on any changes that may be needed to improve the existing school
2037	building inspection program.
2038	(4) The board shall develop a process to verify that inspections by qualified inspectors
2039	occur in each school district or charter school.
2040	Section 49. Section 53E-3-708, which is renumbered from Section 53A-20-105 is
2041	renumbered and amended to read:

53E-3-708. Licensed architect to prepare plans.

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[53A-20-105].

A	A licensed architect shall prepare the plans and specifications for the construction	01
alteration	n of school buildings.	

Section 50. Section **53E-3-709**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-20-106 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-20-106]. 53E-3-709. Power of board regarding expected federal aid to build schools.

For the purpose of participating in any program of assistance by the government of the United States designed to aid the various states, their political subdivisions and their educational agencies and institutions in providing adequate educational buildings and facilities, the State Board of Education, with the approval of the governor, may do the following:

- (1) It may develop and implement plans relating to the building of educational buildings for the use and benefit of school districts and educational institutions and agencies of the state. These plans may conform to the requirements of federal legislation to such extent as the board finds necessary to qualify the state and its educational subdivisions, agencies, and institutions for federal educational building grants-in-aid.
- (2) It may enter into agreements on behalf of the state, its school districts, and its educational agencies and institutions with the federal government and its agencies, and with the school districts, educational agencies, and institutions of the state, as necessary to comply with federal legislation and to secure for them rights of participation as necessary to fulfill the educational building needs of the state.
- (3) It may accept, allocate, disburse, and otherwise deal with federal funds or other assets that are available for buildings from any federal legislation or program of assistance among the school districts, public educational agencies, and other public institutions eligible to participate in those programs.
- Section 51. Section **53E-3-710**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-20-108 is renumbered and amended to read:
- [53A-20-108]. 53E-3-710. Notification to affected entities of intent to acquire school site or construction of school building -- Local government -- Negotiation of fees -- Confidentiality.
- (1) (a) A school district or charter school shall notify the following without delay prior to the acquisition of a school site or construction of a school building of the school district's or

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2074	charter school's intent to acquire or construct:
2075	(i) an affected local governmental entity;
2076	(ii) the Department of Transportation; and
2077	(iii) as defined in Section 54-2-1, an electrical corporation, gas corporation, or
2078	telephone corporation that provides service or maintains infrastructure within the immediate
2079	area of the proposed site.
2080	(b) (i) Representatives of the local governmental entity, Department of Transportation,
2081	and the school district or charter school shall meet as soon as possible after the notification
2082	under Subsection (1)(a) takes place in order to:
2083	(A) subject to Subsection (1)(b)(ii), review information provided by the school district
2084	or charter school about the proposed acquisition;
2085	(B) discuss concerns that each may have, including potential community impacts and
2086	site safety;
2087	(C) assess the availability of infrastructure for the site; and
2088	(D) discuss any fees that might be charged by the local governmental entity in
2089	connection with a building project.
2090	(ii) The school district or charter school shall provide for review under Subsection
2091	(1)(b)(i) the following information, if available, regarding the proposed acquisition:
2092	(A) potential community impacts;
2093	(B) approximate lot size;
2094	(C) approximate building size and use;
2095	(D) estimated student enrollment;
2096	(E) proposals for ingress and egress, parking, and fire lane location; and
2097	(F) building footprint and location.
2098	(2) (a) After the purchase or an acquisition, but before construction begins:
2099	(i) representatives of the local governmental entity and the school district or charter
2100	school shall meet as soon as possible to review a rough proposed site plan provided by the
2101	school district or charter school, review the information listed in Subsection (1)(b)(ii), and
2102	negotiate any fees that might be charged by the local governmental entity in connection with a
2103	building project;

(ii) (A) the school district or charter school shall submit the rough proposed site plan to

the local governmental entity's design review committee for comments; and

- (B) subject to the priority requirement of Subsection 10-9a-305(7)(b), the local governmental entity's design review committee shall provide comments on the rough proposed site plan to the school district or charter school no later than 30 days after the day that the plan is submitted to the design review committee in accordance with this Subsection (2)(a)(ii); and
- (iii) the local governmental entity may require that the school district or charter school provide a traffic study by an independent third party qualified to perform the study if the local governmental entity determines that traffic flow, congestion, or other traffic concerns may require the study if otherwise permitted under Subsection 10-9a-305(3)(b).
- (b) A review conducted by or comment provided by a local governmental entity design review committee under Subsection (2)(a) may not be interpreted as an action that completes a land use application for the purpose of entitling the school district or charter school to a substantive land use review of a land use application under Section 10-9a-509 or 17-27a-508.
- (3) A local governmental entity may not increase a previously agreed-upon fee after the district or charter school has signed contracts to begin construction.
- (4) Prior to the filing of a formal application by the affected school district or charter school, a local governmental entity may not disclose information obtained from a school district or charter school regarding the district's or charter school's consideration of, or intent to, acquire a school site or construct a school building, without first obtaining the consent of the district or charter school.
- (5) Prior to beginning construction on a school site, a school district or charter school shall submit to the Department of Transportation a child access routing plan as described in Section [53A-3-402] 53G-4-402.
- Section 52. Section **53E-3-711**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-20-109 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-20-109]. <u>53E-3-711.</u> Required contract terms.

A contract for the construction of a school building shall contain a clause that addresses the rights of the parties when, after the contract is executed, site conditions are discovered that:

- (1) the contractor did not know existed, and could not have reasonably known existed, at the time that the contract was executed; and
 - (2) materially impacts the costs of construction.

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2136	Section 53. Section 53E-3-801, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-902 is
2137	renumbered and amended to read:
2138	Part 8. Implementing Federal or National Education Programs
2139	[53A-1-902]. <u>53E-3-801.</u> Definitions.
2140	As used in this part:
2141	(1) (a) "Cost" means an estimation of state and local money required to implement a
2142	federal education agreement or national program.
2143	(b) "Cost" does not include capital costs associated with implementing a federal
2144	education agreement or national program.
2145	(2) "Education entities" means the entities that may bear the state and local costs of
2146	implementing a federal program or national program, including:
2147	(a) the State Board of Education;
2148	(b) the state superintendent of public instruction;
2149	(c) a local school board;
2150	(d) a school district and its schools;
2151	(e) a charter school governing board; and
2152	(f) a charter school.
2153	(3) "Federal education agreement" means a legally binding document or representation
2154	that requires a school official to implement a federal program or set of requirements that
2155	originates from the U.S. Department of Education and that has, as a primary focus, an impact
2156	on the educational services at a district or charter school.
2157	(4) "Federal programs" include:
2158	(a) the No Child Left Behind Act;
2159	(b) the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 1997, Public Law
2160	105-17, and subsequent amendments; and
2161	(c) other federal educational programs.
2162	(5) "National program" means a national or multi-state education program, agreement,
2163	or standards that:
2164	(a) originated from, or were received directly or indirectly from, a national or
2165	multi-state organization, coalition, or compact;
2166	(b) have, as a primary focus, an impact on the educational services at a public school;

2167	and
2168	(c) are adopted by the State Board of Education or state superintendent of public
2169	instruction with the intent to cause a local school official to implement the national or
2170	multi-state education program, agreement, or standards.
2171	(6) "No Child Left Behind Act" means the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001, 20
2172	U.S.C. Sec. 6301 et seq.
2173	(7) "School official" includes:
2174	(a) the State Board of Education;
2175	(b) the state superintendent;
2176	(c) employees of the State Board of Education and the state superintendent;
2177	(d) local school boards;
2178	(e) school district superintendents and employees; and
2179	(f) charter school board members, administrators, and employees.
2180	Section 54. Section 53E-3-802, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-903 is
2181	renumbered and amended to read:
2182	[53A-1-903]. 53E-3-802. Federal programs School official duties.
2183	(1) School officials may:
2184	(a) apply for, receive, and administer funds made available through programs of the
2185	federal government;
2186	(b) only expend federal funds for the purposes for which they are received and are
2187	accounted for by the state, school district, or charter school; and
2188	(c) reduce or eliminate a program created with or expanded by federal funds to the
2189	extent allowed by law when federal funds for that program are subsequently reduced or
2190	eliminated.
2191	(2) School officials shall:
2192	(a) prioritize resources, especially to resolve conflicts between federal provisions or
2193	between federal and state programs, including:
2194	(i) providing first priority to meeting state goals, objectives, program needs, and
2195	accountability systems as they relate to federal programs; and
2196	(ii) subject to Subsection (4), providing second priority to implementing federal goals,
2197	objectives, program needs, and accountability systems that do not directly and simultaneously

2198 advance state goals, objectives, program needs, and accountability systems; 2199 (b) interpret the provisions of federal programs in the best interest of students in this 2200 state; 2201 (c) maximize local control and flexibility; 2202 (d) minimize additional state resources that are diverted to implement federal programs 2203 beyond the federal money that is provided to fund the programs; 2204 (e) request changes to federal educational programs, especially programs that are 2205 underfunded or provide conflicts with other state or federal programs, including: 2206 (i) federal statutes; 2207 (ii) federal regulations; and 2208 (iii) other federal policies and interpretations of program provisions; and 2209 (f) seek waivers from all possible federal statutes, requirements, regulations, and 2210 program provisions from federal education officials to: 2211 (i) maximize state flexibility in implementing program provisions; and 2212 (ii) receive reasonable time to comply with federal program provisions. 2213 (3) The requirements of school officials under this part, including the responsibility to 2214 lobby federal officials, are not intended to mandate school officials to incur costs or require the 2215 hiring of lobbyists, but are intended to be performed in the course of school officials' normal 2216 duties. 2217 (4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4): 2218 (i) "Available Education Fund revenue surplus" means the Education Fund revenue 2219 surplus after the statutory transfers and set-asides described in Section 63J-1-313. 2220 (ii) "Education Fund revenue surplus" means the same as that term is defined in 2221 Section 63J-1-313. 2222 (b) Before prioritizing the implementation of a future federal goal, objective, program 2223 need, or accountability system that does not directly and simultaneously advance a state goal, 2224 objective, program need, or accountability system, the State Board of Education may: 2225 (i) determine the financial impact of failure to implement the federal goal, objective,

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program need, or accountability system; and

(ii) if the State Board of Education determines that failure to implement the federal

goal, objective, program need, or accountability system may result in a financial loss, request

2229	that the Legislature mitigate the financial loss.
2230	(c) A mitigation requested under Subsection (4)(b)(ii) may include

- (c) A mitigation requested under Subsection (4)(b)(ii) may include appropriating available Education Fund revenue surplus through an appropriations act, including an appropriations act passed during a special session called by the governor or a general session.
- (d) This mitigation option is in addition to and does not restrict or conflict with the state's authority provided in this part.
- Section 55. Section **53E-3-803**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-905 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-1-905]. 53E-3-803. Notice of voidableness of federal education agreements or national programs.

A federal education agreement or national program that may cost education entities more than \$500,000 annually from state and local money to implement, that is executed by a school official in violation of this part, is voidable by the governor or the Legislature as provided in this part.

Section 56. Section **53E-3-804**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-906 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-1-906]. 53E-3-804. Governor to approve federal education agreements or national programs.

- (1) Before legally binding the state by executing a federal education agreement or national program that may cost education entities more than \$500,000 annually from state and local money to implement, a school official shall submit the proposed federal education agreement or national program to the governor for the governor's approval or rejection.
- (2) The governor shall approve or reject each federal education agreement or national program.
- (3) (a) If the governor approves the federal education agreement or national program, the school official may execute the agreement.
- (b) If the governor rejects the federal education agreement or national program, the school official may not execute the agreement.
- (4) If a school official executes a federal education agreement or national program without obtaining the governor's approval under this section, the governor may issue an executive order declaring the federal education agreement or national program void.

2260	Section 57. Section 53E-3-805, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-907 is
2261	renumbered and amended to read:
2262	[53A-1-907]. 53E-3-805. Legislative review and approval of federal
2263	education agreements or national programs.
2264	(1) (a) Before legally binding the state by executing a federal education agreement or
2265	national program that may cost education entities more than \$1,000,000 annually from state
2266	and local money to implement, the school official shall:
2267	(i) submit the proposed federal education agreement or national program to the
2268	governor for the governor's approval or rejection as required by Section [53A-1-906]
2269	<u>53E-3-804</u> ; and
2270	(ii) if the governor approves the federal education agreement or national program,
2271	submit the federal education agreement to the Executive Appropriations Committee of the
2272	Legislature for its review and recommendations.
2273	(b) The Executive Appropriations Committee shall review the federal education
2274	agreement or national program and may:
2275	(i) recommend that the school official execute the federal education agreement or
2276	national program;
2277	(ii) recommend that the school official reject the federal education agreement or
2278	national program; or
2279	(iii) recommend to the governor that the governor call a special session of the
2280	Legislature to review and approve or reject the federal education agreement or national
2281	program.
2282	(2) (a) Before legally binding the state by executing a federal education agreement or
2283	national program that may cost education entities more than \$5,000,000 annually to implement
2284	a school official shall:
2285	(i) submit the proposed federal education agreement or national program to the
2286	governor for the governor's approval or rejection as required by Section [53A-1-906]
2287	<u>53E-3-804</u> ; and
2288	(ii) if the governor approves the federal education agreement or national program,
2289	submit the federal education agreement or national program to the Legislature for its approval
2290	in an annual general session or a special session.

2291	(b) (i) If the Legislature approves the federal education agreement or national program,
2292	the school official may execute the agreement.
2293	(ii) If the Legislature rejects the federal education agreement or national program, the
2294	school official may not execute the agreement.
2295	(c) If a school official executes a federal education agreement or national program
2296	without obtaining the Legislature's approval under this Subsection (2):
2297	(i) the governor may issue an executive order declaring the federal education
2298	agreement or national program void; or
2299	(ii) the Legislature may pass a joint resolution declaring the federal education
2300	agreement or national program void.
2301	Section 58. Section 53E-3-806, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-908 is
2302	renumbered and amended to read:
2303	[53A-1-908]. 53E-3-806. Cost evaluation of federal education agreements
2304	or national programs.
2305	(1) Before legally binding the state to a federal education agreement or national
2306	program that may cost the state a total of \$500,000 or more to implement, a school official
2307	shall estimate the state and local cost of implementing the federal education agreement or
2308	national program and submit that cost estimate to the governor and the Executive
2309	Appropriations Committee of the Legislature.
2310	(2) The Executive Appropriations Committee may:
2311	(a) direct its staff to make an independent cost estimate of the cost of implementing the
2312	federal education agreement or national program; and
2313	(b) affirmatively adopt a cost estimate as the benchmark for determining which
2314	authorizations established by this part are necessary.
2315	Section 59. Section 53E-3-901, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1000 is
2316	renumbered and amended to read:
2317	Part 9. Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children
2318	[53A-1-1000]. <u>53E-3-901.</u> Title Interstate Compact on Educational
2319	Opportunity for Military Children.
2320	This part is known as the "Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military
2321	Children "

2322	Section 60. Section 53E-3-902, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1001 is
2323	renumbered and amended to read:
2324	[53A-1-1001]. <u>53E-3-902.</u> Article I Purpose.
2325	It is the purpose of this compact to remove barriers to educational success imposed on
2326	children of military families because of frequent moves and deployment of their parents by:
2327	(1) facilitating the timely enrollment of children of military families and ensuring that
2328	they are not placed at a disadvantage due to difficulty in the transfer of education records from
2329	the previous school district or variations in entrance or age requirements;
2330	(2) facilitating the student placement process through which children of military
2331	families are not disadvantaged by variations in attendance requirements, scheduling,
2332	sequencing, grading, course content, or assessment;
2333	(3) facilitating the qualification and eligibility for enrollment, educational programs,
2334	and participation in extracurricular academic, athletic, and social activities;
2335	(4) facilitating the on-time graduation of children of military families;
2336	(5) providing for the promulgation and enforcement of administrative rules
2337	implementing the provisions of this compact;
2338	(6) providing for the uniform collection and sharing of information between and among
2339	member states, schools, and military families under this compact;
2340	(7) promoting coordination between this compact and other compacts affecting military
2341	children; and
2342	(8) promoting flexibility and cooperation between the educational system, parents, and
2343	the student in order to achieve educational success for the student.
2344	Section 61. Section 53E-3-903 , which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1002 is
2345	renumbered and amended to read:
2346	[53A-1-1002]. <u>53E-3-903.</u> Article II Definitions.
2347	As used in this compact, unless the context clearly requires a different construction:
2348	(1) "Active duty" means full-time duty status in the active uniformed service of the
2349	United States, including members of the National Guard and Reserve.
2350	(2) "Children of military families" means a school-aged child, enrolled in Kindergarten
2351	through Twelfth grade, in the household of an active duty member.
2352	(3) "Compact commissioner" means the voting representative of each compacting state

2353 appointed pursuant to Article VIII of this compact.

- (4) "Deployment" means the period one month prior to the service member's departure from their home station on military orders through six months after return to their home station.
- (5) "Education" or "educational records" means those official records, files, and data directly related to a student and maintained by the school or local education agency, including but not limited to records encompassing all the material kept in the student's cumulative folder such as general identifying data, records of attendance and of academic work completed, records of achievement and results of evaluative tests, health data, disciplinary status, test protocols, and individualized education programs.
- (6) "Extracurricular activities" means a voluntary activity sponsored by the school or local education agency or an organization sanctioned by the local education agency. Extracurricular activities include, but are not limited to, preparation for and involvement in public performances, contests, athletic competitions, demonstrations, displays, and club activities.
- (7) "Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for Military Children" means the commission that is created in Section [53A-1-1009] 53E-3-910 and generally referred to as Interstate Commission.
- (8) "Local education agency" means a public authority legally constituted by the state as an administrative agency to provide control of and direction for Kindergarten through Twelfth grade public educational institutions.
 - (9) "Member state" means a state that has enacted this compact.
- (10) "Military installation" means a base, camp, post, station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or other activity under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense, including any leased facility, which is located within any of the several states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and any other U.S. Territory. The term does not include any facility used primarily for civil works, rivers and harbors projects, or flood control projects.
 - (11) "Non-member state" means a state that has not enacted this compact.
- (12) "Receiving state" means the state to which a child of a military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or brought.
 - (13) "Rule" means a written statement by the Interstate Commission promulgated

- pursuant to Section [53A-1-1012] 53E-3-913 that is of general applicability, implements, interprets, or prescribes a policy or provision of the compact, or an organizational, procedural, or practice requirement of the Interstate Commission, and has the force and effect of a rule promulgated under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension of an existing rule.
 - (14) "Sending state" means the state from which a child of a military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or brought.
 - (15) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and any other U.S. Territory.
 - (16) "Student" means the child of a military family for whom the local education agency receives public funding and who is formally enrolled in Kindergarten through Twelfth grade.
 - (17) "Transition" means:

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- (a) the formal and physical process of transferring from school to school; or
- (b) the period of time in which a student moves from one school in the sending state to another school in the receiving state.
 - (18) "Uniformed services" means the same as that term is defined in Section 68-3-12.5.
- (19) "Veteran" means a person who served in the uniformed services and who was discharged or released therefrom under conditions other than dishonorable.
- Section 62. Section **53E-3-904**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1003 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-1-1003]. 53E-3-904. Article III -- Applicability.

- (1) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (3), this compact shall apply to the children of:
- (a) active duty members of the uniformed services as defined in this compact, including members of the National Guard and Reserve;
- (b) members or veterans of the uniformed services who are severely injured and medically discharged or retired for a period of one year after medical discharge or retirement; and
- 2414 (c) members of the uniformed services who die on active duty or as a result of injuries

sustained on active duty for a period of one year after death.

- (2) The provisions of this interstate compact shall only apply to local education agencies as defined in this compact.
 - (3) The provisions of this compact do not apply to the children of:
 - (a) inactive members of the National Guard and military reserves;
- 2420 (b) members of the uniformed services now retired, except as provided in Subsection 2421 (1); and
 - (c) veterans of the uniformed services, except as provided in Subsection (1), and other U.S. Department of Defense personnel and other federal agency civilian and contract employees not defined as active duty members of the uniformed services.
 - Section 63. Section **53E-3-905**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1004 is renumbered and amended to read:

2427 [53A-1-1004]. 53E-3-905. Article IV -- Educational records and enrollment -- Immunizations -- Grade level entrance.

- (1) Unofficial or "hand-carried" education records. In the event that official education records cannot be released to the parents for the purpose of transfer, the custodian of the records in the sending state shall prepare and furnish to the parent a complete set of unofficial educational records containing uniform information as determined by the Interstate Commission. Upon receipt of the unofficial education records by a school in the receiving state, the school shall enroll and appropriately place the student based on the information provided in the unofficial records pending validation by the official records, as quickly as possible.
- (2) Official education records or transcripts. Simultaneous with the enrollment and conditional placement of the student, the school in the receiving state shall request the student's official education record from the school in the sending state. Upon receipt of this request, the school in the sending state will process and furnish the official education records to the school in the receiving state within 10 days or within such time as is reasonably determined under the rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission.
- (3) Immunizations. Compacting states shall give 30 days from the date of enrollment or within such time as is reasonably determined under the rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission, for students to obtain any immunization required by the receiving state. For a

series of immunizations, initial vaccinations must be obtained within 30 days or within such time as is reasonably determined under the rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission.

- (4) Kindergarten and First grade entrance age. Students shall be allowed to continue their enrollment at grade level in the receiving state commensurate with their grade level, including Kindergarten, from a local education agency in the sending state at the time of transition, regardless of age. A student that has satisfactorily completed the prerequisite grade level in the local education agency in the sending state shall be eligible for enrollment in the next highest grade level in the receiving state, regardless of age. Students transferring after the start of the school year in the receiving state shall enter the school in the receiving state on their validated level from an accredited school in the sending state.
- Section 64. Section **53E-3-906**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1005 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-1-1005]. 53E-3-906. Article V -- Course placement -- Attendance -- Special education services -- Flexibility -- Absences related to deployment.

- (1) When the student transfers before or during the school year, the receiving state school shall initially honor placement of the student in educational courses based on the student's enrollment in the sending state school and/or educational assessments conducted at the school in the sending state if the courses are offered. Course placement includes but is not limited to Honors, International Baccalaureate, Advanced Placement, vocational, technical, and career pathways courses. Continuing the student's academic program from the previous school and promoting placement in academically and career challenging courses should be paramount when considering placement. This does not preclude the school in the receiving state from performing subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement and continued enrollment of the student in the course.
- (2) The receiving state school shall initially honor placement of the student in educational programs based on current educational assessments conducted at the school in the sending state or participation or placement in like programs in the sending state. Such programs include, but are not limited to gifted and talented programs and English as a Second Language (ESL). This does not preclude the school in the receiving state from performing subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement of the student.
 - (3) (a) In compliance with the federal requirements of the Individuals with Disabilities

- Education Act (IDEA), 20 U.S.C. Section 1400 et seq., the receiving state shall initially provide comparable services to a student with disabilities based on the student's current Individualized Education Program (IEP).
 - (b) In compliance with the requirements of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 29 U.S.C. Section 794, and with Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. Sections 12131-12165, the receiving state shall make reasonable accommodations and modifications to address the needs of incoming students with disabilities, subject to an existing 504 or Title II Plan, to provide the student with equal access to education. This does not preclude the school in the receiving state from performing subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement of the student.
 - (4) Local education agency administrative officials shall have flexibility in waiving course or program prerequisites, or other preconditions for placement, in courses or programs offered under the jurisdiction of the local education agency.
 - (5) A student whose parent or legal guardian is an active duty member of the uniformed services, as defined by the compact, and has been called to duty for, is on leave from, or immediately returned from deployment to a combat zone or combat support posting, shall be granted additional excused absences at the discretion of the local education agency superintendent to visit with his or her parent or legal guardian relative to such leave or deployment of the parent or guardian.
 - Section 65. Section **53E-3-907**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1006 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-1-1006]. <u>53E-3-907.</u> Article VI -- Eligibility -- Enrollment -- Extracurricular activities.

- (1) Special power of attorney, relative to the guardianship of a child of a military family and executed under applicable law, shall be sufficient for the purposes of enrollment and all other actions requiring parental participation and consent.
- (2) A local education agency shall be prohibited from charging local tuition to a transitioning military child placed in the care of a non-custodial parent or other person standing in loco parentis who lives in a jurisdiction other than that of the custodial parent.
- (3) A transitioning military child, placed in the care of a non-custodial parent or other person standing in loco parentis who lives in a jurisdiction other than that of the custodial

parent, may continue to attend the school in which the student was enrolled while residing with the custodial parent.

- (4) State and local education agencies shall facilitate the opportunity for transitioning military children's inclusion in extracurricular activities, regardless of application deadlines, to the extent they are otherwise qualified.
- Section 66. Section **53E-3-908**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1007 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-1-1007]. 53E-3-908. Article VII -- Graduation -- Waiver -- Exit exams -- Senior year transfers.

In order to facilitate the on-time graduation of children of military families, states and local education agencies shall incorporate the following procedures:

- (1) Local education agency administrative officials shall waive specific courses required for graduation if similar coursework has been satisfactorily completed in another local education agency or shall provide reasonable justification for denial. Should a waiver not be granted to a student who would qualify to graduate from the sending school, the local education agency shall provide an alternative means of acquiring required coursework so that graduation may occur on time.
 - (2) States shall accept:

- (a) exit or end-of-course exams required for graduation from the sending state;
- (b) national norm-referenced achievement tests; or
- (c) alternative testing, in lieu of testing requirements for graduation in the receiving state. In the event the above alternatives cannot be accommodated by the receiving state for a student transferring in the student's Senior year, then the provisions of Subsection (3) shall apply.
- (3) Should a military student transferring at the beginning or during the student's Senior year be ineligible to graduate from the receiving local education agency after all alternatives have been considered, the sending and receiving local education agencies shall ensure the receipt of a diploma from the sending local education agency, if the student meets the graduation requirements of the sending local education agency. In the event that one of the states in question is not a member of this compact, the member state shall use best efforts to facilitate the on-time graduation of the student in accordance with Subsections (1) and (2).

2539	Section 67. Section 53E-3-909, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1008 is
2540	renumbered and amended to read:
2541	[53A-1-1008]. 53E-3-909. Article VIII State coordination Membership
2542	of State Council.
2543	(1) Each member state shall, through the creation of a State Council or use of an
2544	existing body or board, provide for the coordination among its agencies of government, local
2545	education agencies, and military installations concerning the state's participation in, and
2546	compliance with, this compact and Interstate Commission activities. While each member state
2547	may determine the membership of its own State Council, its membership shall include at least:
2548	(a) the state superintendent of education;
2549	(b) a superintendent of a school district with a high concentration of military children;
2550	(c) a representative from a military installation;
2551	(d) one representative each from the legislative and executive branches of government;
2552	and
2553	(e) other offices and stakeholder groups the State Council considers appropriate.
2554	(2) A member state that does not have a school district that contains a high
2555	concentration of military children may appoint a superintendent from another school district to
2556	represent local education agencies on the State Council.
2557	(3) The State Council of each member state shall appoint or designate a military family
2558	education liaison to assist military families and the state in facilitating the implementation of
2559	this compact.
2560	(4) The compact commissioner responsible for the administration and management of
2561	the state's participation in the compact shall be appointed in accordance with Section
2562	[53A-1-1020] <u>53E-3-921</u> .
2563	(5) The compact commissioner and the designated military family education liaison
2564	shall be ex-officio members of the State Council, unless either is already a full voting member
2565	of the State Council.
2566	Section 68. Section 53E-3-910, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1009 is
2567	renumbered and amended to read:
2568	[53A-1-1009]. 53E-3-910. Article IX Creation of Interstate Commission.
2569	(1) The member states hereby create the "Interstate Commission on Educational

Opportunity for Military Children." The activities of the Interstate Commission are the formation of public policy and are a discretionary state function.

(2) The Interstate Commission shall:

- (a) Be a body corporate and joint agency of the member states and have all the responsibilities, powers, and duties set forth in this compact, and any additional powers as may be conferred upon it by a subsequent concurrent action of the respective legislatures of the member states in accordance with the terms of this compact.
- (b) Consist of one Interstate Commission voting representative from each member state who shall be that state's compact commissioner.
- (i) Each member state represented at a meeting of the Interstate Commission is entitled to one vote.
- (ii) A majority of the total member states shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, unless a larger quorum is required by the bylaws of the Interstate Commission.
- (iii) A representative may not delegate a vote to another member state. In the event the compact commissioner is unable to attend a meeting of the Interstate Commission, the Governor or State Council may delegate voting authority to another person from their state for a specified meeting.
- (iv) The bylaws may provide for meetings of the Interstate Commission to be conducted by telecommunication or electronic communication.
- (3) Consist of ex-officio, non-voting representatives who are members of interested organizations. Such ex-officio members, as defined in the bylaws, may include but not be limited to, members of the representative organizations of military family advocates, local education agency officials, parent and teacher groups, the U.S. Department of Defense, the Education Commission of the States, the Interstate Agreement on the Qualification of Educational Personnel, and other interstate compacts affecting the education of children of military members.
- (4) Meet at least once each calendar year. The chairperson may call additional meetings and, upon the request of a simple majority of the member states, shall call additional meetings.
- (5) Establish an executive committee, whose members shall include the officers of the Interstate Commission and other members of the Interstate Commission as determined by the bylaws. Members of the executive committee shall serve a one-year term. Members of the

executive committee shall be entitled to one vote each. The executive committee shall have the power to act on behalf of the Interstate Commission, with the exception of rulemaking, during periods when the Interstate Commission is not in session. The executive committee shall oversee the day-to-day activities of the administration of the compact including enforcement and compliance with the provisions of the compact, its bylaws and rules, and other duties considered necessary. The U.S. Department of Defense shall serve as an ex-officio, nonvoting member of the executive committee.

- (6) Establish bylaws and rules that provide for conditions and procedures under which the Interstate Commission shall make its information and official records available to the public for inspection or copying. The Interstate Commission may exempt from disclosure information or official records to the extent they would adversely affect personal privacy rights or proprietary interests.
- (7) Give public notice of all meetings and all meetings shall be open to the public, except as set forth in the rules or as otherwise provided in the compact. The Interstate Commission and its committees may close a meeting, or portion of the meeting, where it determines by two-thirds vote that an open meeting would be likely to:
- (a) relate solely to the Interstate Commission's internal personnel practices and procedures;
 - (b) disclose matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal and state statute;
- (c) disclose trade secrets or commercial or financial information which is privileged or confidential;
 - (d) involve accusing a person of a crime, or formally censuring a person;
- (e) disclose information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
 - (f) disclose investigative records compiled for law enforcement purposes; or
- (g) specifically relate to the Interstate Commission's participation in a civil action or other legal proceeding.
- (8) Cause its legal counsel or designee to certify that a meeting may be closed and shall reference each relevant exemptible provision for any meeting, or portion of a meeting, which is closed pursuant to this provision. The Interstate Commission shall keep minutes which fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and provide a full and accurate summary

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of actions taken, and the reasons therefor, including a description of the views expressed and the record of a roll call vote. All documents considered in connection with an action shall be identified in the minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release by a majority vote of the Interstate Commission.

- (9) Collect standardized data concerning the educational transition of the children of military families under this compact as directed through its rules which shall specify the data to be collected, the means of collection, and data exchange and reporting requirements. Such methods of data collection, exchange, and reporting shall, as far as is reasonably possible, conform to current technology and coordinate its information functions with the appropriate custodian of records as identified in the bylaws and rules.
- (10) Create a process that permits military officials, education officials, and parents to inform the Interstate Commission if and when there are alleged violations of the compact or its rules or when issues subject to the jurisdiction of the compact or its rules are not addressed by the state or local education agency. This section may not be construed to create a private right of action against the Interstate Commission or any member state.

Section 69. Section **53E-3-911**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1010 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-1-1010]. <u>53E-3-911.</u> Article X -- Powers and duties of the Interstate Commission.

The Interstate Commission shall have the following powers:

- (1) To provide for dispute resolution among member states.
- (2) To promulgate rules and take all necessary actions to effect the goals, purposes, and obligations enumerated in this compact. The rules shall have the force and effect of rules promulgated under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and shall be binding in the compact states to the extent and in the manner provided in this compact.
- (3) To issue, upon request of a member state, advisory opinions concerning the meaning or interpretation of the interstate compact, its bylaws, rules, and actions.
- (4) To monitor compliance with the compact provisions, the rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission, and the bylaws. Any action to enforce compliance with the compact provision by the Interstate Commission shall be brought against a member state only.
 - (5) To establish and maintain offices which shall be located within one or more of the

member states.

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- 2664 (6) To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.
- 2665 (7) To borrow, accept, hire, or contract for services of personnel.
 - (8) To establish and appoint committees including, but not limited to, an executive committee as required by Subsection [53A-1-1009] 53E-3-910(5), which shall have the power to act on behalf of the Interstate Commission in carrying out its powers and duties.
 - (9) To elect or appoint officers, attorneys, employees, agents, or consultants, and to fix their compensation, define their duties and determine their qualifications, and to establish the Interstate Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, rates of compensation, and qualifications of personnel.
 - (10) To accept any and all donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose of it.
 - (11) To lease, purchase, accept contributions, or donations of, or otherwise to own, hold, improve, or use any property real, personal, or mixed.
 - (12) To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property real, personal, or mixed.
 - (13) To establish a budget and make expenditures.
 - (14) To adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management and operation of the Interstate Commission.
 - (15) To report annually to the legislatures, governors, judiciary, and state councils of the member states concerning the activities of the Interstate Commission during the preceding year. The reports shall also include any recommendations that may have been adopted by the Interstate Commission.
 - (16) To coordinate education, training, and public awareness regarding the compact and its implementation and operation for officials and parents involved in such activity.
 - (17) To establish uniform standards for the reporting, collecting, and exchanging of data.
 - (18) To maintain corporate books and records in accordance with the bylaws.
- 2691 (19) To perform any functions necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact.
- 2693 (20) To provide for the uniform collection and sharing of information between and

among member states, schools, and military families under this compact.

Section 70. Section **53E-3-912**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1011 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-1-1011]. 53E-3-912. Article XI -- Organization and operation of the Interstate Commission -- Executive committee -- Officers -- Personnel.

- (1) The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the members present and voting, within 12 months after the first Interstate Commission meeting, adopt bylaws to govern its conduct as necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of the compact, including, but not limited to:
 - (a) establishing the fiscal year of the Interstate Commission;
 - (b) establishing an executive committee, and other committees as necessary;
- (c) providing for the establishment of committees and for governing any general or specific delegation of authority or function of the Interstate Commission;
- (d) providing reasonable procedures for calling and conducting meetings of the Interstate Commission, and ensuring reasonable notice of each meeting;
- (e) establishing the titles and responsibilities of the officers and staff of the Interstate Commission;
- (f) providing a mechanism for concluding the operations of the Interstate Commission and the return of surplus funds that may exist upon the termination of the compact after the payment and reserving of all of its debts and obligations; and
 - (g) providing start up rules for initial administration of the compact.
- (2) The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the members, elect annually from among its members a chairperson, a vice-chairperson, and a treasurer, each of whom shall have the authority and duties specified in the bylaws. The chairperson or, in the chairperson's absence or disability, the vice-chairperson, shall preside at all meetings of the Interstate Commission. The officers so elected shall serve without compensation or remuneration from the Interstate Commission; provided that, subject to the availability of budgeted funds, the officers shall be reimbursed for ordinary and necessary costs and expenses incurred by them in the performance of their responsibilities as officers of the Interstate Commission.
- (3) The executive committee shall have the authority and duties set forth in the bylaws, including, but not limited to:

- 2725 (a) managing the affairs of the Interstate Commission in a manner consistent with the bylaws and purposes of the Interstate Commission;
 - (b) overseeing an organizational structure within, and appropriate procedures for the Interstate Commission to provide for the creation of rules, operating procedures, and administrative and technical support functions; and
 - (c) planning, implementing, and coordinating communications and activities with other state, federal, and local government organizations in order to advance the goals of the Interstate Commission.
 - (4) The executive committee may, subject to the approval of the Interstate Commission, appoint or retain an executive director for such period, upon such terms and conditions and for such compensation, as the Interstate Commission may consider appropriate. The executive director shall serve as secretary to the Interstate Commission, but may not be a member of the Interstate Commission. The executive director shall hire and supervise other persons authorized by the Interstate Commission.
 - (5) The Interstate Commission's executive director and its employees shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for a claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused or arising out of or relating to an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that the person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred, within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that, the person may not be protected from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of the person.
 - (a) The liability of the Interstate Commission's executive director and employees or Interstate Commission representatives, acting within the scope of the person's employment or duties for acts, errors, or omissions occurring within the person's state may not exceed the limits of liability set forth under the constitution and laws of that state for state officials, employees, and agents. The Interstate Commission is considered to be an instrumentality of the states for the purposes of any action. Nothing in this Subsection (5)(a) shall be construed to protect a person from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of the person.
 - (b) The Interstate Commission shall defend the executive director and its employees

and, subject to the approval of the Attorney General or other appropriate legal counsel of the member state represented by an Interstate Commission representative, shall defend the Interstate Commission representative in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the defendant had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that, the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of the person.

- (c) To the extent not covered by the state involved, the member state, or the Interstate Commission, the representatives or employees of the Interstate Commission shall be held harmless in the amount of a settlement or judgment, including attorney fees and costs, obtained against a person arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that, the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of the person.
- Section 71. Section **53E-3-913**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1012 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-1-1012]. <u>53E-3-913.</u> Article XII -- Rulemaking -- Authority -- Procedure -- Review -- Rejection by Legislature.

- (1) The Interstate Commission shall promulgate reasonable rules in order to effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of this compact. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the Interstate Commission exercises its rulemaking authority in a manner that is beyond the scope of the purposes of this compact, or the powers granted in accordance with this compact, then the action by the Interstate Commission shall be invalid and have no force or effect.
- (2) Rules shall be made pursuant to a rulemaking process that substantially conforms to the Model State Administrative Procedure Act, of 1981, Uniform Laws Annotated, Vol. 15, p.1 (2000) as amended, as may be appropriate to the operations of the Interstate Commission.
 - (3) Not later than 30 days after a rule is promulgated, any person may file a petition for

judicial review of the rule; provided that, the filing of a petition may not stay or otherwise prevent the rule from becoming effective unless the court finds that the petitioner has a substantial likelihood of success. The court shall give deference to the actions of the Interstate Commission consistent with applicable law and may not find the rule to be unlawful if the rule represents a reasonable exercise of the Interstate Commission's authority.

- (4) If a majority of the legislatures of the compacting states rejects a rule by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact, then the rule shall have no further force and effect in any compacting state.
- Section 72. Section **53E-3-914**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1013 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-1-1013]. <u>53E-3-914.</u> Article XIII -- Oversight -- Enforcement -- Dispute resolution -- Default -- Technical assistance -- Suspension -- Termination.

- (1) Each member state shall enforce this compact to effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of this compact and the rules promulgated in accordance with the compact shall have standing as a rule promulgated under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- (2) All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and the rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a member state pertaining to the subject matter of this compact which may affect the powers, responsibilities, or actions of the Interstate Commission.
- (3) The Interstate Commission shall be entitled to receive all service of process in any proceeding, and have standing to intervene in the proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide service of process to the Interstate Commission shall render a judgment or order void as to the Interstate Commission, this compact, or promulgated rules.
- (4) If the Interstate Commission determines that a member state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this compact, or the bylaws or promulgated rules, the Interstate Commission shall:
- (a) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states, of the nature of the default, the means of curing the default, and any action taken by the Interstate Commission. The Interstate Commission shall specify the conditions by which the defaulting state shall cure its default.
 - (b) Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.

(5) If the defaulting state fails to cure the default, the defaulting state shall be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the member states and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by this compact shall be terminated from the effective date of termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of the default.

- (6) Suspension or termination of membership in the compact shall be imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the Interstate Commission to the Governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and each of the member states.
- (7) The state which has been suspended or terminated is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of suspension or termination, not to exceed \$5,000 per year, as provided in Subsection [53A-1-1014] 53E-3-915(5), for each year that the state is a member of the compact.
- (8) The Interstate Commission may not bear any costs relating to any state that has been found to be in default or which has been suspended or terminated from the compact, unless otherwise mutually agreed upon in writing between the Interstate Commission and the defaulting state.
- (9) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the Interstate Commission by petitioning the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the Interstate Commission has its principal offices. The prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of the litigation including reasonable attorney fees.
- (10) The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the request of a member state, to resolve disputes which are subject to the compact and which may arise among member states and between member and non-member states.
- (11) The Interstate Commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes as appropriate.
- Section 73. Section **53E-3-915**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1014 is renumbered and amended to read:

2846 [53A-1-1014]. 53E-3-915. Article XIV -- Financing of the Interstate 2847 Commission.

(1) The Interstate Commission shall pay or provide for the payment of the reasonable

expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.

- (2) In accordance with the funding limit established in Subsection (5), the Interstate Commission may levy and collect an annual assessment from each member state to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the Interstate Commission and its staff which shall be in a total amount sufficient to cover the Interstate Commission's annual budget as approved each year. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the Interstate Commission, which shall promulgate a rule binding upon all member states.
- (3) The Interstate Commission may not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same; nor shall the Interstate Commission pledge the credit of any of the member states, except by and with the authority of the member state.
- (4) The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Interstate Commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the Interstate Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the Interstate Commission.
- (5) The Interstate Commission may not assess, levy, or collect more than \$5,000 per year from Utah legislative appropriations. Other funding sources may be accepted and used to offset expenses related to the state's participation in the compact.
- Section 74. Section **53E-3-916**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1015 is renumbered and amended to read:
- 2871 [53A-1-1015]. 53E-3-916. Article XV -- Member states -- Effective date -- 2872 Amendments.
 - (1) Any state is eligible to become a member state.
 - (2) The compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative enactment of the compact into law by no less than 10 of the states. The effective date shall be no earlier than December 1, 2007. Thereafter it shall become effective and binding as to any other member state upon enactment of the compact into law by that state. The governors of non-member states or their designees shall be invited to participate in the activities of the Interstate Commission on a non-voting basis prior to adoption of the compact by all states.

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2880	(3) The Interstate Commission may propose amendments to the compact for enactment
2881	by the member states. No amendment shall become effective and binding upon the Interstate
2882	Commission and the member states unless and until it is enacted into law by unanimous
2883	consent of the member states.
2884	Section 75. Section 53E-3-917, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1016 is
2885	renumbered and amended to read:
2886	[53A-1-1016]. <u>53E-3-917.</u> Article XVI Withdrawal Dissolution.
2887	(1) Once effective, the compact shall continue in force and remain binding upon each
2888	and every member state; provided that, a member state may withdraw from the compact by
2889	specifically repealing the statute which enacted the compact into law.
2890	(2) Withdrawal from this compact shall be by the enactment of a statute repealing the
2891	same.
2892	(3) The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the chairperson of the Interstate
2893	Commission in writing upon the introduction of legislation repealing this compact in the
2894	withdrawing state. The Interstate Commission shall notify the other member states of the
2895	withdrawing state's intent to withdraw within 60 days of its receipt of the notification.
2896	(4) The withdrawing state is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities
2897	incurred through the effective date of withdrawal, not to exceed \$5,000 per year, as provided in
2898	Subsection [$\frac{53A-1-1014}{2}$] $\frac{53E-3-915}{2}$ (5), for each year that the state is a member of the
2899	compact.
2900	(5) Reinstatement following withdrawal of a member state shall occur upon the
2901	withdrawing state reenacting the compact or upon a later date determined by the Interstate
2902	Commission.

Commission.

(6) This compact shall dissolve effective upon the date of the withdrawal or default of

a member state which reduces the membership in the compact to one member state.

- (7) Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact becomes null and void and shall be of no further force or effect. The business and affairs of the Interstate Commission shall be concluded and surplus funds shall be distributed in accordance with the bylaws.
- Section 76. Section **53E-3-918**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1017 is renumbered and amended to read:
- 2910 [53A-1-1017]. 53E-3-918. Article XVII -- Severability -- Construction.

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2911	(1) The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and if any phrase, clause,
2912	sentence, or provision is considered unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the compact
2913	shall be enforceable.
2914	(2) The provisions of this compact shall be liberally construed to effectuate its
2915	purposes.
2916	(3) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prohibit the applicability of other
2917	interstate compacts to which the states are members.
2918	Section 77. Section 53E-3-919, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1018 is
2919	renumbered and amended to read:
2920	[53A-1-1018]. <u>53E-3-919.</u> Article XVIII Binding effect of compact
2921	Other state laws.
2922	(1) Nothing in this compact prevents the enforcement of any other law of a member
2923	state.
2924	(2) All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission, including all rules and bylaws
2925	promulgated by the Interstate Commission, are binding upon the member states.
2926	(3) All agreements between the Interstate Commission and the member states are
2927	binding in accordance with their terms.
2928	(4) In the event any provision of this compact exceeds the statutory or constitutional
2929	limits imposed on the legislature of any member state, that provision shall be ineffective to the
2930	extent of the conflict with the statutory or constitutional provision in question in that member
2931	state.
2932	Section 78. Section 53E-3-920, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1019 is
2933	renumbered and amended to read:
2934	[53A-1-1019]. 53E-3-920. Creation of State Council on Military Children.
2935	(1) There is established a State Council on Military Children, as required in Section
2936	[53A-1-1008] <u>53E-3-909</u> .
2937	(2) The members of the State Council on Military Children shall include:
2938	(a) the state superintendent of public instruction;
2939	(b) a superintendent of a school district with a high concentration of military children
2940	appointed by the governor;
2941	(c) a representative from a military installation, appointed by the governor;

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2942	(d) one member of the House of Representatives, appointed by the speaker of the
2943	House;
2944	(e) one member of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate;
2945	(f) a representative from the Department of Veterans' and Military Affairs, appointed
2946	by the governor;
2947	(g) a military family education liaison, appointed by the members listed in Subsections
2948	(2)(a) through (f);
2949	(h) the compact commissioner, appointed in accordance with Section [53A-1-1020]
2950	<u>53E-3-921</u> ; and
2951	(i) other members as determined by the governor.
2952	(3) The State Council on Military Children shall carry out the duties established in
2953	Section [53A-1-1008] <u>53E-3-909</u> .
2954	(4) (a) A member who is not a legislator may not receive compensation or per diem.
2955	(b) Compensation and expenses of a member who is a legislator are governed by
2956	Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Legislative Compensation and Expenses.
2957	Section 79. Section 53E-3-921, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1020 is
2958	renumbered and amended to read:
2959	[53A-1-1020]. 53E-3-921. Appointment of compact commissioner.
2960	The governor, with the consent of the Senate, shall appoint a compact commissioner to
2961	carry out the duties described in this part.
2962	Section 80. Section 53E-4-101 is enacted to read:
2963	CHAPTER 4. ACADEMIC STANDARDS, ASSESSMENTS, AND MATERIALS
2964	Part 1. General Provisions
2965	<u>53E-4-101.</u> Title.
2966	This chapter is known as "Academic Standards, Assessments, and Materials."
2967	Section 81. Section 53E-4-201 is enacted to read:
2968	Part 2. Standards
2969	<u>53E-4-201.</u> Definitions.
2970	Reserved
2971	Section 82. Section 53E-4-202, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-402.6 is
2972	renumbered and amended to read:

2973	[53A-1-402.6]. Significant Significant States $[53A-1-402.6]$. Core standards for Utah public schools.
2974	(1) (a) In establishing minimum standards related to curriculum and instruction
2975	requirements under Section [53A-1-402] 53E-3-501, the State Board of Education shall, in
2976	consultation with local school boards, school superintendents, teachers, employers, and parents
2977	implement core standards for Utah public schools that will enable students to, among other
2978	objectives:
2979	(i) communicate effectively, both verbally and through written communication;
2980	(ii) apply mathematics; and
2981	(iii) access, analyze, and apply information.
2982	(b) Except as provided in this [title] public education code, the State Board of
2983	Education may recommend but may not require a local school board or charter school
2984	governing board to use:
2985	(i) a particular curriculum or instructional material; or
2986	(ii) a model curriculum or instructional material.
2987	(2) The State Board of Education shall, in establishing the core standards for Utah
2988	public schools:
2989	(a) identify the basic knowledge, skills, and competencies each student is expected to
2990	acquire or master as the student advances through the public education system; and
2991	(b) align with each other the core standards for Utah public schools and the
2992	assessments described in Section [53A-1-604] <u>53E-4-303</u> .
2993	(3) The basic knowledge, skills, and competencies identified pursuant to Subsection
2994	(2)(a) shall increase in depth and complexity from year to year and focus on consistent and
2995	continual progress within and between grade levels and courses in the basic academic areas of:
2996	(a) English, including explicit phonics, spelling, grammar, reading, writing,
2997	vocabulary, speech, and listening; and
2998	(b) mathematics, including basic computational skills.
2999	(4) Before adopting core standards for Utah public schools, the State Board of
3000	Education shall:
3001	(a) publicize draft core standards for Utah public schools on the State Board of
3002	Education's website and the Utah Public Notice website created under Section 63F-1-701;
3003	(b) invite public comment on the draft core standards for Utah public schools for a

3004 period of not less than 90 days; and

(c) conduct three public hearings that are held in different regions of the state on the draft core standards for Utah public schools.

- (5) Local school boards shall design their school programs, that are supported by generally accepted scientific standards of evidence, to focus on the core standards for Utah public schools with the expectation that each program will enhance or help achieve mastery of the core standards for Utah public schools.
- (6) Except as provided in Section [53A-13-101] 53G-10-402, each school may select instructional materials and methods of teaching, that are supported by generally accepted scientific standards of evidence, that the school considers most appropriate to meet the core standards for Utah public schools.
- (7) The state may exit any agreement, contract, memorandum of understanding, or consortium that cedes control of the core standards for Utah public schools to any other entity, including a federal agency or consortium, for any reason, including:
 - (a) the cost of developing or implementing the core standards for Utah public schools;
- (b) the proposed core standards for Utah public schools are inconsistent with community values; or
 - (c) the agreement, contract, memorandum of understanding, or consortium:
- (i) was entered into in violation of [Part 9] Chapter 3, Part 8, Implementing Federal or National Education Programs [Act], or Title 63J, Chapter 5, Federal Funds Procedures Act;
 - (ii) conflicts with Utah law;
 - (iii) requires Utah student data to be included in a national or multi-state database;
- (iv) requires records of teacher performance to be included in a national or multi-state database; or
- (v) imposes curriculum, assessment, or data tracking requirements on home school or private school students.
- (8) The State Board of Education shall annually report to the Education Interim Committee on the development and implementation of the core standards for Utah public schools, including the time line established for the review of the core standards for Utah public schools by a standards review committee and the recommendations of a standards review committee established under Section [53A-1-402.8] 53E-4-203.

3033	Section 83. Section 53E-4-203, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-402.8 is
3036	renumbered and amended to read:
3037	[53A-1-402.8]. <u>53E-4-203.</u> Standards review committee.
3038	(1) As used in this section, "board" means the State Board of Education.
3039	(2) Subject to Subsection (5), the State Board of Education shall establish:
3040	(a) a time line for the review by a standards review committee of the core standards for
3041	Utah public schools for:
3042	(i) English language arts;
3043	(ii) mathematics;
3044	(iii) science;
3045	(iv) social studies;
3046	(v) fine arts;
3047	(vi) physical education and health; and
3048	(vii) early childhood education; and
3049	(b) a separate standards review committee for each subject area specified in Subsection
3050	(2)(a) to review, and recommend to the board revisions to, the core standards for Utah public
3051	schools.
3052	(3) At least one year before the board takes formal action to adopt new core standards
3053	for Utah public schools, the board shall establish a standards review committee as required by
3054	Subsection (2)(b).
3055	(4) A standards review committee shall meet at least twice during the time period
3056	described in Subsection (3).
3057	(5) In establishing a time line for the review of core standards for Utah public schools
3058	by a standards review committee, the board shall give priority to establishing a standards
3059	review committee to review, and recommend revisions to, the mathematics core standards for
3060	Utah public schools.
3061	(6) The membership of a standards review committee consists of:
3062	(a) seven individuals, with expertise in the subject being reviewed, appointed by the
3063	board chair, including teachers, business representatives, faculty of higher education
3064	institutions in Utah, and others as determined by the board chair;
3065	(b) five parents or guardians of public education students appointed by the speaker of

3066 the House of Representatives; and

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- (c) five parents or guardians of public education students appointed by the president of the Senate.
 - (7) The board shall provide staff support to the standards review committee.
 - (8) A member of the standards review committee may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service on the committee.
 - (9) Among the criteria a standards review committee shall consider when reviewing the core standards for Utah public schools is giving students an adequate foundation to successfully pursue college, technical education, a career, or other life pursuits.
 - (10) A standards review committee shall submit, to the board, comments and recommendations for revision of the core standards for Utah public schools.
 - (11) The board shall take into consideration the comments and recommendations of a standards review committee in adopting the core standards for Utah public schools.
 - (12) (a) Nothing in this section prohibits the board from amending or adding individual core standards for Utah public schools as the need arises in the board's ongoing responsibilities.
 - (b) If the board makes changes as described in Subsection (12)(a), the board shall include the changes in the annual report the board submits to the Education Interim Committee under Section [53A-1-402.6] 53E-4-202.
 - Section 84. Section **53E-4-204**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-13-108 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-13-108]. 53E-4-204. Standards and graduation requirements.

- (1) The State Board of Education shall establish rigorous core standards for Utah public schools and graduation requirements under Section [53A-1-402] 53E-3-501 for grades 9 through 12 that:
 - (a) are consistent with state law and federal regulations; and
 - (b) beginning no later than with the graduating class of 2008:
 - (i) use competency-based standards and assessments;
- (ii) include instruction that stresses general financial literacy from basic budgeting to financial investments, including bankruptcy education and a general financial literacy test-out option; and
 - (iii) increase graduation requirements in language arts, mathematics, and science to

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(ii) a charter school; or

(iii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.

3097	exceed the existing credit requirements of 3.0 units in language arts, 2.0 units in mathematics,
3098	and 2.0 units in science.
3099	(2) The State Board of Education shall also establish competency-based standards and
3100	assessments for elective courses.
3101	(3) On or before July 1, 2014, the State Board of Education shall adopt revised course
3102	standards and objectives for the course of instruction in general financial literacy described in
3103	Subsection (1)(b) that address:
3104	(a) the costs of going to college, student loans, scholarships, and the Free Application
3105	for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA); and
3106	(b) technology that relates to banking, savings, and financial products.
3107	(4) The State Board of Education shall administer the course of instruction in general
3108	financial literacy described in Subsection (1)(b) in the same manner as other core standards for
3109	Utah public schools courses for grades 9 through 12 are administered.
3110	Section 85. Section 53E-4-205, which is renumbered from Section 53A-13-109.5 is
3111	renumbered and amended to read:
3112	[53A-13-109.5]. 53E-4-205. American civics education initiative.
3113	(1) As used in this section:
3114	(a) "Adult education program" means an organized educational program below the
3115	postsecondary level, other than a regular full-time K-12 secondary education program,
3116	provided by an LEA or nonprofit organization that provides the opportunity for an adult to
3117	further the adult's high school level education.
3118	(b) "Basic civics test" means a test that includes 50 of the 100 questions on the civics
3119	test form used by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services:
3120	(i) to determine that an individual applying for United States citizenship meets the
3121	basic citizenship skills specified in 8 U.S.C. Sec. 1423; and
3122	(ii) in accordance with 8 C.F.R. Sec. 312.2.
3123	(c) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
3124	(d) "LEA" means:
3125	(i) a school district;

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3128	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the board shall require:
3129	(i) a public school student who graduates on or after January 1, 2016, to pass a basic
3130	civics test as a condition for receiving a high school diploma; and
3131	(ii) a student enrolled in an adult education program to pass a basic civics test as a
3132	condition for receiving an adult education secondary diploma.
3133	(b) The board may require a public school student to pass an alternate assessment
3134	instead of a basic civics test if the student qualifies for an alternate assessment, as defined in
3135	board rule.
3136	(3) An individual who correctly answers a minimum of 35 out of the 50 questions on a
3137	basic civics test passes the test and an individual who correctly answers fewer than 35 out of 50
3138	questions on a basic civics test does not pass the test.
3139	(4) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3140	board shall make rules that:
3141	(a) require an LEA that serves secondary students to administer a basic civics test or
3142	alternate assessment to a public school student enrolled in the LEA;
3143	(b) require an adult education program provider to administer a basic civics test to an
3144	individual who intends to receive an adult education secondary diploma;
3145	(c) allow an individual to take a basic civics test as many times as needed in order to
3146	pass the test; and
3147	(d) for the alternate assessment described in Subsection (2)(b), describe:
3148	(i) the content of an alternate assessment;
3149	(ii) how a public school student qualifies for an alternate assessment; and
3150	(iii) how an LEA determines if a student passes an alternate assessment.
3151	Section 86. Section 53E-4-206, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1302 is
3152	renumbered and amended to read:
3153	[53A-1-1302]. <u>53E-4-206.</u> Career and college readiness mathematics
3154	competency standards.
3155	(1) As used in this section, "qualifying score" means a score established as described in
3156	Subsection (4), that, if met by a student, qualifies the student to receive college credit for a
3157	mathematics course that satisfies the state system of higher education quantitative literacy
3158	requirement.

3159	(2) The State Board of Education shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
3160	Administrative Rulemaking Act, make rules that:
3161	(a) (i) establish the mathematics competency standards described in Subsection (3) as a
3162	graduation requirement beginning with the 2016-17 school year; and
3163	(ii) include the qualifying scores described in Subsection (4); and
3164	(b) establish systematic reporting of college and career ready mathematics
3165	achievement.
3166	(3) In addition to other graduation requirements established by the State Board of
3167	Education, a student shall fulfill one of the following requirements to demonstrate mathematics
3168	competency that supports the student's future college and career goals as outlined in the
3169	student's college and career plan:
3170	(a) for a student pursuing a college degree after graduation:
3171	(i) receive a score that at least meets the qualifying score for:
3172	(A) an Advanced Placement calculus or statistics exam;
3173	(B) an International Baccalaureate higher level mathematics exam;
3174	(C) a college-level math placement test described in Subsection (5);
3175	(D) a College Level Examination Program precalculus or calculus exam; or
3176	(E) the ACT Mathematics Test; or
3177	(ii) receive at least a "C" grade in a concurrent enrollment mathematics course that
3178	satisfies the state system of higher education quantitative literacy requirement;
3179	(b) for a non college degree-seeking student, the student shall complete appropriate
3180	math competencies for the student's career goals as described in the student's college and career
3181	plan;
3182	(c) for a student with an individualized education program prepared in accordance with
3183	the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq., the student shall
3184	meet the mathematics standards described in the student's individualized education program; or
3185	(d) for a senior student with special circumstances as described in State Board of
3186	Education rule, the student shall fulfill a requirement associated with the student's special
3187	circumstances, as established in State Board of Education rule.
3188	(4) The State Board of Regents shall, in consultation with the State Board of
3189	Education, determine qualifying scores for the tests and exams described in Subsection

3190	(3)(a)(1).
3191	(5) The State Board of Regents, established in Section 53B-1-103, shall make a policy
3192	to select at least two tests for college-level math placement.
3193	(6) The State Board of Regents shall, in consultation with the State Board of
3194	Education, make policies to:
3195	(a) develop mechanisms for a student who completes a math competency requirement
3196	described in Subsection (3)(a) to:
3197	(i) receive college credit; and
3198	(ii) satisfy the state system of higher education quantitative literacy requirement;
3199	(b) allow a student, upon completion of required high school mathematics courses with
3200	at least a "C" grade, entry into a mathematics concurrent enrollment course;
3201	(c) increase access to a range of mathematics concurrent enrollment courses;
3202	(d) establish a consistent concurrent enrollment course approval process; and
3203	(e) establish a consistent process to qualify high school teachers with an upper level
3204	mathematics endorsement to teach entry level mathematics concurrent enrollment courses.
3205	Section 87. Section 53E-4-301, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-602 is
3206	renumbered and amended to read:
3207	Part 3. Assessments
3208	[53A-1-602]. <u>53E-4-301.</u> Definitions.
3209	As used in this part:
3210	(1) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
3211	(2) "Core standards for Utah public schools" means the standards established by the
3212	board as described in Section [53A-1-402.6] <u>53E-4-202</u> .
3213	(3) "Individualized education program" or "IEP" means a written statement for a
3214	student with a disability that is developed, reviewed, and revised in accordance with the
3215	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.
3216	(4) "Statewide assessment" means one or more of the following, as applicable:
3217	(a) a standards assessment described in Section [53A-1-604] 53E-4-303;
3218	(b) a high school assessment described in Section [53A-1-611.5] 53E-4-304;
3219	(c) a college readiness assessment described in Section [53A-1-611] <u>53E-4-305</u> ; or
3220	(d) an assessment of students in grade 3 to measure reading grade level described in

3221	Section [53A-1-606.6] <u>53E-4-307</u> .
3222	Section 88. Section 53E-4-301.5, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-601 is
3223	renumbered and amended to read:
3224	[53A-1-601]. <u>53E-4-301.5.</u> Legislative intent.
3225	(1) In enacting this part, the Legislature intends to determine the effectiveness of school
3226	districts and schools in assisting students to master the fundamental educational skills toward
3227	which instruction is directed.
3228	(2) The board shall ensure that a statewide assessment provides the public, the
3229	Legislature, the board, school districts, public schools, and school teachers with:
3230	(a) evaluative information regarding the various levels of proficiency achieved by
3231	students, so that they may have an additional tool to plan, measure, and evaluate the
3232	effectiveness of programs in the public schools; and
3233	(b) information to recognize excellence and to identify the need for additional resources
3234	or to reallocate educational resources in a manner to ensure educational opportunities for all
3235	students and to improve existing programs.
3236	Section 89. Section 53E-4-302, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-603 is
3237	renumbered and amended to read:
3238	[53A-1-603]. 53E-4-302. Statewide assessments Duties of State Board of
3239	Education.
3240	(1) The board shall:
3241	(a) require the state superintendent of public instruction to:
3242	(i) submit and recommend statewide assessments to the board for adoption by the
3243	board; and
3244	(ii) distribute the statewide assessments adopted by the board to a school district or
3245	charter school;
3246	(b) provide for the state to participate in the National Assessment of Educational
3247	Progress state-by-state comparison testing program; and
3248	(c) require a school district or charter school to administer statewide assessments.
3249	(2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3250	board shall make rules for the administration of statewide assessments.
3251	(3) The board shall ensure that statewide assessments are administered in compliance

3252	with the requirements of [Part 14, Student Data Protection Act, and Chapter 13, Part 3, Utah
3253	Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act] Chapter 9, Student Privacy and Data Protection.
3254	Section 90. Section 53E-4-303, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-604 is
3255	renumbered and amended to read:
3256	[53A-1-604]. <u>53E-4-303.</u> Utah standards assessments Administration
3257	Review committee.
3258	(1) As used in this section, "computer adaptive assessment" means an assessment that
3259	measures the range of a student's ability by adapting to the student's responses, selecting more
3260	difficult or less difficult questions based on the student's responses.
3261	(2) The board shall:
3262	(a) adopt a standards assessment that:
3263	(i) measures a student's proficiency in:
3264	(A) mathematics for students in each of grades 3 through 8;
3265	(B) English language arts for students in each of grades 3 through 8;
3266	(C) science for students in each of grades 4 through 8; and
3267	(D) writing for students in at least grades 5 and 8; and
3268	(ii) except for the writing measurement described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(D), is a
3269	computer adaptive assessment; and
3270	(b) ensure that an assessment described in Subsection (2)(a) is:
3271	(i) a criterion referenced assessment;
3272	(ii) administered online;
3273	(iii) aligned with the core standards for Utah public schools; and
3274	(iv) adaptable to competency-based education as defined in Section [53A-15-1802]
3275	<u>53F-5-501</u> .
3276	(3) A school district or charter school shall annually administer the standards
3277	assessment adopted by the board under Subsection (2) to all students in the subjects and grade
3278	levels described in Subsection (2).
3279	(4) A student's score on the standards assessment adopted under Subsection (2) may
3280	not be considered in determining:
3281	(a) the student's academic grade for a course; or
3282	(b) whether the student may advance to the next grade level.

3283	(5) (a) The board shall establish a committee consisting of 15 parents of Utah public
3284	education students to review all standards assessment questions.
3285	(b) The committee established in Subsection (5)(a) shall include the following parent
3286	members:
3287	(i) five members appointed by the chair of the board;
3288	(ii) five members appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives or the
3289	speaker's designee; and
3290	(iii) five members appointed by the president of the Senate or the president's designee.
3291	(c) The board shall provide staff support to the parent committee.
3292	(d) The term of office of each member appointed in Subsection (5)(b) is four years.
3293	(e) The chair of the board, the speaker of the House of Representatives, and the
3294	president of the Senate shall adjust the length of terms to stagger the terms of committee
3295	members so that approximately half of the committee members are appointed every two years.
3296	(f) No member may receive compensation or benefits for the member's service on the
3297	committee.
3298	Section 91. Section 53E-4-304, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-611.5 is
3299	renumbered and amended to read:
3300	[53A-1-611.5]. <u>53E-4-304.</u> High school assessments.
3301	(1) The board shall adopt a high school assessment that:
3302	(a) is predictive of a student's college readiness as measured by the college readiness
3303	assessment described in Section [53A-1-611] 53E-4-305; and
3304	(b) provides a growth score for a student from grade 9 to 10.
3305	(2) A school district or charter school shall annually administer the high school
3306	assessment adopted by the board under Subsection (1) to all students in grades 9 and 10.
3307	Section 92. Section 53E-4-305, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-611 is
3308	renumbered and amended to read:
3309	[53A-1-611]. <u>53E-4-305.</u> College readiness assessments.
3310	(1) The Legislature recognizes the need for the board to develop and implement
3311	standards and assessment processes to ensure that student progress is measured and that school
3312	boards and school personnel are accountable.
3313	(2) The board shall adopt a college readiness assessment for secondary students that:

3314	(a) is the college readiness assessment most commonly submitted to local universities;
3315	and
3316	(b) may include:
3317	(i) the Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery; or
3318	(ii) a battery of assessments that are predictive of success in higher education.
3319	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a school district or charter school shall
3320	annually administer the college readiness assessment adopted under Subsection (2) to all
3321	students in grade 11.
3322	(b) A student with an IEP may take an appropriate college readiness assessment other
3323	than the assessment adopted by the board under Subsection (2), as determined by the student's
3324	IEP.
3325	(4) In accordance with Section 53F-4-202, the board shall contract with a provider to
3326	provide an online college readiness diagnostic tool.
3327	Section 93. Section 53E-4-306, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-606.5 is
3328	renumbered and amended to read:
3329	[53A-1-606.5]. 53E-4-306. State reading goal Reading achievement plan.
3330	(1) As used in this section:
3331	(a) "Competency" means a demonstrable acquisition of a specified knowledge, skill, or
3332	ability that has been organized into a hierarchical arrangement leading to higher levels of
3333	knowledge, skill, or ability.
3334	(b) "Five domains of reading" include phonological awareness, phonics, fluency,
3335	comprehension, and vocabulary.
3336	(2) (a) The Legislature recognizes that:
3337	(i) reading is the most fundamental skill, the gateway to knowledge and lifelong
3338	learning;
3339	(ii) there is an ever increasing demand for literacy in the highly technological society
3340	we live in;
3341	(iii) students who do not learn to read will be economically and socially disadvantaged;
3342	(iv) reading problems exist in almost every classroom;
3343	(v) almost all reading failure is preventable if reading difficulties are diagnosed and
3344	treated early; and

3345	(vi) early identification and treatment of reading difficulties can result in students
3346	learning to read by the end of the third grade.
3347	(b) It is therefore the goal of the state to have every student in the state's public
3348	education system reading on or above grade level by the end of the third grade.
3349	(3) (a) Each public school containing kindergarten, grade one, grade two, or grade
3350	three, including charter schools, shall develop, as a component of the school improvement plan
3351	described in Section [53A-1a-108.5] 53G-7-1204, a reading achievement plan for its students
3352	in kindergarten through grade three to reach the reading goal set in Subsection (2)(b).
3353	(b) The reading achievement plan shall be:
3354	(i) created under the direction of:
3355	(A) the school community council or a subcommittee or task force created by the
3356	school community council, in the case of a school district school; or
3357	(B) the charter school governing board or a subcommittee or task force created by the
3358	governing board, in the case of a charter school; and
3359	(ii) implemented by the school's principal, teachers, and other appropriate school staff.
3360	(c) The school principal shall take primary responsibility to provide leadership and
3361	allocate resources and support for teachers and students, most particularly for those who are
3362	reading below grade level, to achieve the reading goal.
3363	(d) Each reading achievement plan shall include:
3364	(i) an assessment component that:
3365	(A) focuses on ongoing formative assessment to measure the five domains of reading,
3366	as appropriate, and inform individualized instructional decisions; and
3367	(B) includes a benchmark assessment of reading approved by the [State Board of
3368	Education board pursuant to Section [53A-1-606.6] 53E-4-307;
3369	(ii) an intervention component:
3370	(A) that provides adequate and appropriate interventions focused on each student
3371	attaining competency in reading skills;
3372	(B) based on best practices identified through proven researched-based methods;
3373	(C) that provides intensive intervention, such as focused instruction in small groups
3374	and individualized data driven instruction, implemented at the earliest possible time for
3375	students having difficulty in reading;

3376	(D) that provides an opportunity for parents to receive materials and guidance so that
3377	they will be able to assist their children in attaining competency in reading skills; and
3378	(E) that, as resources allow, may involve a reading specialist; and
3379	(iii) a reporting component that includes reporting to parents:
3380	(A) at the beginning, in the middle, and at the end of grade one, grade two, and grade
3381	three, their child's benchmark assessment results as required by Section [53A-1-606.6]
3382	<u>53E-4-307</u> ; and
3383	(B) at the end of third grade, their child's reading level.
3384	(e) In creating or reviewing a reading achievement plan as required by this section, a
3385	school community council, charter school governing board, or a subcommittee or task force of
3386	a school community council or charter school governing board may not have access to data that
3387	reveal the identity of students.
3388	(4) (a) The school district shall approve each plan developed by schools within the
3389	district prior to its implementation and review each plan annually.
3390	(b) The charter school governing board shall approve each plan developed by schools
3391	under its control and review each plan annually.
3392	(c) A school district and charter school governing board shall:
3393	(i) monitor the learning gains of a school's students as reported by the benchmark
3394	assessments administered pursuant to Section [53A-1-606.6] 53E-4-307; and
3395	(ii) require a reading achievement plan to be revised, if the school district or charter
3396	school governing board determines a school's students are not making adequate learning gains.
3397	Section 94. Section 53E-4-307, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-606.6 is
3398	renumbered and amended to read:
3399	[53A-1-606.6]. 53E-4-307. Benchmark assessments in reading Report to
3400	parent or guardian.
3401	(1) As used in this section[: (a) "Board" means the State Board of Education. (b)
3402	"Competency"], "competency" means a demonstrable acquisition of a specified knowledge,
3403	skill, or ability that has been organized into a hierarchical arrangement leading to higher levels
3404	of knowledge, skill, or ability.
3405	(2) The board shall approve a benchmark assessment for use statewide by school
3406	districts and charter schools to assess the reading competency of students in grades one, two.

3407	and three as provided by this section.
3408	(3) A school district or charter school shall:
3409	(a) administer benchmark assessments to students in grades one, two, and three at the
3410	beginning, middle, and end of the school year using the benchmark assessment approved by the
3411	board; and
3412	(b) after administering a benchmark assessment, report the results to a student's parent
3413	or guardian.
3414	(4) If a benchmark assessment or supplemental reading assessment indicates a student
3415	lacks competency in a reading skill, or is lagging behind other students in the student's grade in
3416	acquiring a reading skill, the school district or charter school shall:
3417	(a) provide focused individualized intervention to develop the reading skill;
3418	(b) administer formative assessments to measure the success of the focused
3419	intervention;
3420	(c) inform the student's parent or guardian of activities that the parent or guardian may
3421	engage in with the student to assist the student in improving reading proficiency; and
3422	(d) provide information to the parent or guardian regarding appropriate interventions
3423	available to the student outside of the regular school day that may include tutoring, before and
3424	after school programs, or summer school.
3425	(5) In accordance with Section 53F-4-201, the board shall contract with one or more
3426	educational technology providers for a diagnostic assessment system for reading for students in
3427	kindergarten through grade 3.
3428	Section 95. Section 53E-4-308, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-603.5 is
3429	renumbered and amended to read:
3430	[53A-1-603.5]. 53E-4-308. Unique student identifier Coordination of
3431	higher education and public education information technology systems.
3432	(1) As used in this section, "unique student identifier" means an alphanumeric code
3433	assigned to each public education student for identification purposes, which:
3434	(a) is not assigned to any former or current student; and
3435	(b) does not incorporate personal information, including a birth date or Social Security
3436	number.

(2) The board, through the superintendent of public instruction, shall assign each

public education student a unique student identifier, which shall be used to track individual student performance on achievement tests administered under this part.

- (3) The board and the State Board of Regents shall coordinate public education and higher education information technology systems to allow individual student academic achievement to be tracked through both education systems in accordance with this section and Section 53B-1-109.
- (4) The board and the State Board of Regents shall coordinate access to the unique student identifier of a public education student who later attends an institution within the state system of higher education.
- Section 96. Section **53E-4-309**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-610 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-1-610]. <u>53E-4-309.</u> Grade level specification change.

- (1) The board may change a grade level specification for the administration of specific assessments under this part to a different grade level specification or a competency-based specification if the specification is more consistent with patterns of school organization.
- (2) (a) If the board changes a grade level specification described in Subsection (1), the board shall submit a report to the Legislature explaining the reasons for changing the grade level specification.
 - (b) The board shall submit the report at least six months before the anticipated change.
- Section 97. Section **53E-4-310**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-607 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-1-607]. 53E-4-310. Scoring -- Reports of results.

- (1) For a statewide assessment that requires the use of a student answer sheet, a local school board or charter school governing board shall submit all answer sheets on a per-school and per-class basis to the state superintendent of public instruction for scoring unless the assessment requires scoring by a national testing service.
- (2) The district, school, and class results of the statewide assessments, but not the score or relative position of individual students, shall be reported to each local school board or charter school governing board annually at a regularly scheduled meeting.
 - (3) A local school board or charter school governing board:
 - (a) shall make copies of the report available to the general public upon request; and

3469	(b) may charge a fee for the cost of copying the report.
3470	(4) (a) The board shall annually provide to school districts and charter schools a
3471	comprehensive report for each of the school district's and charter school's students showing the
3472	student's statewide assessment results for each year that the student took a statewide
3473	assessment.
3474	(b) A school district or charter school shall give a copy of the comprehensive report to
3475	the student's parents and make the report available to school staff, as appropriate.
3476	Section 98. Section 53E-4-311, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-605 is
3477	renumbered and amended to read:
3478	[53A-1-605]. <u>53E-4-311.</u> Analysis of results Staff professional
3479	development.
3480	(1) The board, through the state superintendent of public instruction, shall develop an
3481	online data reporting tool to analyze the results of statewide assessments.
3482	(2) The online data reporting tool shall include components designed to:
3483	(a) assist school districts and individual schools to use the results of the analysis in
3484	planning, evaluating, and enhancing programs;
3485	(b) identify schools not achieving state-established acceptable levels of student
3486	performance in order to assist those schools in improving student performance levels; and
3487	(c) provide:
3488	(i) for statistical reporting of statewide assessment results at state, school district,
3489	school, and grade or course levels; and
3490	(ii) actual levels of performance on statewide assessments.
3491	(3) A local school board or charter school governing board shall provide for:
3492	(a) evaluation of the statewide assessment results and use of the evaluations in setting
3493	goals and establishing programs; and
3494	(b) a professional development program that provides teachers, principals, and other
3495	professional staff with the training required to successfully establish and maintain statewide
3496	assessments.
3497	Section 99. Section 53E-4-312, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-608 is
3498	renumbered and amended to read:
3499	[53A-1-608]. <u>53E-4-312.</u> Preparation for tests.

3500	(1) School district employees may not conduct any specific instruction or preparation
3501	of students that would be a breach of testing ethics, such as the teaching of specific test
3502	questions.
3503	(2) School district employees who administer the test shall follow the standardization
3504	procedures in the test administration manual for an assessment and any additional specific
3505	instructions developed by the board.
3506	(3) The board may revoke the certification of an individual who violates this section.
3507	Section 100. Section 53E-4-313, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-609 is
3508	renumbered and amended to read:
3509	[53A-1-609]. <u>53E-4-313.</u> Construction of part.
3510	Nothing in this part shall be construed to mean or represented to require that graduation
3511	from a high school or promotion to another grade is in any way dependent upon successful
3512	performance of any test administered as a part of the testing program established under this
3513	part.
3514	Section 101. Section 53E-4-401 is enacted to read:
3515	Part 4. State Instructional Materials Commission
3516	53E-4-401. Definitions.
3517	As used in this part, "instructional materials" means textbooks or materials used as, or
3518	in place of, textbooks and which may be used within the state curriculum framework for
3519	courses of study by students in public schools to include:
3520	(1) textbooks;
3521	(2) workbooks;
3522	(3) computer software;
3523	(4) laser discs or videodiscs; and
3524	(5) multiple forms of communications media.
3525	Section 102. Section 53E-4-402, which is renumbered from Section 53A-14-101 is
3526	renumbered and amended to read:
3527	[53A-14-101]. 53E-4-402. Creation of commission Powers Payment of
3528	expenses.
3529	(1) The State Board of Education shall appoint a State Instructional Materials
3530	Commission consisting of:

3331	(a) the state superintendent of public instruction of the superintendent's designee;
3532	(b) a school district superintendent;
3533	(c) a secondary school principal;
3534	(d) an elementary school principal;
3535	(e) a secondary school teacher;
3536	(f) an elementary school teacher;
3537	(g) five persons not employed in public education; and
3538	(h) a dean of a school of education of a state college or university.
3539	(2) The commission shall evaluate instructional materials for recommendation by the
3540	board.
3541	[(3) As used in this chapter, "instructional materials" means textbooks or materials
3542	used as, or in place, of textbooks and which may be used within the state curriculum
3543	framework for courses of study by students in public schools to include:]
3544	[(a) textbooks;]
3545	[(b) workbooks;]
3546	[(c) computer software;]
3547	[(d) laserdiscs or videodiscs; and]
3548	[(e) multiple forms of communications media.]
3549	[(4)] (3) Members shall serve without compensation, but their actual and necessary
3550	expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties shall be paid out of money
3551	appropriated to the board.
3552	Section 103. Section 53E-4-403, which is renumbered from Section 53A-14-102 is
3553	renumbered and amended to read:
3554	[53A-14-102]. 53E-4-403. Commission's evaluation of instructional
3555	materials Recommendation by the state board.
3556	(1) Semi-annually after reviewing the evaluations of the commission, the board shall
3557	recommend instructional materials for use in the public schools.
3558	(2) The standard period of time instructional materials shall remain on the list of
3559	recommended instructional materials shall be five years.
3560	(3) Unsatisfactory instructional materials may be removed from the list of
3561	recommended instructional materials at any time within the period applicable to the

3562	instructional materials.
3563	(4) Except as provided in Section [53A-13-101] 53G-10-402, each school shall have
3564	discretion to select instructional materials for use by the school. A school may select:
3565	(a) instructional materials recommended by the board as provided in this section; or
3566	(b) other instructional materials the school considers appropriate to teach the core
3567	standards for Utah public schools.
3568	Section 104. Section 53E-4-404, which is renumbered from Section 53A-14-103 is
3569	renumbered and amended to read:
3570	[53A-14-103]. <u>53E-4-404.</u> Meetings Notice.
3571	(1) The commission shall meet at the call of the state superintendent of public
3572	instruction or the superintendent's designee.
3573	(2) Notice of a meeting shall be given as required under Section 52-4-202.
3574	Section 105. Section 53E-4-405, which is renumbered from Section 53A-14-104 is
3575	renumbered and amended to read:
3576	[53A-14-104]. 53E-4-405. Sealed proposals for instructional materials
3577	contracts Sample copies Price of instructional materials.
3578	(1) As used in this section, the word "sealed" does not preclude acceptance of
3579	electronically sealed and submitted bids or proposals in addition to bids or proposals manually
3580	sealed and submitted.
3581	(2) A person seeking a contract to furnish instructional materials for use in the public
3582	schools shall submit a sealed proposal to the commission.
3583	(3) Each proposal must:
3584	(a) be accompanied by sample copies of the instructional materials to be reviewed; and
3585	(b) include the wholesale price at which the publisher agrees to furnish the
3586	instructional materials to districts and schools during the approval period.
3587	Section 106. Section 53E-4-406, which is renumbered from Section 53A-14-105 is
3588	renumbered and amended to read:
3589	[53A-14-105]. 53E-4-406. Awarding instructional materials contracts.
3590	(1) The board shall award contracts for furnishing instructional materials.
3591	(2) If a satisfactory proposal to furnish instructional materials is not received, a new
3592	request for proposals may be issued.

3593	Section 107. Section 53E-4-407 , which is renumbered from Section 53A-14-106 is
3594	renumbered and amended to read:
3595	[53A-14-106]. <u>53E-4-407.</u> Illegal acts Misdemeanor.
3596	It is a misdemeanor for a member of the commission or the board to receive money or
3597	other remuneration as an inducement for the recommendation or introduction of instructional
3598	materials into the schools.
3599	Section 108. Section 53E-4-408, which is renumbered from Section 53A-14-107 is
3600	renumbered and amended to read:
3601	[53A-14-107]. <u>53E-4-408.</u> Instructional materials alignment with core
3602	standards for Utah public schools.
3603	(1) For a school year beginning with or after the 2012-13 school year, a school district
3604	may not purchase primary instructional materials unless the primary instructional materials
3605	provider:
3606	(a) contracts with an independent party to evaluate and map the alignment of the
3607	primary instructional materials with the core standards for Utah public schools adopted under
3608	Section [53A-1-402] <u>53E-3-501</u> ;
3609	(b) provides a detailed summary of the evaluation under Subsection (1)(a) on a public
3610	website at no charge, for use by teachers and the general public; and
3611	(c) pays the costs related to the requirements of this Subsection (1).
3612	(2) The requirements under Subsection (1) may not be performed by:
3613	(a) the State Board of Education;
3614	(b) the superintendent of public instruction or employees of the State Board of
3615	Education;
3616	(c) the State Instructional Materials Commission appointed pursuant to Section
3617	[53A-14-101] <u>53E-4-402</u> ;
3618	(d) a local school board or a school district; or
3619	(e) the instructional materials creator or publisher.
3620	(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3621	State Board of Education shall make rules that establish:
3622	(a) the qualifications of the independent parties who may evaluate and map the
3623	alignment of the primary instructional materials in accordance with the provisions of

3624	Subsection (1)(a); and
3625	(b) requirements for the detailed summary of the evaluation and its placement on a
3626	public website in accordance with the provisions of Subsection (1)(b).
3627	Section 109. Section 53E-5-101 is enacted to read:
3628	CHAPTER 5. ACCOUNTABILITY
3629	Part 1. General Provisions
3630	<u>53E-5-101.</u> Title.
3631	This chapter is known as "Accountability."
3632	Section 110. Section 53E-5-201, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1102 is
3633	renumbered and amended to read:
3634	Part 2. School Accountability System
3635	[53A-1-1102]. <u>53E-5-201.</u> Definitions.
3636	As used in this part:
3637	(1) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
3638	(2) "Individualized education program" means a written statement for a student with a
3639	disability that is developed, reviewed, and revised in accordance with the Individuals with
3640	Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.
3641	(3) "Lowest performing 25% of students" means the proportion of a school's students
3642	who scored in the lowest 25% of students in the school on a statewide assessment based on the
3643	prior school year's scores.
3644	(4) "Statewide assessment" means one or more of the following, as applicable:
3645	(a) a standards assessment described in Section [53A-1-604] 53E-4-303;
3646	(b) a high school assessment described in Section [53A-1-611.5] 53E-4-304;
3647	(c) a college readiness assessment described in Section [53A-1-611] <u>53E-4-305</u> ; or
3648	(d) an alternate assessment administered to a student with a disability.
3649	Section 111. Section 53E-5-202, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1103 is
3650	renumbered and amended to read:
3651	[53A-1-1103]. 53E-5-202. Statewide school accountability system State
3652	Board of Education rulemaking.
3653	(1) There is established a statewide school accountability system.
3654	(2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

3655	board shall make rules to implement the school accountability system in accordance with this
3656	part.
3657	Section 112. Section 53E-5-203, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1104 is
3658	renumbered and amended to read:
3659	[53A-1-1104]. 53E-5-203. Schools included in school accountability system
3660	Other indicators and point distribution for a school that serves a special student
3661	population.
3662	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the board shall include all public schools in
3663	the state in the school accountability system established under this part.
3664	(2) The board shall exempt from the school accountability system:
3665	(a) a school in which the number of students tested on a statewide assessment is lower
3666	than the minimum sample size necessary, based on acceptable professional practice for
3667	statistical reliability, or when release of the information would violate 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232h,
3668	the prevention of the unlawful release of personally identifiable student data;
3669	(b) a school in the school's first year of operations if the school's local school board or
3670	charter school governing board requests the exemption; or
3671	(c) a high school in the school's second year of operations if the school's local school
3672	board or charter school governing board requests the exemption.
3673	(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this part, the board may use, to appropriately
3674	assess the educational impact of a school that serves a special student population:
3675	(a) other indicators in addition to the indicators described in Section [53A-1-1106]
3676	<u>53E-5-205</u> or [53A-1-1107] <u>53E-5-206</u> ; or
3677	(b) different point distribution than the point distribution described in Section
3678	[53A-1-1108] <u>53E-5-207</u> .
3679	Section 113. Section 53E-5-204, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1105 is
3680	renumbered and amended to read:
3681	[53A-1-1105]. <u>53E-5-204.</u> Rating schools.
3682	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), and in accordance with this part, the board
3683	shall annually assign to each school an overall rating using an A through F letter grading scale
3684	where, based on the school's performance level on the indicators described in Subsection (2):
3685	(a) an A grade represents an exemplary school;

3686	(b) a B grade represents a commendable school;
3687	(c) a C grade represents a typical school;
3688	(d) a D grade represents a developing school; and
3689	(e) an F grade represents a critical needs school.
3690	(2) A school's overall rating described in Subsection (1) shall be based on the school's
3691	performance on the indicators described in:
3692	(a) Section [53A-1-1106] <u>53E-5-205</u> , for an elementary school or a middle school; or
3693	(b) Section [53A-1-1107] <u>53E-5-206</u> , for a high school.
3694	(3) (a) For a school year in which the board determines it is necessary to establish, due
3695	to a transition to a new assessment, a new baseline to determine student growth described in
3696	Section [53A-1-1111] 53E-5-210, the board is not required to assign an overall rating described
3697	in Subsection (1) to a school to which the new baseline applies.
3698	(b) For the 2017-2018 school year, the board:
3699	(i) shall evaluate a school based on the school's performance level on the indicators
3700	described in Subsection (2) and in accordance with this part; and
3701	(ii) is not required to assign a school an overall rating described in Subsection (1).
3702	Section 114. Section 53E-5-205, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1106 is
3703	renumbered and amended to read:
3704	[53A-1-1106]. 53E-5-205. Indicators for elementary and middle schools.
3705	For an elementary school or a middle school, the board shall assign the school's overall
3706	rating, in accordance with Section [53A-1-1108] 53E-5-207, based on the school's performance
3707	on the following indicators:
3708	(1) academic achievement as measured by performance on a statewide assessment of
3709	English language arts, mathematics, and science;
3710	(2) academic growth as measured by progress from year to year on a statewide
3711	assessment of English language arts, mathematics, and science; and
3712	(3) equitable educational opportunity as measured by:
3713	(a) academic growth of the lowest performing 25% of students as measured by
3714	progress of the lowest performing 25% of students on a statewide assessment of English
3715	language arts, mathematics, and science; and
3716	(b) except as provided in Section [53A-1-1110] 53E-5-209, English learner progress as

3/1/	measured by performance on an English learner assessment established by the board.
3718	Section 115. Section 53E-5-206, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1107 is
3719	renumbered and amended to read:
3720	[53A-1-1107]. <u>53E-5-206.</u> Indicators for high schools.
3721	For a high school, in accordance with Section [53A-1-1108] 53E-5-207, the board shall
3722	assign the school's overall rating based on the school's performance on the following
3723	indicators:
3724	(1) academic achievement as measured by performance on a statewide assessment of
3725	English language arts, mathematics, and science;
3726	(2) academic growth as measured by progress from year to year on a statewide
3727	assessment of English language arts, mathematics, and science;
3728	(3) equitable educational opportunity as measured by:
3729	(a) academic growth of the lowest performing 25% of students as measured by
3730	progress of the lowest performing 25% of students on a statewide assessment of English
3731	language arts, mathematics, and science; and
3732	(b) except as provided in Section [53A-1-1110] <u>53E-5-209</u> , English learner progress as
3733	measured by performance on an English learner assessment established by the board; and
3734	(4) postsecondary readiness as measured by:
3735	(a) the school's graduation rate, as described in Section [53A-1-1108] <u>53E-5-207</u> ;
3736	(b) student performance, as described in Section [53A-1-1108] 53E-5-207, on a college
3737	readiness assessment described in Section [53A-1-611] <u>53E-4-305</u> ; and
3738	(c) student achievement in advanced course work, as described in Section
3739	[53A-1-1108] <u>53E-5-207</u> .
3740	Section 116. Section 53E-5-207 , which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1108 is
3741	renumbered and amended to read:
3742	[53A-1-1108]. <u>53E-5-207.</u> Calculation of points.
3743	(1) (a) The board shall award to a school points for academic achievement described in
3744	Subsection [$\frac{53A-1-1106}{2}$] $\frac{53E-5-205}{2}$ (1) or [$\frac{53A-1-1107}{2}$] $\frac{53E-5-206}{2}$ (1) as follows:
3745	(i) the board shall award a school points proportional to the percentage of the school's
3746	students who, out of all the school's students who take a statewide assessment of English
3747	language arts, score at or above the proficient level on the assessment;

- 3748 (ii) the board shall award a school points proportional to the percentage of the school's 3749 students who, out of all the school's students who take a statewide assessment of mathematics, 3750 score at or above the proficient level on the assessment; and 3751 (iii) the board shall award a school points proportional to the percentage of the school's
 - (iii) the board shall award a school points proportional to the percentage of the school's students who, out of all the school's students who take a statewide assessment of science, score at or above the proficient level on the assessment.
 - (b) (i) The maximum number of total points possible for academic achievement described in Subsection (1)(a) is 56 points.

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- (ii) The maximum number of points possible for a component listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is one-third of the number of points described in Subsection (1)(b)(i).
- (2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), the board shall award to a school points for academic growth described in Subsection [$\frac{53A-1-1106}{53E-5-205}$ (2) or [$\frac{53A-1-1107}{53E-5-206}$ (2) as follows:
- (i) the board shall award a school points for growth of the school's students on a statewide assessment of English language arts;
- (ii) the board shall award a school points for growth of the school's students on a statewide assessment of mathematics; and
- (iii) the board shall award a school points for growth of the school's students on a statewide assessment of science.
- (b) The board shall determine points for growth awarded under Subsection (2)(a) by indexing the points based on:
- (i) whether a student's performance on a statewide assessment is equal to or exceeds the student's academic growth target; and
- (ii) the amount of a student's growth on a statewide assessment compared to other students with similar prior assessment scores.
- (c) (i) The maximum number of total points possible for academic growth described in Subsection (2)(a) is 56 points.
- (ii) The maximum number of points possible for a component listed in Subsection (2)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is one-third of the number of points described in Subsection (2)(c)(i).
- 3777 (3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), the board shall award to a school points for equitable educational opportunity described in Subsection [53A-1-1106] 53E-5-205(3) or

 $\left[\frac{53A-1-1107}{53E-5-206}\right]$ 376 as follows:

- (i) the board shall award a school points for growth of the school's lowest performing 25% of students on a statewide assessment of English language arts;
- (ii) the board shall award a school points for growth of the school's lowest performing 25% of students on a statewide assessment of mathematics;
- (iii) the board shall award a school points for growth of the school's lowest performing 25% of students on a statewide assessment of science; and
- (iv) except as provided in Section [53A-1-1110] 53E-5-209, the board shall award to a school points proportional to the percentage of English learners who achieve adequate progress as determined by the board on an English learner assessment established by the board.
- (b) The board shall determine points for academic growth awarded under Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) by indexing the points based on the amount of a student's growth on a statewide assessment compared to other students with similar prior assessment scores.
- (c) (i) The maximum number of total points possible for equitable educational opportunity described in Subsection (3)(a) is 38 points.
- (ii) The maximum number of points possible for the components listed in Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), and (iii), combined, is 25 points.
- (iii) The maximum number of points possible for a component listed in Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is one-third of the number of the combined points described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii).
- (iv) The maximum number of points possible for the component listed in Subsection (3)(a)(iv) is 13 points.
- (4) (a) The board shall award to a high school points for postsecondary readiness described in Subsection [53A-1-1107] 53E-5-206(4) as follows:
- (i) the board shall award to a high school points proportional to the percentage of the school's students who, out of all the school's students who take a college readiness assessment described in Section [53A-1-611] 53E-4-305, receive a composite score of at least 18 on the assessment;
- (ii) the board shall award to a high school points proportional to the percentage of the school's students who achieve at least one of the following:
 - (A) a C grade or better in an Advanced Placement course;

3810	(B) a C grade or better in a concurrent enrollment course;
3811	(C) a C grade or better in an International Baccalaureate course; or
3812	(D) completion of a career and technical education pathway, as defined by the board;
3813	and
3814	(iii) in accordance with Subsection (4)(c), the board shall award to a high school points
3815	proportional to the percentage of the school's students who graduate from the school.
3816	(b) (i) The maximum number of total points possible for postsecondary readiness
3817	described in Subsection (4)(a) is 75 points.
3818	(ii) The maximum number of points possible for a component listed in Subsection
3819	(4)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is one-third of the number of points described in Subsection (4)(b)(i).
3820	(c) (i) In calculating the percentage of students who graduate described in Subsection
3821	(4)(a)(iii), except as provided in Subsection (4)(c)(ii), the board shall award to a high school
3822	points proportional to the percentage of the school's students who graduate from the school
3823	within four years.
3824	(ii) The board may award up to 10% of the points allocated for high school graduation
3825	described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) to a school for students who graduate from the school within
3826	five years.
3827	Section 117. Section 53E-5-208, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1109 is
3828	renumbered and amended to read:
3829	[53A-1-1109]. 53E-5-208. Calculation of total points awarded Maximum
3830	number of total points possible.
3831	(1) Except as provided in Section [53A-1-1110] <u>53E-5-209</u> , the board shall calculate
3832	the number of total points awarded to a school by totaling the number of points the board
3833	awards to the school in accordance with Section [$\frac{53A-1-1108}{2}$] $\frac{53E-5-207}{2}$.
3834	(2) The maximum number of total points possible under Subsection (1) is:
3835	(a) for an elementary school or a middle school, 150 points; or
3836	(b) for a high school, 225 points.
3837	Section 118. Section 53E-5-209 , which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1110 is
3838	renumbered and amended to read:
3839	[53A-1-1110]. <u>53E-5-209.</u> Exclusion of English learner progress
3840	Calculation of total points awarded for a school with fewer than 10 English learners.

3841	(1) For a school that has fewer than 10 English learners, the board shall:
3842	(a) exclude the use of English learner progress in determining the school's overall
3843	rating by:
3844	(i) awarding no points to the school for English learner progress described in
3845	Subsection [$\frac{53A-1-1108}{2}$] $\frac{53E-5-207}{2}$ (3)(a)(iv); and
3846	(ii) excluding the points described in Subsection [53A-1-1108] 53E-5-207(3)(c)(iv)
3847	from the school's maximum points possible; and
3848	(b) calculate the number of total points awarded to the school by totaling the number of
3849	points the board awards to the school in accordance with Section [53A-1-1108] 53E-5-207
3850	subject to the exclusion described in Subsection (1)(a).
3851	(2) The maximum number of total points possible under Subsection (1) is:
3852	(a) for an elementary school or a middle school, 137 points; or
3853	(b) for a high school, 212 points.
3854	Section 119. Section 53E-5-210, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1111 is
3855	renumbered and amended to read:
3856	[53A-1-1111]. <u>53E-5-210.</u> State Board of Education duties Proficient
3856 3857	[53A-1-1111]. <u>53E-5-210.</u> State Board of Education duties Proficient level Student growth English learner adequate progress.
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	level Student growth English learner adequate progress.
3857 3858	level Student growth English learner adequate progress. (1) (a) For the purpose of determining whether a student scores at or above the
3857 3858 3859	level Student growth English learner adequate progress. (1) (a) For the purpose of determining whether a student scores at or above the proficient level on a statewide assessment, the board shall determine, through a process that
3857 3858 3859 3860	level Student growth English learner adequate progress. (1) (a) For the purpose of determining whether a student scores at or above the proficient level on a statewide assessment, the board shall determine, through a process that evaluates student performance based on specific criteria, the minimum level that demonstrates
3857 3858 3859 3860 3861 3862	level Student growth English learner adequate progress. (1) (a) For the purpose of determining whether a student scores at or above the proficient level on a statewide assessment, the board shall determine, through a process that evaluates student performance based on specific criteria, the minimum level that demonstrates proficiency for each statewide assessment.
3857 3858 3859 3860 3861	level Student growth English learner adequate progress. (1) (a) For the purpose of determining whether a student scores at or above the proficient level on a statewide assessment, the board shall determine, through a process that evaluates student performance based on specific criteria, the minimum level that demonstrates proficiency for each statewide assessment. (b) If the board adjusts the minimum level that demonstrates proficiency described in
3857 3858 3859 3860 3861 3862 3863	level Student growth English learner adequate progress. (1) (a) For the purpose of determining whether a student scores at or above the proficient level on a statewide assessment, the board shall determine, through a process that evaluates student performance based on specific criteria, the minimum level that demonstrates proficiency for each statewide assessment. (b) If the board adjusts the minimum level that demonstrates proficiency described in Subsection (1)(a), the board shall report the adjustment and the reason for the adjustment to the
3857 3858 3859 3860 3861 3862 3863 3864	level Student growth English learner adequate progress. (1) (a) For the purpose of determining whether a student scores at or above the proficient level on a statewide assessment, the board shall determine, through a process that evaluates student performance based on specific criteria, the minimum level that demonstrates proficiency for each statewide assessment. (b) If the board adjusts the minimum level that demonstrates proficiency described in Subsection (1)(a), the board shall report the adjustment and the reason for the adjustment to the Education Interim Committee no later than 30 days after the day on which the board makes the
3857 3858 3859 3860 3861 3862 3863 3864 3865	level Student growth English learner adequate progress. (1) (a) For the purpose of determining whether a student scores at or above the proficient level on a statewide assessment, the board shall determine, through a process that evaluates student performance based on specific criteria, the minimum level that demonstrates proficiency for each statewide assessment. (b) If the board adjusts the minimum level that demonstrates proficiency described in Subsection (1)(a), the board shall report the adjustment and the reason for the adjustment to the Education Interim Committee no later than 30 days after the day on which the board makes the adjustment.
3857 3858 3859 3860 3861 3862 3863 3864 3865 3866	level Student growth English learner adequate progress. (1) (a) For the purpose of determining whether a student scores at or above the proficient level on a statewide assessment, the board shall determine, through a process that evaluates student performance based on specific criteria, the minimum level that demonstrates proficiency for each statewide assessment. (b) If the board adjusts the minimum level that demonstrates proficiency described in Subsection (1)(a), the board shall report the adjustment and the reason for the adjustment to the Education Interim Committee no later than 30 days after the day on which the board makes the adjustment. (2) (a) For the purpose of determining whether a student's performance on a statewide
3857 3858 3859 3860 3861 3862 3863 3864 3865 3866 3867	level Student growth English learner adequate progress. (1) (a) For the purpose of determining whether a student scores at or above the proficient level on a statewide assessment, the board shall determine, through a process that evaluates student performance based on specific criteria, the minimum level that demonstrates proficiency for each statewide assessment. (b) If the board adjusts the minimum level that demonstrates proficiency described in Subsection (1)(a), the board shall report the adjustment and the reason for the adjustment to the Education Interim Committee no later than 30 days after the day on which the board makes the adjustment. (2) (a) For the purpose of determining whether a student's performance on a statewide assessment is equal to or exceeds the student's academic growth target, the board shall

assessment compared to other students with similar prior assessment scores, the board shall

3872	calculate growth as a percentile for a student using appropriate statistical methods.
3873	(3) For the purpose of determining whether an English learner achieves adequate
3874	progress on an English learner assessment established by the board, the board shall determine
3875	the minimum progress that demonstrates adequate progress.
3876	Section 120. Section 53E-5-211, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1112 is
3877	renumbered and amended to read:
3878	[53A-1-1112]. <u>53E-5-211.</u> Reporting.
3879	(1) The board shall annually publish on the board's website a report card that includes
3880	for each school:
3881	(a) the school's overall rating described in Subsection [53A-1-1105] 53E-5-204(1);
3882	(b) the school's performance on each indicator described in:
3883	(i) Section [53A-1-1106] 53E-5-205, for an elementary school or a middle school; or
3884	(ii) Section [53A-1-1107] <u>53E-5-206</u> , for a high school;
3885	(c) information comparing the school's performance on each indicator described in
3886	Subsection (1)(b) with:
3887	(i) the average school performance; and
3888	(ii) the school's performance in all previous years for which data is available;
3889	(d) the percentage of students who participated in statewide assessments;
3890	(e) for an elementary school, the percentage of students who read on grade level in
3891	grades 1 through 3; and
3892	(f) for a high school, performance on Advanced Placement exams.
3893	(2) A school may include in the school's report card described in Subsection (1) up to
3894	two self-reported school quality indicators that:
3895	(a) are approved by the board for inclusion; and
3896	(b) may include process or input indicators.
3897	(3) (a) The board shall develop an individualized student achievement report that
3898	includes:
3899	(i) information on the student's level of proficiency as measured by a statewide
3900	assessment; and
3901	(ii) a comparison of the student's academic growth target and actual academic growth

as measured by a statewide assessment.

3903	(b) The board shall, subject to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20
3904	U.S.C. Sec. 1232g, make the individualized student achievement report described in
3905	Subsection (3)(a) available for a school district or charter school to access electronically.
3906	(c) A school district or charter school shall distribute an individualized student
3907	achievement report to the parent or guardian of the student to whom the report applies.
3908	Section 121. Section 53E-5-301, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1202 is
3909	renumbered and amended to read:
3910	Part 3. School Turnaround and Leadership Development
3911	[53A-1-1202]. <u>53E-5-301.</u> Definitions.
3912	As used in this part:
3913	(1) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
3914	(2) "Charter school authorizer" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3915	[53A-1a-501.3] <u>53G-5-102</u> .
3916	(3) "Charter school governing board" means the governing board, as defined in Section
3917	[53A-1a-501.3] <u>53G-5-102</u> , that governs a charter.
3918	(4) "District school" means a public school under the control of a local school board
3919	elected under Title 20A, Chapter 14, Nomination and Election of State and Local School
3920	Boards.
3921	(5) "Educator" means the same as that term is defined in Section [53A-6-103]
3922	<u>53E-6-102</u> .
3923	(6) "Final remedial year" means the second school year following the initial remedial
3924	year.
3925	(7) "Independent school turnaround expert" or "turnaround expert" means a person
3926	identified by the board under Section [53A-1-1206] <u>53E-5-305</u> .
3927	(8) "Initial remedial year" means the school year a district school or charter school is
3928	designated as a low performing school under Section [53A-1-1203] <u>53E-5-302</u> .
3929	(9) "Local education board" means a local school board or charter school governing
3930	board.
3931	(10) "Local school board" means a board elected under Title 20A, Chapter 14, Part 2,
3932	Election of Members of Local Boards of Education.
3933	(11) "Low performing school" means a district school or charter school that has been

3934	designated a low performing school by the board because the school is:
3935	(a) for two consecutive school years in the lowest performing 3% of schools statewide
3936	according to the percentage of possible points earned under the school accountability system;
3937	and
3938	(b) a low performing school according to other outcome-based measures as may be
3939	defined in rules made by the board in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah

- (12) "School accountability system" means the school accountability system established in Part [11] 2, School Accountability System.
- (13) "School grade" or "grade" means the letter grade assigned to a school as the school's overall rating under the school accountability system.
 - (14) "School turnaround committee" means a committee established under:
 - (a) for a district school, Section [53A-1-1204] 53E-5-303; or
 - (b) for a charter school, Section [53A-1-1205] 53E-5-304.
 - (15) "School turnaround plan" means a plan described in:
 - (a) for a district school, Section [53A-1-1204] 53E-5-303; or
- 3950 (b) for a charter school, Section [53A-1-1205] 53E-5-304.

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Section 122. Section **53E-5-302**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1203 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-1-1203]. 53E-5-302. State Board of Education to designate low performing schools -- Needs assessment.

- (1) Except as provided in Subsection (4), the board shall:
- (a) annually designate a school as a low performing school; and
- (b) conduct a needs assessment for a low performing school by thoroughly analyzing the root causes of the low performing school's low performance.
- (2) The board may use up to 5% of the appropriation provided under this part to hire or contract with one or more individuals to conduct a needs assessment described in Subsection (1)(b).
- 3962 (3) A school that was designated as a low performing school based on 2015-2016 3963 school year performance that is not in the lowest performing 3% of schools statewide following 3964 the 2016-2017 school year is exempt from the provisions of this part.

3965	(4) The board is not required to designate as a low performing school a school for
3966	which the board is not required to assign an overall rating in accordance with Section
3967	[53A-1-1105] <u>53E-5-204</u> .
3968	Section 123. Section 53E-5-303, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1204 is
3969	renumbered and amended to read:
3970	[53A-1-1204]. 53E-5-303. Required action to turn around a low performing
3971	district school.
3972	(1) In accordance with deadlines established by the board, a local school board of a low
3973	performing school shall:
3974	(a) establish a school turnaround committee composed of the following members:
3975	(i) the local school board member who represents the voting district where the low
3976	performing school is located;
3977	(ii) the school principal;
3978	(iii) three parents of students enrolled in the low performing school appointed by the
3979	chair of the school community council;
3980	(iv) one teacher at the low performing school appointed by the principal;
3981	(v) one teacher at the low performing school appointed by the school district
3982	superintendent; and
3983	(vi) one school district administrator;
3984	(b) solicit proposals from a turnaround expert identified by the board under Section
3985	[53A-1-1206] <u>53E-5-305</u> ;
3986	(c) partner with the school turnaround committee to select a proposal;
3987	(d) submit the proposal described in Subsection (1)(b) to the board for review and
3988	approval; and
3989	(e) subject to Subsections (3) and (4), contract with a turnaround expert.
3990	(2) A proposal described in Subsection (1)(b) shall include a:
3991	(a) strategy to address the root causes of the low performing school's low performance
3992	identified through the needs assessment described in Section [53A-1-1203] 53E-5-302; and
3993	(b) scope of work to facilitate implementation of the strategy that includes at least the
3994	activities described in Subsection (4)(b).
3005	(3) A local school hoard may not select a turnaround expert that is:

3996	(a) the school district; or
3997	(b) an employee of the school district.
3998	(4) A contract between a local school board and a turnaround expert:
3999	(a) shall be based on an explicit stipulation of desired outcomes and consequences for
4000	not meeting goals, including cancellation of the contract;
4001	(b) shall include a scope of work that requires the turnaround expert to at a minimum:
4002	(i) develop and implement, in partnership with the school turnaround committee, a
4003	school turnaround plan that meets the criteria described in Subsection (5);
4004	(ii) monitor the effectiveness of a school turnaround plan through reliable means of
4005	evaluation, including on-site visits, observations, surveys, analysis of student achievement data,
4006	and interviews;
4007	(iii) provide ongoing implementation support and project management for a school
4008	turnaround plan;
4009	(iv) provide high-quality professional development personalized for school staff that is
4010	designed to build:
4011	(A) the leadership capacity of the school principal;
4012	(B) the instructional capacity of school staff;
4013	(C) educators' capacity with data-driven strategies by providing actionable, embedded
4014	data practices; and
4015	(v) leverage support from community partners to coordinate an efficient delivery of
4016	supports to students inside and outside the classroom;
4017	(c) may include a scope of work that requires the turnaround expert to:
4018	(i) develop sustainable school district and school capacities to effectively respond to
4019	the academic and behavioral needs of students in high poverty communities; or
4020	(ii) other services that respond to the needs assessment conducted under Section
4021	[53A-1-1203] <u>53E-5-302</u> ;
4022	(d) shall include travel costs and payment milestones; and
4023	(e) may include pay for performance provisions.
4024	(5) A school turnaround committee shall partner with the turnaround expert selected
4025	under Subsection (1) to develop and implement a school turnaround plan that:
4026	(a) addresses the root causes of the low performing school's low performance identified

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4027	through the needs assessment described in Section [53A-1-1203] <u>53E-5-302</u> ;
4028	(b) includes recommendations regarding changes to the low performing school's
4029	personnel, culture, curriculum, assessments, instructional practices, governance, leadership,
4030	finances, policies, or other areas that may be necessary to implement the school turnaround
4031	plan;
4032	(c) includes measurable student achievement goals and objectives and benchmarks by
4033	which to measure progress;
4034	(d) includes a professional development plan that identifies a strategy to address
4035	problems of instructional practice;
4036	(e) includes a detailed budget specifying how the school turnaround plan will be
4037	funded;
4038	(f) includes a plan to assess and monitor progress;
4039	(g) includes a plan to communicate and report data on progress to stakeholders; and
4040	(h) includes a timeline for implementation.
4041	(6) A local school board of a low performing school shall:
4042	(a) prioritize school district funding and resources to the low performing school;
4043	(b) grant the low performing school streamlined authority over staff, schedule, policies,
4044	budget, and academic programs to implement the school turnaround plan; and
4045	(c) assist the turnaround expert and the low performing school with:
4046	(i) addressing the root cause of the low performing school's low performance; and
4047	(ii) the development or implementation of a school turnaround plan.
4048	(7) (a) On or before June 1 of an initial remedial year, a school turnaround committee
4049	shall submit the school turnaround plan to the local school board for approval.
4050	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), on or before July 1 of an initial remedial
4051	year, a local school board of a low performing school shall submit the school turnaround plan
4052	to the board for approval.

- (c) If the local school board does not approve the school turnaround plan submitted 4053 4054 under Subsection (7)(a), the school turnaround committee may appeal the disapproval in accordance with rules made by the board as described in Subsection [53A-1-1206] 4055
- 4056 53E-5-305(6).

(8) A local school board, or a local school board's designee, shall annually report to the

4058 board progress toward the goals, benchmarks, and timetable in a low performing school's 4059 turnaround plan. 4060 Section 124. Section 53E-5-304, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1205 is 4061 renumbered and amended to read: 4062 [53A-1-1205]. 53E-5-304. Required action to terminate or turn around a 4063 low performing charter school. 4064 (1) In accordance with deadlines established by the board, a charter school authorizer 4065 of a low performing school shall initiate a review to determine whether the charter school is in 4066 compliance with the school's charter agreement described in Section [53A-1a-508] 53G-5-303, 4067 including the school's established minimum standards for student achievement. 4068 (2) If a low performing school is found to be out of compliance with the school's 4069 charter agreement, the charter school authorizer may terminate the school's charter in 4070 accordance with Section [53A-1a-510] 53G-5-503. 4071 (3) A charter school authorizer shall make a determination on the status of a low 4072 performing school's charter under Subsection (2) on or before a date specified by the board in 4073 an initial remedial year. 4074 (4) In accordance with deadlines established by the board, if a charter school authorizer 4075 does not terminate a low performing school's charter under Subsection (2), a charter school 4076 governing board of a low performing school shall: 4077 (a) establish a school turnaround committee composed of the following members: 4078 (i) a member of the charter school governing board, appointed by the chair of the 4079 charter school governing board; 4080 (ii) the school principal; (iii) three parents of students enrolled in the low performing school, appointed by the 4081 4082 chair of the charter school governing board; and 4083 (iv) two teachers at the low performing school, appointed by the school principal: 4084 (b) solicit proposals from a turnaround expert identified by the board under Section 4085 [53A-1-1206] 53E-5-305;

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approval; and

(d) submit the proposal described in Subsection (4)(b) to the board for review and

(c) partner with the school turnaround committee to select a proposal;

4089	(e) subject to Subsections (6) and (7), contract with a turnaround expert.
4090	(5) A proposal described in Subsection (4)(b) shall include a:
4091	(a) strategy to address the root causes of the low performing school's low performance
4092	identified through the needs assessment described in Section [53A-1-1203] 53E-5-302; and
4093	(b) scope of work to facilitate implementation of the strategy that includes at least the
4094	activities described in Subsection [53A-1-1204] 53E-5-303(4)(b).
4095	(6) A charter school governing board may not select a turnaround expert that:
4096	(a) is a member of the charter school governing board;
4097	(b) is an employee of the charter school; or
4098	(c) has a contract to operate the charter school.
4099	(7) A contract entered into between a charter school governing board and a turnaround
4100	expert shall include and reflect the requirements described in Subsection [53A-1-1204]
4101	<u>53E-5-303(4)</u> .
4102	(8) (a) A school turnaround committee shall partner with the independent school
4103	turnaround expert selected under Subsection (4) to develop and implement a school turnaround
4104	plan that includes the elements described in Subsection [53A-1-1204] <u>53E-5-303(5)</u> .
4105	(b) A charter school governing board shall assist a turnaround expert and a low
4106	performing charter school with:
4107	(i) addressing the root cause of the low performing school's low performance; and
4108	(ii) the development or implementation of a school turnaround plan.
4109	(9) (a) On or before June 1 of an initial remedial year, a school turnaround committee
4110	shall submit the school turnaround plan to the charter school governing board for approval.
4111	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(c), on or before July 1 of an initial remedial
4112	year, a charter school governing board of a low performing school shall submit the school
4113	turnaround plan to the board for approval.
4114	(c) If the charter school governing board does not approve the school turnaround plan
4115	submitted under Subsection (9)(a), the school turnaround committee may appeal the
4116	disapproval in accordance with rules made by the board as described in Subsection
4117	[53A-1-1206] <u>53E-5-305(</u> 6).
4118	(10) The provisions of this part do not modify or limit a charter school authorizer's

authority at any time to terminate a charter school's charter in accordance with Section

4120	[53A-1a-510] <u>53G-5-503</u> .
4121	(11) A charter school governing board or a charter school governing board's designee
4122	shall annually report to the board progress toward the goals, benchmarks, and timetable in a
4123	low performing school's turnaround plan.
4124	Section 125. Section 53E-5-305, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1206 is
4125	renumbered and amended to read:
4126	[53A-1-1206]. <u>53E-5-305.</u> State Board of Education to identify independent
4127	school turnaround experts Review and approval of school turnaround plans Appeals
4128	process.
4129	(1) The board shall identify two or more approved independent school turnaround
4130	experts, through a standard procurement process, that a low performing school may contract
4131	with to:
4132	(a) respond to the needs assessment conducted under Section [53A-1-1203] 53E-5-302;
4133	and
4134	(b) provide the services described in Section [53A-1-1204] <u>53E-5-303</u> or [53A-1-1205]
4135	53E-5-304, as applicable.
4136	(2) In identifying independent school turnaround experts under Subsection (1), the
4137	board shall identify experts that:
4138	(a) have a credible track record of improving student academic achievement in public
4139	schools with various demographic characteristics, as measured by statewide assessments
4140	described in Section [53A-1-602] <u>53E-4-301</u> ;
4141	(b) have experience designing, implementing, and evaluating data-driven instructional
4142	systems in public schools;
4143	(c) have experience coaching public school administrators and teachers on designing
4144	data-driven school improvement plans;
4145	(d) have experience working with the various education entities that govern public
4146	schools;
4147	(e) have experience delivering high-quality professional development in instructional
4148	effectiveness to public school administrators and teachers; and

(f) are willing to partner with any low performing school in the state, regardless of

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location.

4151	(3) (a) The board shall:
4152	(i) review a proposal submitted for approval under Section [53A-1-1204] 53E-5-303 or
4153	[53A-1-1205] 53E-5-304 no later than 30 days after the day on which the proposal is
4154	submitted;
4155	(ii) review a school turnaround plan submitted for approval under Subsection
4156	$[\frac{53A-1-1204}{2}] = \frac{53E-5-303}{2}(7)(b)$ or under Subsection $[\frac{53A-1-1205}{2}] = \frac{53E-5-304}{2}(9)(b)$ within 30
4157	days of submission; and
4158	(iii) approve a school turnaround plan that:
4159	(A) is timely;
4160	(B) is well-developed; and
4161	(C) meets the criteria described in Subsection [53A-1-1204] <u>53E-5-303(5)</u> .
4162	(b) The board may not approve a school turnaround plan that is not aligned with the
4163	needs assessment conducted under Section [53A-1-1203] <u>53E-5-302</u> .
4164	(4) (a) Subject to legislative appropriations, when a school turnaround plan is approved
4165	by the board, the board shall distribute funds to each local education board with a low
4166	performing school to carry out the provisions of Sections [53A-1-1204] 53E-5-303 and
4167	[53A-1-1205] <u>53E-5-304</u> .
4168	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
4169	board shall make rules establishing a distribution method and allowable uses of the funds
4170	described in Subsection (4)(a).
4171	(5) The board shall:
4172	(a) monitor and assess progress toward the goals, benchmarks and timetable in each
4173	school turnaround plan; and
4174	(b) act as a liaison between a local school board, low performing school, and
4175	turnaround expert.
4176	(6) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
4177	the board shall make rules to establish an appeals process for:
4178	(i) a low performing district school that is not granted approval from the district
4179	school's local school board under Subsection [53A-1-1204] 53E-5-303(7)(b);
4180	(ii) a low performing charter school that is not granted approval from the charter

school's charter school governing board under Subsection [53A-1-1205] 53E-5-304(9)(b); and

4182	(iii) a local school board or charter school governing board that is not granted approval
4183	from the board under Subsection (3)(a) or (b).
4184	(b) The board shall ensure that rules made under Subsection (6)(a) require an appeals
4185	process described in:
4186	(i) Subsections (6)(a)(i) and (ii) to be resolved on or before July 1 of the initial
4187	remedial year; and
4188	(ii) Subsection (6)(a)(iii) to be resolved on or before August 15 of the initial remedial
4189	year.
4190	(7) The board may use up to 4% of the funds appropriated by the Legislature to carry
4191	out the provisions of this part for administration if the amount for administration is approved
4192	by the board in an open meeting.
4193	Section 126. Section 53E-5-306, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1207 is
4194	renumbered and amended to read:
4195	[53A-1-1207]. 53E-5-306. Implications for failing to improve school
4196	performance.
4197	(1) As used in this section, "high performing charter school" means a charter school
4198	that:
4199	(a) satisfies all requirements of state law and board rules;
4200	(b) meets or exceeds standards for student achievement established by the charter
4201	school's charter school authorizer; and
4202	(c) has received at least a B grade under the school accountability system in the
4203	previous two school years.
4204	(2) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
4205	the board shall make rules establishing:
4206	(i) exit criteria for a low performing school;
4207	(ii) criteria for granting a school an extension as described in Subsection (3); and
4208	(iii) implications for a low performing school that does not meet exit criteria after the
4209	school's final remedial year or the last school year of the extension period described in
4210	Subsection (3).
4211	(b) In establishing exit criteria for a low performing school the board shall:
4212	(i) determine for each low performing school the number of points awarded under the

4213	school accountability system in the final remedial year that represent a substantive and			
4214	statistically significant improvement over the number of points awarded under the school			
4215	accountability system in the school year immediately preceding the initial remedial year;			
4216	(ii) establish a method to estimate the exit criteria after a low performing school's first			
4217	remedial year to provide a target for each low performing school; and			
4218	(iii) use generally accepted statistical practices.			
4219	(c) The board shall through a competitively awarded contract engage a third party with			
4220	expertise in school accountability and assessments to verify the criteria adopted under this			
4221	Subsection (2).			
4222	(3) (a) A low performing school may petition the board for an extension to continue			
4223	school improvement efforts for up to two years if the low performing school does not meet the			
4224	exit criteria established by the board as described in Subsection (2).			
4225	(b) A school that has been granted an extension under this Subsection (3) is eligible			
4226	for:			
4227	(i) continued funding under Section [53A-1-1206] <u>53E-5-305</u> ; and			
4228	(ii) (A) the school teacher recruitment and retention incentive under Section			
4229	[53A-1-1208.1] <u>53E-5-308</u> ; or			
4230	(B) the School Recognition and Reward Program under Section [53A-1-1208]			
4231	<u>53E-5-307</u> .			
4232	(4) If a low performing school does not meet exit criteria after the school's final			
4233	remedial year or the last school year of the extension period, the board may intervene by:			
4234	(a) restructuring a district school, which may include:			
4235	(i) contract management;			
4236	(ii) conversion to a charter school; or			
4237	(iii) state takeover;			
4238	(b) restructuring a charter school by:			
4239	(i) terminating a school's charter;			
4240	(ii) closing a charter school; or			
4241	(iii) transferring operation and control of the charter school to:			
4242	(A) a high performing charter school; or			
4243	(B) the school district in which the charter school is located; or			

4244	(c) other appropriate action as determined by the board.
4245	Section 127. Section 53E-5-307, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1208 is
4246	renumbered and amended to read:
4247	[53A-1-1208]. <u>53E-5-307.</u> School Recognition and Reward Program.
4248	(1) As used in this section, "eligible school" means a low performing school that:
4249	(a) was designated as a low performing school based on 2014-2015 school year
4250	performance; and
4251	(b) (i) improves the school's grade by at least one letter grade, as determined by
4252	comparing the school's letter grade for the school year prior to the initial remedial year to the
4253	school's letter grade for the final remedial year; or
4254	(ii) (A) has been granted an extension under Subsection [53A-1-1207] 53E-5-306(3);
4255	and
4256	(B) improves the school's grade by at least one letter grade, as determined by
4257	comparing the school's letter grade for the school year prior to the initial remedial year to the
4258	school's letter grade for the last school year of the extension period.
4259	(2) The School Recognition and Reward Program is created to provide incentives to
4260	schools and educators to improve the school grade of a low performing school.
4261	(3) Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, upon the release of school grades by
4262	the board, the board shall distribute a reward equal to:
4263	(a) for an eligible school that improves the eligible school's grade one letter grade:
4264	(i) \$100 per tested student; and
4265	(ii) \$1,000 per educator;
4266	(b) for an eligible school that improves the eligible school's grade two letter grades:
4267	(i) \$200 per tested student; and
4268	(ii) \$2,000 per educator;
4269	(c) for an eligible school that improves the eligible school's grade three letter grades:
4270	(i) \$300 per tested student; and
4271	(ii) \$3,000 per educator; and
4272	(d) for an eligible school that improves the eligible school's grade four letter grades:
4273	(i) \$500 per tested student; and
4274	(ii) \$5,000 per educator.

4275	(4) The principal of an eligible school that receives a reward under Subsection (3), in
4276	consultation with the educators at the eligible school, may determine how to use the money in
4277	the best interest of the school, including providing bonuses to educators.
4278	(5) If the number of qualifying eligible schools exceeds available funds, the board may
4279	reduce the amounts specified in Subsection (3).
4280	(6) A local school board of an eligible school, in coordination with the eligible school's
4281	turnaround committee, may elect to receive a reward under this section or receive funds
4282	described in Section [$\frac{53A-1-1208.1}{208.1}$] $\frac{53E-5-308}{208.1}$ but not both.
4283	Section 128. Section 53E-5-308, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1208.1 is
4284	renumbered and amended to read:
4285	[53A-1-1208.1]. 53E-5-308. Turnaround school teacher recruitment and
4286	retention.
4287	(1) As used in this section, "plan" means a teacher recruitment and retention plan.
4288	(2) On a date specified by the board, a local education board of a low performing
4289	school shall submit to the board for review and approval a plan to address teacher recruitment
4290	and retention in a low performing school.
4291	(3) The board shall:
4292	(a) review a plan submitted under Subsection (2);
4293	(b) approve a plan if the plan meets criteria established by the board in rules made in
4294	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
4295	(c) subject to legislative appropriations, provide funding to a local education board for
4296	teacher recruitment and retention efforts identified in an approved plan if the local education
4297	board provides matching funds in an amount equal to at least the funding the low performing
4298	school would receive from the board.
4299	(4) The money distributed under this section may only be expended to fund teacher
4300	recruitment and retention efforts identified in an approved plan.
4301	Section 129. Section 53E-5-309, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1209 is
4302	renumbered and amended to read:
4303	[53A-1-1209]. <u>53E-5-309.</u> School Leadership Development Program.
4304	(1) As used in this section, "school leader" means a school principal or assistant
4305	principal.

4306	(2) There is created the School Leadership Development Program to increase the
4307	number of highly effective school leaders capable of:
4308	(a) initiating, achieving, and sustaining school improvement efforts; and
4309	(b) forming and sustaining community partnerships as described in Section
4310	[53A-4-303] <u>53F-5-402</u> .
4311	(3) The board shall identify one or more providers, through a request for proposals
4312	process, to develop or provide leadership development training for school leaders that:
4313	(a) may provide in-depth training in proven strategies to turn around low performing
4314	schools;
4315	(b) may emphasize hands-on and job-embedded learning;
4316	(c) aligns with the state's leadership standards established by board rule;
4317	(d) reflects the needs of a school district or charter school where a school leader serves
4318	(e) may include training on using student achievement data to drive decisions;
4319	(f) may develop skills in implementing and evaluating evidence-based instructional
4320	practices;
4321	(g) may develop skills in leading collaborative school improvement structures,
4322	including professional learning communities; and
4323	(h) includes instruction on forming and sustaining community partnerships as
4324	described in Section [53A-4-303] <u>53F-5-402</u> .
4325	(4) Subject to legislative appropriations, the State Board of Education shall provide
4326	incentive pay to a school leader who:
4327	(a) completes leadership development training under this section; and
4328	(b) agrees to work, for at least five years, in a school that received an F grade or D
4329	grade under the school accountability system in the school year previous to the first year the
4330	school leader:
4331	(i) completes leadership development training; and
4332	(ii) begins to work, or continues to work, in a school described in this Subsection
4333	(4)(b).
4334	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
4335	board shall make rules specifying:
4336	(a) eligibility criteria for a school leader to participate in the School Leadership

4337	Development Program;			
4338	(b) application procedures for the School Leadership Development Program;			
4339	(c) criteria for selecting school leaders from the application pool; and			
4340	(d) procedures for awarding incentive pay under Subsection (4).			
4341	Section 130. Section 53E-5-310, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1210 is			
4342	renumbered and amended to read:			
4343	[53A-1-1210]. <u>53E-5-310.</u> Reporting requirement.			
4344	On or before November 30 of each year, the board shall report to the Education Interim			
4345	Committee on the provisions of this part.			
4346	Section 131. Section 53E-5-311, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1211 is			
4347	renumbered and amended to read:			
4348	[53A-1-1211]. <u>53E-5-311.</u> Coordination with the Partnerships for Student			
4349	Success Grant Program.			
4350	If a low performing school is a member of a partnership that receives a grant under			
4351	[Chapter 4, Part 3,] Title 53F, Chapter 5, Part 4, Partnerships for Student Success Grant			
4352	Program, the school turnaround committee shall:			
4353	(1) coordinate the school turnaround committee's efforts with the efforts of the			
4354	partnership; and			
4355	(2) ensure that the goals and outcomes of the partnership are aligned with the school			
4356	turnaround plan described in this part.			
4357	Section 132. Section 53E-6-101 is enacted to read:			
4358	CHAPTER 6. EDUCATION PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE			
4359	Part 1. General Provisions			
4360	53E-6-101. Title.			
4361	This chapter is known as "Education Professional Licensure."			
4362	Section 133. Section 53E-6-102, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-103 is			
4363	renumbered and amended to read:			
4364	[53A-6-103]. <u>53E-6-102.</u> Definitions.			
4365	As used in this chapter:			
4366	(1) "Accredited institution" means an institution meeting the requirements of Section			
4367	[53A-6-107] 53E-6-302.			

4368	(2) (a) "Alternative preparation program" means preparation for licensure in				
4369	accordance with applicable law and rule through other than an approved preparation program.				
4370	(b) "Alternative preparation program" includes the competency-based licensing				
4371	program described in Section [53A-6-104.5] <u>53E-6-306</u> .				
4372	(3) "Ancillary requirement" means a requirement established by law or rule in addition				
4373	to completion of an approved preparation program or alternative education program or				
4374	establishment of eligibility under the NASDTEC Interstate Contract, and may include any of				
4375	the following:				
4376	(a) minimum grade point average;				
4377	(b) standardized testing or assessment;				
4378	(c) mentoring;				
4379	(d) recency of professional preparation or experience;				
4380	(e) graduation from an accredited institution; or				
4381	(f) evidence relating to moral, ethical, physical, or mental fitness.				
4382	(4) "Approved preparation program" means a program for preparation of educational				
4383	personnel offered through an accredited institution in Utah or in a state which is a party to a				
4384	contract with Utah under the NASDTEC Interstate Contract and which, at the time the program				
4385	was completed by the applicant:				
4386	(a) was approved by the governmental agency responsible for licensure of educators in				
4387	the state in which the program was provided;				
4388	(b) satisfied requirements for licensure in the state in which the program was provided;				
4389	(c) required completion of a baccalaureate; and				
4390	(d) included a supervised field experience.				
4391	(5) "Board" means the State Board of Education.				
4392	(6) "Certificate" means a license issued by a governmental jurisdiction outside the				
4393	state.				
4394	(7) "Core academic subjects" means English, reading or language arts, mathematics,				
4395	science, foreign languages, civics and government, economics, arts, history, and geography.				
4396	(8) "Educator" means:				
4397	(a) a person who holds a license;				
4398	(b) a teacher counselor administrator librarian or other person required under rules				

4399	of the	board,	to hold	a	license;	01

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- (c) a person who is the subject of an allegation which has been received by the board or UPPAC and was, at the time noted in the allegation, a license holder or a person employed in a position requiring licensure.
- (9) (a) "Endorsement" means a stipulation appended to a license setting forth the areas of practice to which the license applies.
- (b) An endorsement shall be issued upon completion of a competency-based teacher preparation program from a regionally accredited university that meets state content standards.
- (10) "License" means an authorization issued by the board which permits the holder to serve in a professional capacity in the public schools. The five levels of licensure are:
 - (a) "letter of authorization," which is:
- (i) a temporary license issued to a person who has not completed requirements for a competency-based, or level 1, 2, or 3 license, such as:
 - (A) a student teacher; or
 - (B) a person participating in an alternative preparation program; or
- 4414 (ii) a license issued, pursuant to board rules, to a person who has achieved eminence, 4415 or has outstanding qualifications, in a field taught in public schools;
 - (b) "competency-based license" which is issued to a teacher based on the teacher's demonstrated teaching skills and abilities;
 - (c) "level 1 license," which is a license issued upon completion of:
 - (i) a competency-based teacher preparation program from a regionally accredited university; or
 - (ii) an approved preparation program or an alternative preparation program, or pursuant to an agreement under the NASDTEC Interstate Contract, to candidates who have also met all ancillary requirements established by law or rule;
 - (d) "level 2 license," which is a license issued after satisfaction of all requirements for a level 1 license as well as any additional requirements established by law or rule relating to professional preparation or experience; and
 - (e) "level 3 license," which is a license issued to an educator who holds a current Utah level 2 license and has also received, in the educator's field of practice, National Board certification or a doctorate from an accredited institution.

4431	Education and Certification.				
4432	(12) "NASDTEC Interstate Contract" means the contract implementing [Title 53A,				
4433	Chapter 6, Part 2] Part 10, Compact for Interstate Qualification of Educational Personnel,				
4434	which is administered through NASDTEC.				
4435	(13) "National Board certification" means a current certificate issued by the National				
4436	Board for Professional Teaching Standards.				
4437	[(14) "Necessarily existent small school" means a school classified as a necessarily				
4438	existent small school in accordance with Section 53A-17a-109.]				
4439	$[\frac{(15)}{(14)}]$ "Rule" means an administrative rule adopted by the board under Title 63G,				
4440	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.				
4441	[(16)] (15) "School" means a public or private entity which provides educational				
4442	services to a minor child.				
4443	[(17) "Small school district" means a school district with an enrollment of less than				
4444	5,000 students.]				
4445	[(18)] (16) "UPPAC" means the Utah Professional Practices Advisory Commission.				
4446	Section 134. Section 53E-6-103, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-102 is				
4447	renumbered and amended to read:				
4448	[53A-6-102]. 53E-6-103. Legislative findings on teacher quality				
4449	Declaration of education as a profession.				
4450	(1) (a) The Legislature acknowledges that education is perhaps the most important				
4451	function of state and local governments, recognizing that the future success of our state and				
4452	nation depend in large part upon the existence of a responsible and educated citizenry.				
4453	(b) The Legislature further acknowledges that the primary responsibility for the				
4454	education of children within the state resides with their parents or guardians and that the role of				
4455	state and local governments is to support and assist parents in fulfilling that responsibility.				
4456	(2) (a) The Legislature finds that:				
4457	(i) quality teaching is the basic building block of successful schools and, outside of				
4458	home and family circumstances, the essential component of student achievement;				
4459	(ii) the high quality of teachers is absolutely essential to enhance student achievement				
4460	and to assure educational excellence in each classroom in the state's public schools; and				

(11) "NASDTEC" means the National Association of State Directors of Teacher

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4461	(iii) the implementation of a comprehensive continuum of data-driven strategies
4462	regarding recruitment, preservice, licensure, induction, professional development, and
4463	evaluation is essential if the state and its citizens expect every classroom to be staffed by a
4464	skilled, caring, and effective teacher.
4465	(b) In providing for the safe and effective performance of the function of educating
4466	Utah's children, the Legislature further finds it to be of critical importance that education,
4467	including instruction, administrative, and supervisory services, be recognized as a profession,
4468	and that those who are licensed or seek to become licensed and to serve as educators:
4469	(i) meet high standards both as to qualifications and fitness for service as educators
4470	through quality recruitment and preservice programs before assuming their responsibilities in
4471	the schools;
4472	(ii) maintain those standards in the performance of their duties while holding licenses,
4473	in large part through participating in induction and ongoing professional development
4474	programs focused on instructional improvement;
4475	(iii) receive fair, systematic evaluations of their performance at school for the purpose
4476	of enhancing the quality of public education and student achievement; and
4477	(iv) have access to a process for fair examination and review of allegations made
4478	against them and for the administration of appropriate sanctions against those found, in
4479	accordance with due process, to have failed to conduct themselves in a manner commensurate
4480	with their authority and responsibility to provide appropriate professional services to the
4481	children of the state.
4482	Section 135. Section 53E-6-201, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-104 is
4483	renumbered and amended to read:
4484	Part 2. Licensing
4485	[53A-6-104]. <u>53E-6-201.</u> Board licensure.
4486	(1) (a) The board may issue licenses for educators.
4487	(b) A person employed in a position that requires licensure by the board shall hold the
4488	appropriate license.

(2) (a) The board may by rule rank, endorse, or otherwise classify licenses and establish the criteria for obtaining and retaining licenses.

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(b) (i) The board shall make rules requiring participation in professional development

activities or compliance with a school district professional development plan as provided in Subsection (4) in order for educators to retain their licenses.

- (ii) An educator who is enrolling in a course of study at an institution within the state system of higher education to satisfy the professional development requirements of Subsection (2)(b)(i) is exempt from tuition, except for a semester registration fee established by the State Board of Regents, if:
- (A) the educator is enrolled on the basis of surplus space in the class after regularly enrolled students have been assigned and admitted to the class in accordance with regular procedures, normal teaching loads, and the institution's approved budget; and
- (B) enrollments are determined by each institution under rules and guidelines established by the State Board of Regents in accordance with findings of fact that space is available for the educator's enrollment.
- (3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), unless suspended or revoked by the board, or surrendered by the educator:
- (a) a letter of authorization is valid for one year, or a shorter period as specified by the board, subject to renewal by the board in accordance with board rules;
 - (b) a competency-based license remains valid;

- (c) a level 1 license is valid for three years, subject to renewal by the board in accordance with board rules;
- (d) a level 2 license is valid for five years, subject to renewal by the board in accordance with board rules; and
- (e) a level 3 license is valid for seven years, subject to renewal by the board in accordance with board rules.
- (4) Unless suspended or revoked by the board, or surrendered by the educator, a level 1, level 2, level 3, or competency-based license shall remain valid if:
- (a) the license holder is employed by a school district that has a comprehensive program to maintain and improve educators' skills in which performance standards, educator evaluation, and professional development are integrated; and
- (b) the license holder complies with school or school district professional development requirements.
- Section 136. Section 53E-6-202 (Superseded 07/01/18), which is renumbered from

4524	[53A-6-104.1 (Superseded 07/01/18)]. <u>53E-6-202 (Superseded</u>
4525	07/01/18). Reinstatement of a license.
4526	(1) An educator who previously held a license and whose license has expired may have
4527	the license reinstated by:
4528	(a) filing an application with the board on the form prescribed by the board;
4529	(b) paying the fee required by Section 53A-6-105; and
4530	(c) submitting to a criminal background check as required by Section [53A-15-1504]
4531	<u>53G-11-403</u> .
4532	(2) Upon successful completion of the criminal background check and verification that
4533	the applicant's previous license had not been revoked, suspended, or surrendered, the board
4534	shall reinstate the license.
4535	(3) An educator whose license is reinstated may not be required to obtain professional
4536	development not required of other educators with the same number of years of experience,
4537	except as provided in Subsection (4).
4538	(4) The principal of the school at which an educator whose license is reinstated is
4539	employed shall provide information and training, based on the educator's experience and
4540	education, that will assist the educator in performing the educator's assigned position.
4541	(5) The procedures for reinstating a license as provided in this section do not apply to
4542	an educator's license that expires while the educator is employed in a position requiring the
4543	license.
4544	Section 137. Section 53E-6-202 (Effective 07/01/18), which is renumbered from
4545	Section 53A-6-104.1 (Effective 07/01/18) is renumbered and amended to read:
4546	[53A-6-104.1 (Effective 07/01/18)]. <u>53E-6-202 (Effective</u>
4547	<u>07/01/18).</u> Reinstatement of a license.
4548	(1) An educator who previously held a license and whose license has expired may have
4549	the license reinstated by:
4550	(a) filing an application with the board on the form prescribed by the board; and
4551	(b) submitting to a criminal background check as required by Section [53A-15-1504]
4552	<u>53G-11-403</u> .
4553	(2) Upon successful completion of the criminal background check and verification that

Section 53A-6-104.1 (Superseded 07/01/18) is renumbered and amended to read:

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4554	the applicant's previous license had not been revoked, suspended, or surrendered, the board
4555	shall reinstate the license.
4556	(3) An educator whose license is reinstated may not be required to obtain professional
4557	development not required of other educators with the same number of years of experience,
4558	except as provided in Subsection (4).
4559	(4) The principal of the school at which an educator whose license is reinstated is
4560	employed shall provide information and training, based on the educator's experience and
4561	education, that will assist the educator in performing the educator's assigned position.
4562	(5) The procedures for reinstating a license as provided in this section do not apply to
4563	an educator's license that expires while the educator is employed in a position requiring the
4564	license.
4565	Section 138. Section 53E-6-203, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-111 is
4566	renumbered and amended to read:
4567	[53A-6-111]. <u>53E-6-203.</u> Teacher classifications.
4568	(1) As used in this section:
4569	(a) "Associate teacher" means a person who does not currently hold a level 1, 2, or 3
4570	license, but is permitted to teach in a public school under another authorization.
4571	(b) "Teacher" means a person who currently holds a level 1, 2, or 3 license.
4572	(2) Each school district and school shall identify and distinguish between teachers and
4573	associate teachers, including using the appropriate title in all communication with parents,
4574	guardians, and members of the public.
4575	(3) Lists of teachers and associate teachers shall be maintained at each school and shall
4576	be available for review by any person upon request.
4577	Section 139. Section 53E-6-301, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-106 is
4578	renumbered and amended to read:
4579	Part 3. Licensing Requirements
4580	[53A-6-106]. 53E-6-301. Qualifications of applicants for licenses
4581	Changes in qualifications.

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- (1) The board shall establish by rule the scholarship, training, and experience required of license applicants.
 - (2) (a) The board shall announce any increase in the requirements when made.

4585	(b) An increase in requirements shall become effective not less than one year from the
4586	date of the announcement.
4587	(3) The board may determine by examination or otherwise the qualifications of license
4588	applicants.
4589	Section 140. Section 53E-6-302, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-107 is
4590	renumbered and amended to read:
4591	[53A-6-107]. 53E-6-302. Teacher preparation programs.
4592	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
4593	board shall make rules that establish standards for approval of a preparation program or an
4594	alternative preparation program.
4595	(2) The board shall ensure that standards adopted under Subsection (1) meet or exceed
4596	generally recognized national standards for preparation of educators, such as those developed
4597	by the:
4598	(a) Interstate New Teacher Assessment and Support Consortium;
4599	(b) National Board for Professional Teaching Standards; or
4600	(c) Council for the Accreditation of Educator Preparation.
4601	(3) The board shall designate an employee of the board's staff to:
4602	(a) work with education deans of state institutions of higher education to coordinate
4603	on-site monitoring of teacher preparation programs that may include:
4604	(i) monitoring courses for teacher preparation programs;
4605	(ii) working with course instructors for teacher preparation programs; and
4606	(iii) interviewing students admitted to teacher preparation programs;
4607	(b) act as a liaison between:
4608	(i) the board;
4609	(ii) local school boards or charter school governing boards; and
4610	(iii) representatives of teacher preparation programs; and
4611	(c) report the employee's findings and recommendations for the improvement of
4612	teacher preparation programs to:
4613	(i) the board; and
4614	(ii) education deans of state institutions of higher education.
4615	(4) The board shall:

4616	(a) in good faith, consider the findings and recommendations described in Subsection	
4617	(3)(c); and	
4618	(b) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,	
4619	make rules, as the board determines is necessary, to implement recommendations described in	
4620	Subsection (3)(c).	
4621	Section 141. Section 53E-6-303, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-108 is	
4622	renumbered and amended to read:	
4623	[53A-6-108]. 53E-6-303. Prohibition on use of degrees or credit from	
4624	unapproved institutions.	
4625	(1) An individual may not use a postsecondary degree or credit awarded by a	
4626	postsecondary institution or program to gain a license, employment, or any other benefit within	
4627	the public school system unless the institution or program was, at the time the degree or credit	
4628	was awarded:	
4629	(a) approved for the granting of the degree or credit by the board; or	
4630	(b) accredited by an accrediting organization recognized by the board.	
4631	(2) The board may grant an exemption from Subsection (1) to an individual who shows	
4632	good cause for the granting of the exemption.	
4633	Section 142. Section 53E-6-304, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-110 is	
4634	renumbered and amended to read:	
4635	[53A-6-110]. 53E-6-304. Administrative/supervisory letters of	
4636	authorization.	
4637	(1) A local school board may request, and the board may grant, a letter of authorization	
4638	permitting a person with outstanding professional qualifications to serve in any position that	
4639	requires a person to hold an administrative/supervisory license or certificate, including	
4640	principal, assistant principal, associate principal, vice principal, assistant superintendent,	
4641	administrative assistant, director, specialist, or other district position.	
4642	(2) The board may grant a letter of authorization permitting a person with outstanding	
4643	professional qualifications to serve in a position that requires a person to hold an	
4644	administrative/supervisory license or certificate.	
4645	Section 143. Section 53E-6-305 , which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-113 is	
4646	renumbered and amended to read:	

which the teacher teaches; or

4647	[53A-6-113].	<u>53E-6-305.</u>	Alternative preparation program Work
4648	experience requirement.		
4649	An individual who	is employed at	least half time in a position for which a teacher's
4650	license is required pursua	nt to board rule,	including a position in an online school or a school
4651	that uses digital technolog	gies for instruction	on or blended learning, satisfies the work experience
4652	requirement for participat	ion in an alterna	tive preparation program.
4653	Section 144. Sect	ion 53E-6-306 , v	which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-104.5 is
4654	renumbered and amended	to read:	
4655	[53A-6-104.5].	<u>53E-6-306.</u>	Licensing by competency.
4656	(1) A competency	y-based license to	teach may be issued based on the demonstrated
4657	competence of a teacher a	s provided in thi	s section.
4658	(2) A local school	board or charte	r school may request, and the board shall grant, upon
4659	receipt of documentation	from the local so	shool board or charter school verifying the person's
4660	qualifications as specified	in this section,	a competency-based license to a person who meets
4661	the qualifications specifie	d in this section	and submits to a criminal background check as
4662	required in Section [53A-	15-1504] <u>53G-1</u>	<u>1-403</u> .
4663	(3) A local school	board or charte	r school may request a competency-based license if
4664	the candidate meets the fo	ollowing qualific	ations:
4665	(a) a license cand	idate who teache	es one or more core academic subjects in an
4666	elementary school shall:		
4667	(i) hold at least a	bachelor's degree	e; and
4668	(ii) have demonst	rated, by passing	g a rigorous state test, subject knowledge and teaching
4669	skills in reading, writing,	mathematics, an	d other areas of the basic elementary school
4670	curriculum;		
4671	(b) a license cand	idate who teache	es one or more core academic subjects in a middle or
4672	secondary school shall:		
4673	(i) hold at least a	bachelor's degree	e; and
4674	(ii) have demonst	rated a high leve	l of competency in each of the academic subjects in
4675	which the teacher teaches	by:	
4676	(A) passing a rigo	rous state acade	mic subject test in each of the academic subjects in

4678 (B) successful completion, in each of the academic subjects in which the teacher 4679 teaches, of an academic major, a graduate degree, course work equivalent to an undergraduate 4680 academic major, or advanced certification or credentialing; or 4681 (c) a license candidate who teaches subjects other than a core academic subject in an 4682 elementary, middle, or high school shall: 4683 (i) hold a bachelor's degree, associate's degree, or skill certification; and (ii) have skills, talents, or abilities, as evaluated by the employing entity, that make the 4684 4685 person suited for the teaching position. 4686 (4) A school district or charter school: 4687 (a) shall monitor and assess the performance of each teacher holding a 4688 competency-based license; and 4689 (b) may recommend that the competency-based license holder's training and 4690 assessment be reviewed by the board for a level 1 license. 4691 Section 145. Section 53E-6-307, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-404 is 4692 renumbered and amended to read: 4693 53E-6-307. Certification in other jurisdictions -- Impact on [53A-6-404]. 4694 licensing in Utah. 4695 (1) An applicant for a license, renewal of a license, or reinstatement of a license shall 4696 provide the administrator of teacher licensing with an affidavit, stating under oath the current 4697 status of any certificate, license, or other authorization required for a professional position in 4698 education, which the applicant holds or has held in any other jurisdiction. 4699 (2) An applicant for a license who has held a teacher's license in any other jurisdiction 4700 or who graduated from an institution of higher education in another state shall also provide the 4701 administrator of teacher licensing with: 4702 (a) a complete listing of the higher education institutions attended by the applicant, 4703 whether the applicant's enrollment or eligibility for completion of a program was terminated by 4704 the institution, and, if so, the reasons for termination; 4705 (b) a complete list of prior school employers; and

(c) a release on a form provided by the administrator permitting the board to obtain

applicant, including expunged or otherwise protected records, relating to any offense described

records from other jurisdictions and from institutions of higher education attended by the

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substantially in the same language as in Section [53A-15-1506] 53G-11-405.

- (3) If the applicant's certificate, license, or authorization as an educator in any other jurisdiction is under investigation, has expired or been surrendered, suspended or revoked, or is currently not valid for any other reason, the board may not grant the requested license, renewal, or reinstatement until it has received confirmation from the administrator of professional certification in that jurisdiction that the applicant would be eligible for certification or licensure in that jurisdiction.
- (4) The board may not withhold a license for the sole reason that the applicant would be ineligible for certification, licensure, or authorization in the jurisdiction referred to in Subsection (3) because of failure to meet current requirements in that jurisdiction relating to education, time in service, or residence.
- Section 146. Section **53E-6-401**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-401 is renumbered and amended to read:

Part 4. Background and Employment Checks

4723 [53A-6-401]. 53E-6-401. Background checks.

In accordance with Section [53A-15-1504] 53G-11-403, the State Board of Education shall require a license applicant to submit to a criminal background check and ongoing monitoring as a condition for licensing.

Section 147. Section **53E-6-402**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-402 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-6-402]. 53E-6-402. Board-required licensing or employment recommendations -- Local public school-required licensing recommendations -- Notice requirements for affected parties -- Exemption from liability.

- (1) (a) The board shall provide the appropriate administrator of a public or private school or of an agency outside the state that is responsible for licensing or certifying educational personnel with a recommendation or other information possessed by the board that has significance in evaluating the employment or license of:
 - (i) a current or prospective school employee;
- 4737 (ii) an educator or education license holder; or
- 4738 (iii) a license applicant.
- 4739 (b) Information supplied under Subsection (1)(a) shall include:

4/40	(1) the complete record of a hearing, and
4741	(ii) the investigative report for matters that:
4742	(A) the educator has had an opportunity to contest; and
4743	(B) did not proceed to a hearing.
4744	(2) At the request of the board, an administrator of a public school or school district
4745	shall, and an administrator of a private school may, provide the board with a recommendation
4746	or other information possessed by the school or school district that has significance in
4747	evaluating the:
4748	(a) license of an educator or education license holder; or
4749	(b) potential licensure of a license applicant.
4750	(3) If the board decides to deny licensure or to take action against an educator's license
4751	based upon information provided under this section, the board shall:
4752	(a) give notice of the information to the educator or license applicant; and
4753	(b) afford the educator or license applicant an opportunity to respond to the
4754	information.
4755	(4) A person who, in good faith, provides a recommendation or discloses or receives
4756	information under this section is exempt from civil and criminal liability relating to that
4757	recommendation, receipt, or disclosure.
4758	Section 148. Section 53E-6-403, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-403 is
4759	renumbered and amended to read:
4760	[53A-6-403]. 53E-6-403. Tie-in with the Criminal Investigations and
4761	Technical Services Division.
4762	(1) The board shall:
4763	(a) designate employees to act, with board supervision, as an online terminal agency
4764	with the Department of Public Safety's Criminal Investigations and Technical Services
4765	Division under Section 53-10-108; and
4766	(b) provide relevant information concerning current or prospective employees or
4767	volunteers upon request to other school officials as provided in Section [53A-6-402]
4768	<u>53E-6-402</u> .
4769	(2) The cost of the online service shall be borne by the entity making the inquiry.
4770	Section 149. Section 53E-6-501, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-301 is

4771	renumbered and amended to read:
4772	Part 5. Utah Professional Practices Advisory Commission
4773	[53A-6-301]. <u>53E-6-501.</u> Utah Professional Practices Advisory
4774	Commission established.
4775	The Utah Professional Practices Advisory Commission, UPPAC, is established to assist
4776	and advise the board in matters relating to the professional practices of educators.
4777	Section 150. Section 53E-6-502, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-302 is
4778	renumbered and amended to read:
4779	[53A-6-302]. 53E-6-502. UPPAC members Executive secretary.
4780	(1) UPPAC shall consist of a nonvoting executive secretary and 11 voting members,
4781	nine of whom shall be licensed educators in good standing, and two of whom shall be members
4782	nominated by the education organization within the state that has the largest membership of
4783	parents of students and teachers.
4784	(2) Six of the voting members shall be persons whose primary responsibility is
4785	teaching.
4786	(3) (a) The state superintendent of public instruction shall appoint an employee to serve
4787	as executive secretary.
4788	(b) Voting members are appointed by the superintendent as provided under Section
4789	[53A-6-303] $53E-6-503$.
4790	(4) Board employees shall staff UPPAC activities.
4791	Section 151. Section 53E-6-503 , which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-303 is
4792	renumbered and amended to read:
4793	[53A-6-303]. <u>53E-6-503.</u> Nominations Appointment of commission
4794	members Reappointments.
4795	(1) (a) The board shall adopt rules establishing procedures for nominating and
4796	appointing individuals to voting membership on UPPAC.
4797	(b) Nomination petitions must be filed with the state superintendent prior to June 16 of
4798	the year of appointment.
4799	(c) A nominee for appointment as a member of UPPAC as an educator must have been
4800	employed in the representative class in the Utah public school system or a private school
4801	accredited by the board during the three years immediately preceding the date of appointment.

4802	(2) The state superintendent of public instruction shall appoint the members of the
4803	commission.
4804	(3) Appointments begin July 1 and are for terms of three years and until a successor is
4805	appointed.
4806	(4) Terms of office are staggered so that approximately 1/3 of UPPAC members are
4807	appointed annually.
4808	(5) A member may not serve more than two terms.
4809	Section 152. Section 53E-6-504, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-304 is
4810	renumbered and amended to read:
4811	[53A-6-304]. <u>53E-6-504.</u> Filling of vacancies.
4812	(1) A UPPAC vacancy occurs if a member resigns, fails to attend three or more
4813	meetings during a calendar year, or no longer meets the requirements for nomination and
4814	appointment.
4815	(2) If a vacancy occurs, the state superintendent shall appoint a successor to fill the
4816	unexpired term.
4817	(3) If the superintendent does not fill the vacancy within 60 days, the board shall make
4818	the appointment.
4819	(4) Nominations to fill vacancies are submitted to the superintendent in accordance
4820	with procedures established under rules of the board.
4821	Section 153. Section 53E-6-505 (Superseded 07/01/18), which is renumbered from
4822	Section 53A-6-305 (Superseded 07/01/18) is renumbered and amended to read:
4823	[53A-6-305 (Superseded 07/01/18)]. <u>53E-6-505 (Superseded 07/01/18).</u>
4824	Meetings and expenses of UPPAC members.
4825	(1) UPPAC shall meet at least quarterly and at the call of the chair or of a majority of
4826	the members.
4827	(2) Members of UPPAC serve without compensation but are allowed reimbursement
4828	for actual and necessary expenses under the rules of the Division of Finance.
4829	(3) The board shall pay reimbursement to UPPAC members out of the Professional
4830	Practices Restricted Subfund in the Uniform School Fund.
4831	Section 154. Section 53E-6-505 (Effective 07/01/18), which is renumbered from
4832	Section 53A-6-305 (Effective 07/01/18) is renumbered and amended to read:

4833	[53A-6-305 (Effective 07/01/18)]. 53E-6-505 (Effective 07/01/18). Meetings and
4834	expenses of UPPAC members.
4835	(1) UPPAC shall meet at least quarterly and at the call of the chair or of a majority of
4836	the members.
4837	(2) Members of UPPAC serve without compensation but are allowed reimbursement
4838	for actual and necessary expenses under the rules of the Division of Finance.
4839	(3) The board shall pay reimbursement to UPPAC members out of the Education Fund
4840	Section 155. Section 53E-6-506 , which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-306 is
4841	renumbered and amended to read:
4842	[53A-6-306]. <u>53E-6-506.</u> UPPAC duties and procedures.
4843	(1) The board may direct UPPAC to review a complaint about an educator and
4844	recommend that the board:
4845	(a) dismiss the complaint; or
4846	(b) investigate the complaint in accordance with this section.
4847	(2) (a) The board may direct UPPAC to:
4848	(i) in accordance with this section, investigate a complaint's allegation or decision; or
4849	(ii) hold a hearing.
4850	(b) UPPAC may initiate a hearing as part of an investigation.
4851	(c) Upon completion of an investigation or hearing, UPPAC shall:
4852	(i) provide findings to the board; and
4853	(ii) make a recommendation for board action.
4854	(d) UPPAC may not make a recommendation described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii) to
4855	adversely affect an educator's license unless UPPAC gives the educator an opportunity for a
4856	hearing.
4857	(3) (a) The board may:
4858	(i) select an independent investigator to conduct a UPPAC investigation with UPPAC
4859	oversight; or
4860	(ii) authorize UPPAC to select and oversee an independent investigator to conduct an
4861	investigation.
4862	(b) In conducting an investigation, UPPAC or an independent investigator shall
4863	conduct the investigation independent of and separate from a related criminal investigation

4864	(c) In conducting an investigation, UPPAC or an independent investigator may:
4865	(i) in accordance with Section [53A-6-603] 53E-6-606 administer oaths and issue
4866	subpoenas; or
4867	(ii) receive evidence related to an alleged offense, including sealed or expunged
4868	records released to the board under Section 77-40-109.
4869	(d) If UPPAC finds that reasonable cause exists during an investigation, UPPAC may
4870	recommend that the board initiate a background check on an educator as described in Section
4871	[53A-15-1504] <u>53G-11-403</u> .
4872	(e) UPPAC has a rebuttable presumption that an educator committed a sexual offense
4873	against a minor child if the educator voluntarily surrendered a license or certificate or allowed a
4874	license or certificate to lapse in the face of a charge of having committed a sexual offense
4875	against a minor child.
4876	(4) The board may direct UPPAC to:
4877	(a) recommend to the board procedures for:
4878	(i) receiving and processing complaints;
4879	(ii) investigating a complaint's allegation or decision;
4880	(iii) conducting hearings; or
4881	(iv) reporting findings and making recommendations to the board for board action;
4882	(b) recommend to the board or a professional organization of educators:
4883	(i) standards of professional performance, competence, and ethical conduct for
4884	educators; or
4885	(ii) suggestions for improvement of the education profession; or
4886	(c) fulfill other duties the board finds appropriate.
4887	(5) UPPAC may not participate as a party in a dispute relating to negotiations between:
4888	(a) a school district and the school district's educators; or
4889	(b) a charter school and the charter school's educators.
4890	(6) The board shall make rules establishing UPPAC duties and procedures.
4891	Section 156. Section 53E-6-601, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-601 is
4892	renumbered and amended to read:
4893	Part 6. License Denial and Discipline
4894	[53A-6-601]. <u>53E-6-601.</u> Definition.

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4895	As used in this part "hearing" means a proceeding held in accordance with generally
4896	accepted principles of due process and administrative law in which definite issues of fact or of
4897	law are tried before a hearing body, and in which proceeding evidence is presented and
4898	witnesses heard, and in which the party against whom the proceedings are held has a right to:
4899	(1) appear with or without counsel to present evidence, confront and cross-examine
4900	witnesses, or subpoena witnesses; and
4901	(2) obtain a decision based solely upon evidence presented to the hearing body in the
4902	presence of both parties or representatives of both parties, recognizing that presence is satisfied
4903	if a party has been given a reasonable opportunity to attend, even if the party fails to do so.
4904	Section 157. Section 53E-6-602, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-307 is
4905	renumbered and amended to read:
4906	[53A-6-307]. 53E-6-602. Licensing power of the board Licensing final
4907	action Appeal rights.
4908	(1) The board holds the power to license educators.
4909	(2) (a) The board shall take final action with regard to an educator license.
4910	(b) An entity other than the board may not take final action with regard to an educator
4911	license.
4912	(3) (a) In accordance with Subsection (3)(b), a license applicant or an educator may
4913	seek judicial review of a final action made by the board under this chapter.
4914	(b) A license applicant or educator may file a petition for judicial review of the board's
4915	final action if the license applicant or educator files a petition within 30 days after the day on
4916	which the license applicant or educator received notice of the final action.
4917	Section 158. Section 53E-6-603, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-405 is
4918	renumbered and amended to read:
4919	[53A-6-405]. 53E-6-603. Ineligibility for educator license.
4920	(1) The board may refuse to issue a license to a license applicant if the board finds
4921	good cause for the refusal, including behavior of the applicant:
4922	(a) found pursuant to a criminal, civil, or administrative matter after reasonable
4923	opportunity for the applicant to contest the allegation; and

(b) considered, as behavior of an educator, to be:

(i) immoral, unprofessional, or incompetent behavior; or

4924

4926	(ii) a violation of standards of ethical conduct, performance, or professional
4927	competence.
4928	(2) The board may not issue, renew, or reinstate an educator license if the license
4929	applicant or educator:
4930	(a) was convicted of a felony of a sexual nature;
4931	(b) pled guilty to a felony of a sexual nature;
4932	(c) entered a plea of no contest to a felony of a sexual nature;
4933	(d) entered a plea in abeyance to a felony of a sexual nature;
4934	(e) was convicted of a sexual offense under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual
4935	Offenses, against a minor child;
4936	(f) engaged in sexually explicit conduct, as defined in Section 76-5b-103, with a
4937	student who is a minor;
4938	(g) engaged in sexually explicit conduct, as defined in Section 76-5b-103, with a
4939	student who is:
4940	(i) not a minor; and
4941	(ii) enrolled in a school where the license applicant or educator is or was employed; or
4942	(h) admits to the board or UPPAC that the license applicant or educator committed
4943	conduct that amounts to:
4944	(i) a felony of a sexual nature; or
4945	(ii) a sexual offense or sexually explicit conduct described in Subsection (2)(e), (f), or
4946	(g).
4947	(3) If an individual is ineligible for licensure under Subsection (1) or (2), a public
4948	school may not:
4949	(a) employ the person in the public school; or
4950	(b) allow the person to volunteer in the public school.
4951	(4) (a) If the board denies licensure under this section, the board shall immediately
4952	notify the applicant of:
4953	(i) the denial; and
4954	(ii) the applicant's right to request a hearing before UPPAC.
4955	(b) Upon receipt of a notice described in Subsection (4)(a), an applicant may, within 30
4956	days after the day on which the applicant received the notice, request a hearing before UPPAC

the board shall direct UPPAC to:

4957	for the applicant to review and respond to all evidence upon which the board based the denial.
4958	(c) If the board receives a request for a hearing described in Subsection (4)(b), the
4959	board shall direct UPPAC to hold a hearing.
4960	Section 159. Section 53E-6-604, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-501 is
4961	renumbered and amended to read:
4962	[53A-6-501]. <u>53E-6-604.</u> Board disciplinary action against an educator.
4963	(1) (a) The board shall direct UPPAC to investigate an allegation, administrative
4964	decision, or judicial decision that evidences an educator is unfit for duty because the educator
4965	exhibited behavior that:
4966	(i) is immoral, unprofessional, or incompetent; or
4967	(ii) violates standards of ethical conduct, performance, or professional competence.
4968	(b) If the board determines an allegation or decision described in Subsection (1)(a)
4969	does not evidence an educator's unfitness for duty, the board may dismiss the allegation or
4970	decision without an investigation or hearing.
4971	(2) The board shall direct UPPAC to investigate and allow an educator to respond in a
4972	UPPAC hearing if the board receives an allegation that the educator:
4973	(a) was charged with a felony of a sexual nature;
4974	(b) was convicted of a felony of a sexual nature;
4975	(c) pled guilty to a felony of a sexual nature;
4976	(d) entered a plea of no contest to a felony of a sexual nature;
4977	(e) entered a plea in abeyance to a felony of a sexual nature;
4978	(f) was convicted of a sexual offense under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual
4979	Offenses, against a minor child;
4980	(g) engaged in sexually explicit conduct, as defined in Section 76-5b-103, with a
4981	student who is a minor; or
4982	(h) engaged in sexually explicit conduct, as defined in Section 76-5b-103, with a
4983	student who is:
4984	(i) not a minor; and
4985	(ii) enrolled in a school where the educator is or was employed.
4986	(3) Upon notice that an educator allegedly violated Section [53A-6-502] 53E-6-701,

4988	(a) investigate the alleged violation; and
4989	(b) hold a hearing to allow the educator to respond to the allegation.
4990	(4) Upon completion of an investigation or hearing described in this section, UPPAC
4991	shall:
4992	(a) provide findings to the board; and
4993	(b) make a recommendation for board action.
4994	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), upon review of UPPAC's findings and
4995	recommendation, the board may:
4996	(i) revoke the educator's license;
4997	(ii) suspend the educator's license;
4998	(iii) restrict or prohibit the educator from renewing the educator's license;
4999	(iv) warn or reprimand the educator;
5000	(v) enter into a written agreement with the educator that requires the educator to
5001	comply with certain conditions;
5002	(vi) direct UPPAC to further investigate or gather information; or
5003	(vii) take other action the board finds to be appropriate for and consistent with the
5004	educator's behavior.
5005	(b) Upon review of UPPAC's findings and recommendation, the board shall revoke the
5006	license of an educator who:
5007	(i) was convicted of a felony of a sexual nature;
5008	(ii) pled guilty to a felony of a sexual nature;
5009	(iii) entered a plea of no contest to a felony of a sexual nature;
5010	(iv) entered a plea in abeyance to a felony of a sexual nature;
5011	(v) was convicted of a sexual offense under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual
5012	Offenses, against a minor child;
5013	(vi) engaged in sexually explicit conduct, as defined in Section 76-5b-103, with a
5014	student who is a minor;
5015	(vii) engaged in sexually explicit conduct, as defined in Section 76-5b-103, with a
5016	student who is:
5017	(A) not a minor; and
5018	(B) enrolled in a school where the educator is or was employed; or

5020	to:
5021	(A) a felony of a sexual nature; or
5022	(B) a sexual offense or sexually explicit conduct described in Subsection (5)(b)(v), (vi)
5023	or (vii).
5024	(c) The board may not reinstate a revoked license.
5025	(d) Before the board takes adverse action against an educator under this section, the
5026	board shall ensure that the educator had an opportunity for a UPPAC hearing.
5027	Section 160. Section 53E-6-605, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-602 is
5028	renumbered and amended to read:
5029	[53A-6-602]. <u>53E-6-605.</u> Designation of hearing officer or panel Review
5030	of findings.
5031	(1) UPPAC or a state or local school board charged with responsibility for conducting
5032	a hearing may conduct the hearing itself or appoint a hearing officer or panel to conduct the
5033	hearing and make recommendations concerning findings.
5034	(2) UPPAC or the school board shall review the record of the hearing and the
5035	recommendations, and may obtain and review, in the presence of the parties or their
5036	representatives, additional relevant information, prior to issuing official findings.
5037	(3) UPPAC shall provide a panel of its members to serve as fact finders in a hearing at
5038	the request of the educator who is the subject of the hearing.
5039	Section 161. Section 53E-6-606, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-603 is
5040	renumbered and amended to read:
5041	[53A-6-603]. 53E-6-606. Administering of oaths Issuance of subpoenas.
5042	(1) UPPAC or a state or local school board charged with responsibility for conducting
5043	an investigation or a hearing under this chapter may administer oaths and issue subpoenas in
5044	connection with the investigation or hearing.
5045	(2) If a hearing is before a hearing officer or panel, the hearing officer or panel may
5046	administer oaths, and the appointing body may issue subpoenas upon the request of the hearing
5047	officer or panel.
5048	(3) Subpoenas shall be enforced upon the petition of the issuing body by the district
5049	court in the jurisdiction where the subpoena was issued, in the same manner as subpoenas

(viii) admits to the board or UPPAC that the applicant committed conduct that amounts

5050	issued by the court.
5051	Section 162. Section 53E-6-607, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-604 is
5052	renumbered and amended to read:
5053	[53A-6-604]. <u>53E-6-607.</u> Rules for conducting hearings Standard of
5054	proof.
5055	(1) The board and each local school board shall adopt rules for the conduct of hearings
5056	to ensure that requirements of due process are met.
5057	(2) An accused party shall be provided not less than 15 days before a hearing with:
5058	(a) notice of the hearing;
5059	(b) the law, rule, or policy alleged to have been violated;
5060	(c) sufficient information about the allegations and the evidence to be presented in
5061	support of the allegations to permit the accused party to prepare a meaningful defense; and
5062	(d) a copy of the rules under which the hearing will be conducted.
5063	(3) If an accused party fails to request a hearing within 30 days after written notice is
5064	sent to the party's address as shown on the records of the local board, for actions taken under
5065	the auspices of a local board, or on the records of the board, for actions taken under the
5066	auspices of the board, then the accused party shall be considered to have waived the right to a
5067	hearing and the action may proceed without further delay.
5068	(4) Hearing fact finders shall use the preponderance of evidence standard in deciding
5069	all questions unless a higher standard is required by law.
5070	(5) Unless otherwise provided in this [title] public education code, the decisions of
5071	state and local boards are final determinations under this section, appealable to the appropriate
5072	court for review.
5073	Section 163. Section 53E-6-701, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-502 is
5074	renumbered and amended to read:
5075	Part 7. Unprofessional and Unlawful Conduct
5076	[53A-6-502]. 53E-6-701. Mandatory reporting of physical or sexual abuse
5077	of students.
5078	(1) For purposes of this section, "educator" means, in addition to a person included
5079	under Section [53A-6-103] 53E-6-102, a person, including a volunteer or temporary employee,

who at the time of an alleged offense was performing a function in a private school for which a

license would be required in a public school.

- (2) In addition to any duty to report suspected cases of child abuse or neglect under Section 62A-4a-403, an educator who has reasonable cause to believe that a student may have been physically or sexually abused by a school employee shall immediately report the belief and all other relevant information to the school principal, to the superintendent, or to the board.
- (3) A school administrator who has received a report under Subsection (2) or who otherwise has reasonable cause to believe that a student may have been physically or sexually abused by an educator shall immediately report that information to the board.
- (4) Upon notice that an educator allegedly violated Subsection (2) or (3), the board shall direct UPPAC to investigate the educator's alleged violation as described in Section [53A-6-501] 53E-6-604.
- (5) A person who makes a report under this section in good faith shall be immune from civil or criminal liability that might otherwise arise by reason of that report.
- Section 164. Section **53E-6-702**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-503 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-6-503]. 53E-6-702. Reimbursement of legal fees and costs to educators.

- (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Action" means any action, except those referred to in Section 52-6-201, brought against an educator by an individual or entity other than:
 - (i) the entity who licenses the educator; and
- (ii) the school district that employs the educator or employed the educator at the time of the alleged act or omission.
- (b) "Educator" means an individual who holds or is required to hold a license under this chapter and is employed by a school district located within the state.
- (c) "School district" includes the Schools for the Deaf and the Blind and the state's applied technology centers.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in Section 52-6-201, an educator is entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred in the educator's defense against an individual or entity who initiates an action against the educator if:
 - (a) the action is brought for any act or omission of the educator during the performance

5112	of the educator's duties within the scope of the educator's employment; and
5113	(b) it is dismissed or results in findings favorable to the educator.
5114	(3) An educator who recovers under this section is also entitled to recover reasonable
5115	attorneys' fees and costs necessarily incurred by the educator in recovering the attorneys' fees
5116	and costs allowed under Subsection (2).
5117	Section 165. Section 53E-6-703, which is renumbered from Section 53A-3-421 is
5118	renumbered and amended to read:
5119	[53A-3-421]. 53E-6-703. Professional competence or performance
5120	Administrative hearing by local school board Action on complaint.
5121	(1) (a) No civil action by or on behalf of a student relating to the professional
5122	competence or performance of a licensed employee of a school district, or to the discipline of
5123	students by a licensed employee, application of in loco parentis, or a violation of ethical
5124	conduct by an employee of a school district, may be brought in a court until at least 60 days
5125	after the filing of a written complaint with the local board of education of the district, or until
5126	findings have been issued by the local board after a hearing on the complaint, whichever is
5127	sooner.
5128	(b) As used in Subsection (1)(a), "in loco parentis" means the power of professional
5129	school personnel to exercise the rights, duties, and responsibilities of a reasonable, responsible
5130	parent in dealing with students in school-related matters.
5131	(c) A parent of a student has standing to file a civil action against an employee who
5132	provides services to a school attended by the student.
5133	(2) Within 15 days of receiving a complaint under Subsection (1), a local school board
5134	may elect to refer the complaint to the State Board of Education.
5135	(3) If a complaint is referred to the board, no civil action may be brought in a court on
5136	matters relating to the complaint until the board has provided a hearing and issued its findings
5137	or until 90 days after the filing of the complaint with the local school board, whichever is
5138	sooner.
5139	Section 166. Section 53E-6-801, which is renumbered from Section 53A-7-101 is
5140	renumbered and amended to read:
5141	Part 8. Dispute Resolution for Contract Negotiations
5142	[53A-7-101]. <u>53E-6-801.</u> Mediation of contract negotiations.

- (1) The president of a professional local organization which represents a majority of the licensed employees of a school district or the chairman or president of a local school board may, after negotiating for 90 days, declare an impasse by written notification to the other party and to the State Board of Education.
- (2) The party declaring the impasse may request the state superintendent of public instruction to appoint a mediator for the purpose of helping to resolve the impasse if the parties to the dispute have not been able to agree on a third party mediator.
- (3) Within five working days after receipt of the written request, the state superintendent shall appoint a mediator who is mutually acceptable to the local school board and the professional organization representing a majority of the licensed employees.
- (4) The mediator shall meet with the parties, either jointly or separately, and attempt to settle the impasse.
- (5) The mediator may not, without the consent of both parties, make findings of fact or recommend terms for settlement.
 - (6) Both parties shall equally share the costs of mediation.
- (7) Nothing in this section prevents the parties from adopting a written mediation procedure other than that provided in this section.
 - (8) If the parties have a mediation procedure, they shall follow that procedure.
- Section 167. Section **53E-6-802**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-7-102 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-7-102]. <u>53E-6-802.</u> Appointment of hearing officer -- Hearing process.

- (1) If a mediator appointed under Section [53A-7-101] 53E-6-801 is unable to effect settlement of the controversy within 15 working days after his appointment, either party to the mediation may by written notification to the other party and to the state superintendent of public instruction request that their dispute be submitted to a hearing officer who shall make findings of fact and recommend terms of settlement.
- (2) Within five working days after receipt of the request, the state superintendent of public instruction shall appoint a hearing officer who is mutually acceptable to the local school board and the professional organization representing a majority of the certificated employees.
 - (3) The hearing officer may not, without consent of both parties, be the same person

who served as mediator.

- (4) The hearing officer shall meet with the parties, either jointly or separately, may make inquiries and investigations, and may issue subpoenas for the production of persons or documents relevant to all issues in dispute.
- (5) The State Board of Education and departments, divisions, authorities, bureaus, agencies, and officers of the state, local school boards, and the professional organization shall furnish the hearing officer, on request, all relevant records, documents, and information in their possession.
- (6) If the final positions of the parties are not resolved before the hearing ends, the hearing officer shall prepare a written report containing the agreements of the parties with respect to all resolved negotiated contract issues and the positions that the hearing officer considers appropriate on all unresolved final positions of the parties.
- (7) The hearing officer shall submit the report to the parties privately within 10 working days after the conclusion of the hearing or within the date established for the submission of posthearing briefs, but not later than 20 working days after the hearing officer's appointment.
- (8) Either the hearing officer, the professional organization, or the local board may make the report public if the dispute is not settled within 10 working days after its receipt from the hearing officer.
- (9) (a) The state superintendent of public instruction may determine the majority status of any professional organization which requests assistance under this section.
- (b) The decision of the superintendent is final unless it is clearly inconsistent with the evidence.
- Section 168. Section **53E-6-901**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-109 is renumbered and amended to read:

Part 9. Additional Credentials

[53A-6-109]. 53E-6-901. Substitute teachers.

- (1) A substitute teacher need not hold a license to teach, but school districts are encouraged to hire licensed personnel as substitutes when available.
- 5203 (2) A person must submit to a background check under Section [53A-15-1503] 5204 53G-11-402 prior to employment as a substitute teacher.

5205	(3) A teacher's position in the classroom may not be filled by an unlicensed substitute
5206	teacher for more than a total of 20 days during any school year unless licensed personnel are
5207	not available.
5208	(4) A person who is ineligible to hold a license for any reason other than professional
5209	preparation may not serve as a substitute teacher.
5210	Section 169. Section 53E-6-902, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-115 is
5211	renumbered and amended to read:
5212	[53A-6-115]. <u>53E-6-902.</u> Teacher leaders.
5213	(1) As used in this section, "teacher" means an educator who has an assignment to
5214	teach in a classroom.
5215	(2) There is created the role of a teacher leader to:
5216	(a) work with a student teacher and a teacher who supervises a student teacher;
5217	(b) assist with the training of a recently hired teacher; and
5218	(c) support school-based professional learning.
5219	(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
5220	board:
5221	(a) shall make rules that:
5222	(i) define the role of a teacher leader, including the functions described in Subsection
5223	(2); and
5224	(ii) establish the minimum criteria for a teacher to qualify as a teacher leader; and
5225	(b) may make rules that create an endorsement for a teacher leader.
5226	(4) A school district or charter school may assign a teacher to a teacher leader position
5227	without a teacher leader endorsement.
5228	(5) (a) The board shall solicit recommendations from school districts and educators
5229	regarding:
5230	(i) appropriate resources to provide a teacher leader; and
5231	(ii) appropriate ways to compensate a teacher leader.
5232	(b) The board shall report the board's findings and recommendations described in
5233	Subsection (5)(a) to the Education Interim Committee on or before the committee's November
5234	2016 interim meeting.
5235	Section 170. Section 53E-6-903, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-116 is

5236	renumbered and amended to read:
5237	[53A-6-116]. <u>53E-6-903.</u> JROTC instructors.
5238	(1) As used in this section:
5239	(a) "Junior Reserve Officer's Training Corps instructor" or "JROTC instructor" means
5240	an individual who:
5241	(i) provides instruction authorized by 10 U.S.C. Sec. 2031; and
5242	(ii) is qualified to provide instruction in accordance with 10 U.S.C. Sec. 2033.
5243	(b) "Junior Reserve Officer's Training Corps program" or "JROTC program" means a
5244	program established in a school district or charter school as described in 10 U.S.C. Sec. 2031.
5245	(2) A school district, a charter school, or the board may not require that a JROTC
5246	instructor hold a license as described in this [part] chapter to teach a course that is part of a
5247	JROTC program.
5248	(3) A JROTC instructor shall submit to a background check under Section
5249	[53A-15-1503] 53G-11-402 as a condition for employment in a school district or charter
5250	school.
5251	Section 171. Section 53E-6-1001 , which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-201 is
5252	renumbered and amended to read:
5253	Part 10. Compact for Interstate Qualification of Educational Personnel
5254	[53A-6-201]. <u>53E-6-1001.</u> Enactment of compact.
5255	The Compact for Interstate Qualification of Educational Personnel is hereby enacted
5256	into law and entered into with all other states legally joining therein.
5257	Section 172. Section 53E-6-1002, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-202 is
5258	renumbered and amended to read:
5259	[53A-6-202]. 53E-6-1002. Purpose and intent of compact Findings.
5260	(1) The states party to this compact, desiring by common action to improve their
5261	respective school systems by utilizing the teacher or other professional educational person
5262	wherever educated, declare that it is the policy of each of them, on the basis of cooperation
5263	with one another, to take advantage of the preparation and experience of such persons wherever
5264	gained, thereby serving the best interests of society, of education, and of the teaching
5265	profession. It is the purpose of this compact to provide for the development and execution of
5266	such programs of cooperation as will facilitate the movement of teachers and other professional

educational personnel among the states party to it, and to authorize specific interstate educational personnel contracts to achieve that end.

- (2) The party states find that included in the large movement of population among all sections of the nation are many qualified educational personnel who move for family and other personal reasons but who are hindered in using their professional skill and experience in their new locations. Variations from state to state in requirements for qualifying educational personnel discourage such personnel from taking the steps necessary to qualify in other states. As a consequence, a significant number of professionally prepared and experienced educators is lost to our school systems. Facilitating the employment of qualified educational personnel, without reference to their states of origin, can increase the available educational resources. Participation in this compact can increase the availability of educational manpower.
- Section 173. Section **53E-6-1003**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-203 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-6-203]. 53E-6-1003. Definitions.

As used in this compact and contracts made pursuant to it:

- (1) The words "educational personnel" mean persons who must meet requirements pursuant to state law as a condition of employment in educational programs.
- (2) The words "designated state official" mean the education official of a state selected by that state to negotiate and enter into, on behalf of his state, contracts pursuant to this compact.
- (3) The word "accept," or any variant thereof, means to recognize and give effect to one or more determinations of another state relating to the qualifications of educational personnel in lieu of making or requiring a like determination that would otherwise be required by or pursuant to the laws of a receiving state.
- (4) The word "state" means a state, territory, or possession of the United States; the District of Columbia; or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
- (5) The words "originating state" mean a state, and the subdivision thereof, if any, whose determination that certain educational personnel are qualified to be employed for specific duties in schools is acceptable in accordance with the terms of a contract made pursuant to Section [53A-6-204] 53E-6-1004.
- (6) The words "receiving state" mean a state, and the subdivisions thereof, which

accept educational personnel in accordance with the terms of a contract made under Section [53A-6-204] 53E-6-1004.

Section 174. Section **53E-6-1004**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-204 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-6-204]. 53E-6-1004. Contracts for acceptance of educational personnel.

- (1) The designated state official of a party state may make one or more contracts on behalf of his state with one or more other party states providing for the acceptance of educational personnel. Any such contract for the period of its duration shall be applicable to and binding on the states whose designated state officials enter into it, and the subdivisions of those states, with the same force and effect as if incorporated in this compact. A designated state official may enter into a contract pursuant to this section only with states in which he finds that there are programs of education, certification standards or other acceptable qualifications that assure preparation or qualification of educational personnel on a basis sufficiently comparable, even though not identical to that prevailing in his own state.
 - (2) Any such contract shall provide for:
 - (a) its duration;

- (b) the criteria to be applied by an originating state in qualifying educational personnel for acceptance by a receiving state;
- (c) such waivers, substitutions, and conditional acceptances as shall aid the practical effectuation of the contract without sacrifice of basic educational standards; and
 - (d) any other necessary matters.
- (3) No contract made pursuant to this compact shall be for a term longer than five years but any such contract may be renewed for like or lesser periods.
- (4) Any contract dealing with acceptance of educational personnel on the basis of their having completed an educational program shall specify the earliest date or dates on which originating state approval of the program or programs involved can have occurred. No contract made pursuant to this compact shall require acceptance by a receiving state of any persons qualified because of successful completion of a program prior to January 1, 1954.
- (5) The certification or other acceptance of a person who has been accepted pursuant to the terms of a contract shall not be revoked or otherwise impaired because the contract has

[53A-6-207].

5329	expired or been terminated. However, any certificate or other qualifying document may be
5330	revoked or suspended on any ground which would be sufficient for revocation or suspension of
5331	a certificate or other qualifying document initially granted or approved in the receiving state.
5332	(6) A contract committee composed of the designated state officials of the contracting
5333	states or their representatives shall keep the contract under continuous review, study means of
5334	improving its administration, and report no less frequently than once a year to the heads of the
5335	appropriate education agencies of the contracting states.
5336	Section 175. Section 53E-6-1005, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-205 is
5337	renumbered and amended to read:
5338	[53A-6-205]. 53E-6-1005. Effect of compact on other state laws and
5339	regulations.
5340	(1) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to repeal or otherwise modify any law or
5341	regulation of a party state relating to the approval of programs of educational preparation
5342	having effect solely on the qualification of educational personnel within that state.
5343	(2) To the extent that contracts made pursuant to this compact deal with the
5344	educational requirements for the proper qualification of educational personnel, acceptance of a
5345	program of educational preparation shall be in accordance with such procedures and
5346	requirements as may be provided in the applicable contract.
5347	Section 176. Section 53E-6-1006, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-206 is
5348	renumbered and amended to read:
5349	[53A-6-206]. <u>53E-6-1006.</u> Agreement by party states.
5350	The party states agree that:
5351	(1) They will, so far as practicable, prefer the making of multi-lateral contracts
5352	pursuant to Section [53A-6-204] 53E-6-1004 of this compact.
5353	(2) They will facilitate and strengthen cooperation in interstate certification and other
5354	elements of educational personnel qualification and for this purpose shall cooperate with
5355	agencies, organizations, and associations interested in certification and other elements of
5356	educational personnel qualification.
5357	Section 177. Section 53E-6-1007, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-207 is
5358	renumbered and amended to read:

53E-6-1007. Evaluation of compact.

5360 The designated state officials of any party states may meet from time to time as a group 5361 to evaluate progress under the compact, and to formulate recommendations for changes. 5362 Section 178. Section 53E-6-1008, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-208 is 5363 renumbered and amended to read: 5364 [53A-6-208]. 53E-6-1008. Scope of compact. 5365 Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prevent or inhibit other arrangements or 5366 practices of any party state or states to facilitate the interchange of educational personnel. 5367 Section 179. Section 53E-6-1009, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-209 is 5368 renumbered and amended to read: 5369 [53A-6-209]. 53E-6-1009. Effective date -- Withdrawal from compact --5370 Continuing obligations. 5371 (1) This compact shall become effective when enacted into law by two states. 5372 Thereafter it shall become effective as to any state upon its enactment of this compact. 5373 (2) Any party state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a statute repealing the 5374 same, but no such withdrawal shall take effect until one year after the governor of the 5375 withdrawing state has given notice in writing of the withdrawal to the governors of all other 5376 party states. (3) No withdrawal shall relieve the withdrawing state of any obligation imposed upon 5377 it by a contract to which it is a party. The duration of contracts and the methods and conditions 5378 5379 of withdrawal therefrom shall be those specified in their terms. 5380 Section 180. Section 53E-6-1010, which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-210 is 5381 renumbered and amended to read: 5382 53E-6-1010. Construction of compact. [53A-6-210]. 5383 This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes of it. The provisions of this compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of 5384 5385 this compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any state or of the United States,

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or the application thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance is held invalid,

the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any government,

agency, person, or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If this compact is held contrary

to the constitution of any state participating therein, the compact shall remain in full force and

effect as to the state affected as to all severable matters.

5391	Section 181. Section 53E-6-1011 , which is renumbered from Section 53A-6-211 is
5392	renumbered and amended to read:
5393	[53A-6-211]. 53E-6-1011. Superintendent of public instruction as
5394	designated state official.
5395	The designated state official for the state of Utah is the superintendent of public
5396	instruction.
5397	Section 182. Section 53E-7-101 is enacted to read:
5398	CHAPTER 7. SPECIAL EDUCATION
5399	Part 1. General Provisions
5400	<u>53E-7-101.</u> Title.
5401	This chapter is known as "Special Education."
5402	Section 183. Section 53E-7-201 is enacted to read:
5403	Part 2. Special Education Program
5404	<u>53E-7-201.</u> Definitions.
5405	Reserved
5406	Section 184. Section 53E-7-202, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-301 is
5407	renumbered and amended to read:
5408	[53A-15-301]. <u>53E-7-202.</u> Education programs for students with disabilities
5409	Supervision by the State Board of Education Enforcement.
5410	(1) (a) All students with disabilities, who are between the ages of three and 22 and
5411	have not graduated from high school with a regular diploma, are entitled to a free, appropriate
5412	public education.
5413	(b) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), if a student with a disability turns 22 during the
5414	school year, the entitlement extends to the:
5415	(i) beginning of the school's winter holiday for those who turn 22 on or after the
5416	beginning of the school year and before December 31; and
5417	(ii) end of the school year for those who turn 22 after December 31 and before the end
5418	of the school year.
5419	(c) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules consistent with applicable state and
5420	federal law to implement this [chapter] part.
5421	(2) The rules adopted by the state board shall include the following:

5422	(a) appropriate and timely identification of students with disabilities;
5423	(b) diagnosis, evaluation, and classification by qualified personnel;
5424	(c) standards for classes and services;
5425	(d) provision for multidistrict programs;
5426	(e) provision for delivery of service responsibilities;
5427	(f) certification and qualifications for instructional staff; and
5428	(g) services for dual enrollment students attending public school on a part-time basis
5429	under Section [53A-11-102.5] <u>53G-6-702</u> .
5430	(3) (a) The state board shall have general control and supervision over all educational
5431	programs for students within the state who have disabilities.
5432	(b) Those programs must comply with rules adopted by the state board under this
5433	section.
5434	(4) The state superintendent of public instruction shall enforce this [chapter] part.
5435	Section 185. Section 53E-7-203, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-302 is
5436	renumbered and amended to read:
5437	[53A-15-302]. 53E-7-203. State director of special education
5438	Qualifications Duties.
5439	(1) The State Board of Education shall appoint a state director of special education,
5440	who shall be qualified and experienced in the area of special education.
5441	(2) The state director has the following duties and responsibilities:
5442	(a) to assist the state board and state superintendent of public instruction in performing
5443	their duties under this [chapter] part;
5444	(b) to encourage and assist school districts and other authorized public agencies in the
5445	organization of programs for students with disabilities;
5446	(c) to provide general supervision over all public programs offered through a public
5447	school, public agency, public institution, or private agency for students with disabilities;
5448	(d) to cooperate with private schools and other private agencies concerned with
5449	educating and training students with disabilities; and
5450	(e) to coordinate all state programs for students with disabilities.
5451	Section 186. Section 53E-7-204, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-303 is
5452	renumbered and amended to read:

5453	[53A-15-303]. <u>53E-7-204.</u> School district responsibility Reimbursement
5454	of costs Other programs.
5455	(1) (a) Each school district shall provide, either singly or in cooperation with other
5456	school districts or public institutions, a free, appropriate education program for all students
5457	with disabilities who are residents of the district.
5458	(b) The program shall include necessary special facilities, instruction, and
5459	education-related services.
5460	(c) The costs of a district's program, or a district's share of a joint program, shall be
5461	paid from district funds.
5462	(2) School districts that provide special education services under this [chapter] part in
5463	accordance with applicable rules of the State Board of Education shall receive reimbursement
5464	from the board under [Title 53A, Chapter 17a, Minimum School Program Act,] Title 53F,
5465	Chapter 2, State Funding Minimum School Program, and other applicable laws.
5466	(3) (a) A school district may, singly or in cooperation with other public entities,
5467	provide education and training for persons with disabilities who are younger than three or older
5468	than 22 consistent with Subsection [53A-15-301] <u>53E-7-202</u> (1).
5469	(b) The cost of such a program may be paid from fees, contributions, and other funds
5470	received by the district for support of the program, but may not be paid from public education
5471	funds.
5472	Section 187. Section 53E-7-205, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-303.5 is
5473	renumbered and amended to read:
5474	[53A-15-303.5]. 53E-7-205. Participation of students with a disability in
5475	extracurricular activities.
5476	(1) A student with a disability may not be denied the opportunity of participating in
5477	public school programs or extracurricular activities solely because of the student's age, unless
5478	the participation threatens the health or safety of the student.
5479	(2) The school district in cooperation with the Utah Department of Health shall
5480	establish criteria used to determine the health and safety factor.
5481	(3) Subsection (1) applies to a student who:
5482	(a) has not graduated from high school with a regular diploma; and

(b) is under the age of 20, if participation is recommended by the student's

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5484	individualized	education	program	team.

Section 188. Section **53E-7-206**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-304 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-15-304]. <u>53E-7-206.</u> Services provided by Department of Health.

The Department of Health shall provide diagnostic and evaluation services, which are required by state or federal law but are not typically otherwise provided by school districts, to students with disabilities.

Section 189. Section **53E-7-207**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-304.5 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-15-304.5]. 53E-7-207. Special education assessments for children in the custody of the Division of Child and Family Services.

Each school district shall provide an initial special education assessment for children who enter the custody of the Division of Child and Family Services, upon request by that division, for children whose school records indicate that they may have disabilities requiring special education services. The assessment shall be conducted within 30 days of the request by the Division of Child and Family Services.

Section 190. Section **53E-7-208**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-305 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-15-305]. 53E-7-208. Resolution of disputes in special education --Hearing request -- Timelines -- Levels -- Appeal process -- Recovery of costs.

- (1) The Legislature finds that it is in the best interest of students with disabilities to provide for a prompt and fair final resolution of disputes which may arise over educational programs and rights and responsibilities of students with disabilities, their parents, and the public schools.
- (2) Therefore, the State Board of Education shall adopt rules meeting the requirements of 20 U.S.C. Section 1415 governing the establishment and maintenance of procedural safeguards for students with disabilities and their parents or guardians as to the provision of free, appropriate public education to those students.
- (3) The timelines established by the board shall provide adequate time to address and resolve disputes without unnecessarily disrupting or delaying the provision of free, appropriate public education for students with disabilities.

5515	(4) Prior to seeking a hearing or other formal proceedings, the parties to a dispute
5516	under this section shall make a good faith effort to resolve the dispute informally at the school
5517	building level.
5518	(5) (a) If the dispute is not resolved under Subsection (4), a party may request a due
5519	process hearing.
5520	(b) The hearing shall be conducted under rules adopted by the board in accordance
5521	with 20 U.S.C. Section 1415.
5522	(6) (a) A party to the hearing may appeal the decision issued under Subsection (5) to a
5523	court of competent jurisdiction under 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(i).
5524	(b) The party must file the judicial appeal within 30 days after issuance of the due
5525	process hearing decision.
5526	(7) If the parties fail to reach agreement on payment of attorney fees, then a party
5527	seeking recovery of attorney fees under 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(i) for a special education
5528	administrative action shall file a court action within 30 days after issuance of a decision under
5529	Subsection (5).
5530	Section 191. Section 53E-7-301, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25a-102 is
5531	renumbered and amended to read:
5532	Part 3. Braille Requirements for Blind Students
5533	[53A-25a-102]. <u>53E-7-301.</u> Definitions.
5534	As used in this [chapter] part:
5535	(1) "Blind student" means an individual between ages three through 21 who is eligible
5536	for special education services and who:
5537	(a) has a visual acuity of 20/200 or less in the better eye with correcting lenses or has a
5538	limited field of vision such that the widest diameter subtends an angular distance no greater
5539	than 20 degrees;
5540	(b) has a medically indicated expectation of visual deterioration; or
5541	(c) has functional blindness.
5542	(2) "Braille" means the system of reading and writing through touch, commonly known
5543	as English Braille.
5544	(3) "Functional blindness" means a visual impairment that renders a student unable to
5545	read or write print at a level commensurate with the student's cognitive abilities.

5546	(4) "Individualized education program" or "IEP" means a written statement developed
5547	for a student eligible for special education services pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities
5548	Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Section 1414(d).
5549	Section 192. Section 53E-7-302, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25a-103 is
5550	renumbered and amended to read:
5551	[53A-25a-103]. <u>53E-7-302.</u> Braille skills assessment Development of
5552	individualized education program.
5553	(1) Any assessment required for a blind student shall include a Braille-related or Braille
5554	skills assessment, including a statement of the individual's present level of performance.
5555	(2) (a) Prior to determining whether a blind student should use Braille as the primary
5556	reading mode, the student's IEP team must be provided with detailed information about the use
5557	and efficiency of Braille as a reading medium.
5558	(b) The team shall acquire the information through pertinent literature or discussions
5559	with competent Braille users and educators, or both, in order to make an informed choice as to
5560	the student's primary reading mode.
5561	(3) In developing an IEP for each blind student, there is a presumption that proficiency
5562	in Braille is essential for the student to achieve satisfactory educational progress.
5563	(4) The use of and instruction in Braille are not required under this section if, in the
5564	course of developing the student's IEP, the team determines that the student's visual impairment
5565	does not significantly affect reading and writing performance commensurate with ability.
5566	(5) Nothing in this section requires the exclusive use of Braille if other special
5567	education services are appropriate to meet the student's educational needs.
5568	(6) The provision of other appropriate special education services does not preclude the
5569	use of Braille or Braille instruction.
5570	Section 193. Section 53E-7-303, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25a-104 is
5571	renumbered and amended to read:
5572	[53A-25a-104]. <u>53E-7-303.</u> Instruction in reading and writing of Braille.
5573	(1) Instruction in the reading and writing of Braille shall be sufficient to enable each
5574	blind student to communicate effectively and efficiently with the same level of proficiency
5575	expected of the student's peers of comparable ability and grade level.
5576	(2) The student's IEP shall specify:

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5577	(a) the results obtained from the skills assessment required under Section
5578	[53A-25a-103] 53E-7-302;
5579	(b) the manner in which Braille is to be implemented as a reading mode for learning in
5580	other academic activities;
5581	(c) the date on which Braille instruction shall begin;
5582	(d) the length of the period of instruction and the frequency and duration of each
5583	instructional session;
5584	(e) the projected level of competency in the reading and writing of Braille to be
5585	achieved by the end of the IEP period and the objective assessment measures to be used; and
5586	(f) if a decision has been made under Section [53A-25a-103] 53E-7-302 that Braille
5587	instruction or use is not required for the student:
5588	(i) a statement that the decision was reached after fully complying with Subsection
5589	[53A-25a-103] <u>53E-7-302(</u> 2); and
5590	(ii) a statement of the reasons for choosing another reading mode.
5591	Section 194. Section 53E-7-304, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25a-105 is
5592	renumbered and amended to read:
5593	[53A-25a-105]. <u>53E-7-304.</u> Braille versions of textbooks.
5594	(1) As a condition of the annual contract for instructional materials process and as a
5595	condition of textbook acceptance, the State Board of Education shall require publishers of
5596	textbooks recommended by the board to furnish, on request, their textbooks and related
5597	instructional materials in an electronic file set, in conformance with the National Instructional
5598	Materials Accessibility Standard, from which Braille versions of all or part of the textbook and
5599	related instructional materials can be produced.
5600	(2) When Braille translation software for specialty code translation becomes available,
5601	publishers shall furnish, on request, electronic file sets, in conformance with the National
5602	Instructional Materials Accessibility Standard, for nonliterary subjects such as mathematics and
5603	science.
5604	Section 195. Section 53E-7-305, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25a-106 is
5605	renumbered and amended to read:
5606	[53A-25a-106]. <u>53E-7-305.</u> Licensing of teachers.

(1) As part of the licensing process, teachers licensed in the education of blind and

5608	visually impaired students shall demonstrate their competence in reading and writing Braille.
5609	(2) (a) The State Board of Education shall adopt procedures to assess the competencies
5610	referred to in Subsection (1), consistent with standards adopted by the National Library Service
5611	for the Blind and Physically Handicapped.
5612	(b) The board shall require teachers of the blind to meet the standards referred to in
5613	Subsection (2)(a).
5614	Section 196. Section 53E-8-101 is enacted to read:
5615	CHAPTER 8. UTAH SCHOOLS FOR THE DEAF AND THE BLIND
5616	Part 1. General Provisions
5617	<u>53E-8-101.</u> Title.
5618	This chapter is known as "Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind."
5619	Section 197. Section 53E-8-102, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25b-102 is
5620	renumbered and amended to read:
5621	[53A-25b-102]. 53E-8-102. Definitions.
5622	As used in this chapter:
5623	(1) "Advisory council" means the Advisory Council for the Utah Schools for the Deaf
5624	and the Blind.
5625	(2) "Alternate format" includes braille, audio, or digital text, or large print.
5626	(3) "Associate superintendent" means:
5627	(a) the associate superintendent of the Utah School for the Deaf; or
5628	(b) the associate superintendent of the Utah School for the Blind.
5629	(4) "Blind" means:
5630	(a) if the person is three years of age or older but younger than 22 years of age, having
5631	a visual impairment that, even with correction, adversely affects educational performance or
5632	substantially limits one or more major life activities; and
5633	(b) if the person is younger than three years of age, having a visual impairment.
5634	(5) "Blindness" means an impairment in vision in which central visual acuity:
5635	(a) does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with correcting lenses; or
5636	(b) is accompanied by a limit to the field of vision in the better eye to such a degree
5637	that its widest diameter subtends an angle of no greater than 20 degrees.
5638	(6) "Board" means the State Board of Education.

5639	(7) "Cortical visual impairment" means a neurological visual disorder:
5640	(a) that:
5641	(i) affects the visual cortex or visual tracts of the brain;
5642	(ii) is caused by damage to the visual pathways to the brain;
5643	(iii) affects a person's visual discrimination, acuity, processing, and interpretation; and
5644	(iv) is often present in conjunction with other disabilities or eye conditions that cause
5645	visual impairment; and
5646	(b) in which the eyes and optic nerves of the affected person appear normal and the
5647	person's pupil responses are normal.
5648	(8) "Deaf" means:
5649	(a) if the person is three years of age or older but younger than 22 years of age, having
5650	hearing loss, whether permanent or fluctuating, that, even with amplification, adversely affects
5651	educational performance or substantially limits one or more major life activities; and
5652	(b) if the person is younger than three years of age, having hearing loss.
5653	(9) "Deafblind" means:
5654	(a) if the person is three years of age or older but younger than 22 years of age:
5655	(i) deaf;
5656	(ii) blind; and
5657	(iii) having hearing loss and visual impairments that cause such severe communication
5658	and other developmental and educational needs that the person cannot be accommodated in
5659	special education programs solely for students who are deaf or blind; or
5660	(b) if the person is younger than three years of age, having both hearing loss and vision
5661	impairments that are diagnosed as provided in Section [53A-25b-301] 53E-8-401.
5662	(10) "Deafness" means a hearing loss so severe that the person is impaired in
5663	processing linguistic information through hearing, with or without amplification.
5664	(11) "Educator" means a person who holds:
5665	(a) (i) a license issued under [Title 53A, Chapter 6, Educator Licensing and
5666	Professional Practices Act] Chapter 6, Education Professional Licensure; and
5667	(ii) a position as:
5668	(A) a teacher;
5669	(B) a speech pathologist;

5670	(C) a librarian or media specialist;
5671	(D) a preschool teacher;
5672	(E) a guidance counselor;
5673	(F) a school psychologist;
5674	(G) an audiologist; or
5675	(H) an orientation and mobility specialist; or
5676	(b) (i) a bachelor's degree or higher;
5677	(ii) credentials from the governing body of the professional's area of practice; and
5678	(iii) a position as:
5679	(A) a Parent Infant Program consultant;
5680	(B) a deafblind consultant;
5681	(C) a school nurse;
5682	(D) a physical therapist;
5683	(E) an occupational therapist;
5684	(F) a social worker; or
5685	(G) a low vision specialist.
5686	(12) "Functional blindness" means a disorder in which the physical structures of the
5687	eye may be functioning, but the person does not attend to, examine, utilize, or accurately
5688	process visual information.
5689	(13) "Functional hearing loss" means a central nervous system impairment that results
5690	in abnormal auditory perception, including an auditory processing disorder or auditory
5691	neuropathy/dys-synchrony, in which parts of the auditory system may be functioning, but the
5692	person does not attend to, respond to, localize, utilize, or accurately process auditory
5693	information.
5694	(14) "Hard of hearing" means having a hearing loss, excluding deafness.
5695	(15) "Individualized education program" or "IEP" means:
5696	(a) a written statement for a student with a disability that is developed, reviewed, and
5697	revised in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec.
5698	1400 et seq.; or
5699	(b) an individualized family service plan developed:
5700	(i) for a child with a disability who is younger than three years of age; and

5701	(ii) in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec.
5702	1400 et seq.
5703	(16) "LEA" means a local education agency that has administrative control and
5704	direction for public education.
5705	(17) "LEA of record" means the school district of residence of a student as determined
5706	under Section [53A-2-201] <u>53G-6-302</u> .
5707	(18) "Low vision" means an impairment in vision in which:
5708	(a) visual acuity is at 20/70 or worse; or
5709	(b) the visual field is reduced to less than 20 degrees.
5710	(19) "Parent Infant Program" means a program at the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
5711	Blind that provides services:
5712	(a) through an interagency agreement with the Department of Health to children
5713	younger than three years of age who are deaf, blind, or deafblind; and
5714	(b) to children younger than three years of age who are deafblind through Deafblind
5715	Services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
5716	(20) "Section 504" means Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.
5717	(21) "Section 504 accommodation plan" means a plan developed pursuant to Section
5718	504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, to provide appropriate accommodations to
5719	an individual with a disability to ensure access to major life activities.
5720	(22) "Superintendent" means the superintendent of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and
5721	the Blind.
5722	(23) "Visual impairment" includes partial sightedness, low vision, blindness, cortical
5723	visual impairment, functional blindness, and degenerative conditions that lead to blindness or
5724	severe loss of vision.
5725	Section 198. Section 53E-8-201, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25b-103 is
5726	renumbered and amended to read:
5727	Part 2. Organization, Powers, and Duties
5728	[53A-25b-103]. 53E-8-201. Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind created
5729	Designated LEA Services statewide.
5730	(1) The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind is created as a single public school
5731	agency that includes:

5732	(a) the Utah School for the Deaf;
5733	(b) the Utah School for the Blind;
5734	(c) programs for students who are deafblind; and
5735	(d) the Parent Infant Program.
5736	(2) Under the general control and supervision of the board, consistent with the board's
5737	constitutional authority, the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind:
5738	(a) may provide services to students statewide:
5739	(i) who are deaf, blind, or deafblind; or
5740	(ii) who are neither deaf, blind, nor deafblind, if allowed under rules of the board
5741	established pursuant to Section [53A-25b-301] <u>53E-8-401</u> ; and
5742	(b) shall serve as the designated LEA for a student and assume the responsibilities of
5743	providing services as prescribed through the student's IEP or Section 504 accommodation plan
5744	when the student's LEA of record, parent or legal guardian, and the Utah Schools for the Deaf
5745	and the Blind determine that the student be placed at the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
5746	Blind.
5747	(3) When the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind becomes a student's designated
5748	LEA, the LEA of record and the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind shall ensure that all
5749	rights and requirements regarding individual student assessment, eligibility, services,
5750	placement, and procedural safeguards provided through the Individuals with Disabilities
5751	Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq. and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973,
5752	as amended, remain in force.
5753	(4) Nothing in this section diminishes the responsibility of a student's LEA of record
5754	for the education of the student as provided in [Title 53A, Chapter 15, Part 3, Education of
5755	Children with Disabilities] Chapter 7, Part 2, Special Education Program.
5756	Section 199. Section 53E-8-202, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25b-104 is
5757	renumbered and amended to read:
5758	[53A-25b-104]. 53E-8-202. Corporate powers Property Establishment of
5759	a foundation.
5760	(1) The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind is a public corporation with perpetual
5761	succession and a corporate seal.

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(2) The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind may:

5/63	(a) sue and be sued;
5764	(b) contract and be contracted with;
5765	(c) take and hold by purchase, gift, devise, or bequest real and personal property
5766	required for its uses; and
5767	(d) convert property, if not suitable for its use, into other property or money.
5768	(3) The property of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind is exempt from taxes
5769	and assessments.
5770	(4) The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind may establish a foundation as
5771	described in Section 53E-3-403.
5772	Section 200. Section 53E-8-203, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25b-105 is
5773	renumbered and amended to read:
5774	[53A-25b-105]. <u>53E-8-203.</u> Applicability of statutes to the Utah Schools for
5775	the Deaf and the Blind.
5776	(1) The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind is subject to [Title 53A, State System
5777	of Public Education,] this public education code and other state laws applicable to public
5778	schools, except as otherwise provided by this chapter.
5779	(2) The following provisions of [Title 53A, State System of Public Education,] this
5780	public education code do not apply to the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind:
5781	(a) provisions governing the budgets, funding, or finances of school districts or charter
5782	schools; and
5783	(b) provisions governing school construction.
5784	(3) Except as provided in this chapter, the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind is
5785	subject to state laws governing state agencies, including:
5786	(a) Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act;
5787	(b) Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act;
5788	(c) Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act;
5789	(d) Title 63A, Utah Administrative Services Code;
5790	(e) Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act;
5791	(f) Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act;
5792	(g) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code;
5793	(h) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act;

5794	(i) Title 63J, Chapter 2, Revenue Procedures and Control Act; and
5795	(j) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.
5796	Section 201. Section 53E-8-204, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25b-201 is
5797	renumbered and amended to read:
5798	[53A-25b-201]. <u>53E-8-204.</u> Authority of the State Board of Education
5799	Rulemaking Superintendent Advisory Council.
5800	(1) The State Board of Education is the governing board of the Utah Schools for the
5801	Deaf and the Blind.
5802	(2) (a) The board shall appoint a superintendent for the Utah Schools for the Deaf and
5803	the Blind.
5804	(b) The board shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
5805	Administrative Rulemaking Act, regarding the qualifications, terms of employment, and duties
5806	of the superintendent for the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
5807	(3) The superintendent shall:
5808	(a) subject to the approval of the board, appoint an associate superintendent to
5809	administer the Utah School for the Deaf based on:
5810	(i) demonstrated competency as an expert educator of deaf persons; and
5811	(ii) knowledge of school management and the instruction of deaf persons;
5812	(b) subject to the approval of the board, appoint an associate superintendent to
5813	administer the Utah School for the Blind based on:
5814	(i) demonstrated competency as an expert educator of blind persons; and
5815	(ii) knowledge of school management and the instruction of blind persons, including an
5816	understanding of the unique needs and education of deafblind persons.
5817	(4) (a) The board shall:
5818	(i) establish an Advisory Council for the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind and
5819	appoint no more than 11 members to the advisory council;
5820	(ii) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
5821	Rulemaking Act, regarding the operation of the advisory council; and
5822	(iii) receive and consider the advice and recommendations of the advisory council but
5823	is not obligated to follow the recommendations of the advisory council.
5824	(b) The advisory council described in Subsection (4)(a) shall include at least:

5825	(i) two members who are blind;
5826	(ii) two members who are deaf; and
5827	(iii) two members who are deafblind or parents of a deafblind child.
5828	(5) The board shall approve the annual budget and expenditures of the Utah Schools
5829	for the Deaf and the Blind.
5830	(6) (a) On or before the November interim meeting each year, the board shall report to
5831	the Education Interim Committee on the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
5832	(b) The board shall ensure that the report described in Subsection (6)(a) includes:
5833	(i) a financial report;
5834	(ii) a report on the activities of the superintendent and associate superintendents;
5835	(iii) a report on activities to involve parents and constituency and advocacy groups in
5836	the governance of the school; and
5837	(iv) a report on student achievement, including:
5838	(A) longitudinal student achievement data for both current and previous students served
5839	by the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind;
5840	(B) graduation rates; and
5841	(C) a description of the educational placement of students exiting the Utah Schools for
5842	the Deaf and the Blind.
5843	Section 202. Section 53E-8-301, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25b-401 is
5844	renumbered and amended to read:
5845	Part 3. Educators
5846	[53A-25b-401]. 53E-8-301. Educators exempt from Department of Human
5847	Resource Management rules Collective bargaining agreement.
5848	(1) Educators employed by the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind are exempt
5849	from mandatory compliance with rules of the Department of Human Resource Management.
5850	(2) The board may enter into a collective bargaining agreement to establish
5851	compensation and other personnel policies with educators employed by the Utah Schools for
5852	the Deaf and the Blind to replace rules of the Department of Human Resource Management.
5853	(3) A collective bargaining agreement made under Subsection (2) is subject to the same
5854	requirements that are imposed on local school boards by Section [53A-3-411] 53G-11-202.
5855	Section 203. Section 53E-8-302, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25b-402 is

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5857 [53A-25b-402]. 53E-8-302. Annual salary adjustments for educators.

- [(1) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall annually appropriate money to the board for the salary adjustments described in this section, including step and lane changes.]
- (1) In accordance with Section 53F-7-301, the Legislature shall appropriate money to the board for the salary adjustments described in this section.
- (2) The board shall include in its annual budget request for the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind an amount of money sufficient to adjust educators' salaries as described in Subsection (3) and fund step and lane changes.
 - (3) (a) The board shall determine the salary adjustment specified in Subsection (2) by:
- (i) calculating a weighted average salary adjustment for nonadministrative licensed staff adopted by the school districts of the state, with the average weighted by the number of teachers in each school district; and
- (ii) increasing the weighted average salary adjustment by 10% in any year in which teachers of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind are not ranked in the top 10 in 20-year earnings when compared to earnings of teachers in the school districts of the state.
- (b) In calculating a weighted average salary adjustment for nonadministrative licensed staff adopted by the school districts of the state under Subsection (3)(a), the board shall exclude educator salary adjustments provided pursuant to Section [53A-17a-153] 53F-2-405.
- (4) From money appropriated to the board for salary adjustments, the board shall adjust the salary schedule applicable to educators at the school each year.
- Section 204. Section **53E-8-401**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25b-301 is renumbered and amended to read:

Part 4. Eligibility, Services, and Programs

5881 [53A-25b-301]. 53E-8-401. Eligibility for services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.

- (1) Except as provided in Subsections (3), (4), and (5), a person is eligible to receive services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind if the person is:
 - (a) a resident of Utah;
- 5886 (b) younger than 22 years of age;

588/	(c) referred to the Utan Schools for the Deaf and the Blind by the person's school
5888	district of residence or a local early intervention program; and
5889	(d) identified as deaf, blind, or deafblind through:
5890	(i) the special education eligibility determination process; or
5891	(ii) the Section 504 eligibility determination process.
5892	(2) (a) In diagnosing a person younger than age three who is deafblind, the following
5893	information may be used:
5894	(i) opthalmological and audiological documentation;
5895	(ii) functional vision or hearing assessments and evaluations; or
5896	(iii) informed clinical opinion conducted by a person with expertise in deafness,
5897	blindness, or deafblindness.
5898	(b) Informed clinical opinion shall be:
5899	(i) included in the determination of eligibility when documentation is incomplete or not
5900	conclusive; and
5901	(ii) based on pertinent records related to the individual's current health status and
5902	medical history, an evaluation and observations of the individual's level of sensory functioning,
5903	and the needs of the family.
5904	(3) (a) A student who qualifies for special education shall have services and placement
5905	determinations made through the IEP process.
5906	(b) A student who qualifies for accommodations under Section 504 shall have services
5907	and placement determinations made through the Section 504 team process.
5908	(c) A parent or legal guardian of a child who is deaf, blind, or deafblind shall make the
5909	final decision regarding placement of the child in a Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind
5910	program or in a school district or charter school program subject to special education federal
5911	regulations regarding due process.
5912	(4) (a) A nonresident may receive services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
5913	Blind in accordance with rules of the board.
5914	(b) The rules shall require the payment of tuition for services provided to a
5915	nonresident.
5916	(5) An individual is eligible to receive services from the Utah Schools for the Deaf and

the Blind under circumstances described in Section [53A-25b-308] <u>53E-8-408</u>.

5918	(6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and
5919	this chapter, the board:
5920	(a) shall make rules that determine the eligibility of students to be served by the Utah
5921	Schools for the Deaf and the Blind; and
5922	(b) may make rules to allow a resident of Utah who is neither deaf, blind, nor deafblind
5923	to receive services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind if the student is younger than
5924	22 years of age.
5925	Section 205. Section 53E-8-402, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25b-302 is
5926	renumbered and amended to read:
5927	[53A-25b-302]. <u>53E-8-402.</u> Entrance polices and procedures.
5928	With input from the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind, school districts, parents,
5929	and the advisory council, the board shall establish entrance policies and procedures that IEP
5930	teams and Section 504 teams are to consider in making placement recommendations at the
5931	Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
5932	Section 206. Section 53E-8-403, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25b-303 is
5933	renumbered and amended to read:
5934	[53A-25b-303]. <u>53E-8-403.</u> Educational programs.
5935	(1) The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind shall provide an educational program
5936	for a student:
5937	(a) based on assessments of the student's abilities; and
5938	(b) in accordance with the student's IEP or Section 504 accommodation plan.
5939	(2) If a student's ability to access the core curriculum is impaired primarily due to a
5940	severe sensory loss, the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind shall provide an educational
5941	program that will enable the student, with accommodations, to access the core curriculum.
5942	(3) The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind shall provide instruction in Braille to
5943	students who are blind as required by [Chapter 25a, Blind Persons' Literacy Rights and
5944	Education Act] Chapter 7, Part 3, Braille Requirements for Blind Students.
5945	Section 207. Section 53E-8-404, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25b-304 is
5946	renumbered and amended to read:
5947	[53A-25b-304]. <u>53E-8-404.</u> Administration of statewide assessments.
5948	The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind shall annually administer, as applicable,

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5949	the statewide assessments described in Section [53A-1-602] 53E-4-301, except a student may
5950	take an alternative test in accordance with the student's IEP.
5951	Section 208. Section 53E-8-405, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25b-305 is
5952	renumbered and amended to read:
5953	[53A-25b-305]. 53E-8-405. Collaboration with Department of Health.
5954	The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind shall collaborate with the Department of
5955	Health to provide services to children with disabilities who are younger than three years of age
5956	in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.
5957	Section 209. Section 53E-8-406, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25b-306 is
5958	renumbered and amended to read:
5959	[53A-25b-306]. 53E-8-406. Programs for deafblind individuals State
5960	deafblind education specialist.
5961	(1) The board shall adopt policies and programs for providing appropriate educational
5962	services to individuals who are deafblind.
5963	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), the board shall designate an employee who
5964	holds a deafblind certification or equivalent training and expertise to:
5965	(a) act as a resource coordinator for the board on public education programs designed
5966	for individuals who are deafblind;
5967	(b) facilitate the design and implementation of professional development programs to
5968	assist school districts, charter schools, and the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind in
5969	meeting the educational needs of those who are deafblind; and
5970	(c) facilitate the design of and assist with the implementation of one-on-one
5971	intervention programs in school districts, charter schools, and at the Utah Schools for the Deaf
5972	and the Blind for those who are deafblind, serving as a resource for, or team member of,
5973	individual IEP teams.
5974	(3) The board may authorize and approve the costs of an employee to obtain a
5975	deafblind certification or equivalent training and expertise to qualify for the position described
5976	in Subsection (2).
5977	(4) The board may contract with a third party for the services required under
5978	Subsection (2).

Section 210. Section 53E-8-407, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25b-307 is

5980	renumbered and amended to read:
5981	[53A-25b-307]. 53E-8-407. Educational Enrichment Program for Deaf,
5982	Hard of Hearing, and Visually Impaired Students Funding for the program.
5983	(1) There is established the Educational Enrichment Program for Deaf, Hard of
5984	Hearing, and Visually Impaired Students.
5985	(2) The purpose of the program is to provide opportunities that will, in a family
5986	friendly environment, enhance the educational services required for deaf, hard of hearing,
5987	blind, or deafblind students.
5988	(3) The advisory council shall design and implement the program, subject to the
5989	approval by the board.
5990	(4) The program shall be funded from the interest and dividends derived from the
5991	permanent funds created for the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind pursuant to Section 12
5992	of the Utah Enabling Act and distributed by the director of the School and Institutional Trust
5993	Lands Administration under Section 53C-3-103.
5994	Section 211. Section 53E-8-408, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25b-308 is
5995	renumbered and amended to read:
5996	[53A-25b-308]. 53E-8-408. Educational services for an individual with a
5997	hearing loss.
5998	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind shall provide
5999	educational services to an individual:
6000	(a) who seeks to receive the educational services; and
6001	(b) (i) whose results of a test for hearing loss are reported to the Utah Schools for the
6002	Deaf and the Blind in accordance with Section 26-10-6 or 26-10-13; or
6003	(ii) who has been diagnosed with a hearing loss by a physician or an audiologist.
6004	(2) If the individual who will receive the services described in Subsection (1) is a
6005	minor, the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind may not provide the services to the
6006	individual until after receiving permission from the individual's parent or guardian.
6007	Section 212. Section 53E-8-409, which is renumbered from Section 53A-25b-501 is
6008	renumbered and amended to read:
6009	[53A-25b-501]. 53E-8-409. Instructional Materials Access Center Board to
6010	make rules.

6011	(1) The board shall collaborate with the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind,
6012	school districts, and charter schools in establishing the Utah State Instructional Materials
6013	Access Center to provide students with print disabilities access to instructional materials in
6014	alternate formats in a timely manner.
6015	(2) The board shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
6016	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
6017	(a) establish the Utah State Instructional Materials Access Center;
6018	(b) define how the Educational Resource Center at the Utah Schools for the Deaf and
6019	the Blind shall collaborate in the operation of the Utah State Instructional Materials Access
6020	Center;
6021	(c) specify procedures for the operation of the Utah State Instructional Materials
6022	Access Center, including procedures to:
6023	(i) identify students who qualify for instructional materials in alternate formats; and
6024	(ii) distribute and store instructional materials in alternate formats;
6025	(d) establish the contribution of school districts and charter schools towards the cost of
6026	instructional materials in alternate formats; and
6027	(e) require textbook publishers, as a condition of contract, to provide electronic file set
6028	in conformance with the National Instructional Materials Accessibility Standard.
6029	Section 213. Section 53E-8-410, which is renumbered from Section 53A-17a-111.5 is
6030	renumbered and amended to read:
6031	[53A-17a-111.5]. 53E-8-410. School districts to provide class space for deaf
6032	and blind programs.
6033	(1) A school district with students who reside within the school district's boundaries
6034	and are served by the Schools for the Deaf and the Blind shall:
6035	(a) furnish the schools with space required for their programs; or
6036	(b) help pay for the cost of leasing classroom space in other school districts.
6037	(2) A school district's participation in the program under Subsection (1) is based upon
6038	the number of students who are served by the Schools for the Deaf and the Blind and who
6039	reside within the school district as compared to the state total of students who are served by the
6040	schools.
60/11	Section 214 Section 53F-0-101 is enacted to read:

6042	CHAPTER 9. STUDENT PRIVACY AND DATA PROTECTION
6043	Part 1. General Provisions
6044	<u>53E-9-101.</u> Title.
6045	This chapter is known as "Student Privacy and Data Protection."
6046	Section 215. Section 53E-9-201 is enacted to read:
6047	Part 2. Student Privacy
6048	53E-9-201. Definitions.
6049	Reserved
6050	Section 216. Section 53E-9-202, which is renumbered from Section 53A-13-301 is
6051	renumbered and amended to read:
6052	[53A-13-301]. 53E-9-202. Application of state and federal law to the
6053	administration and operation of public schools Local school board and charter school
6054	governing board policies.
6055	(1) As used in this section "education entity" means:
6056	(a) the State Board of Education;
6057	(b) a local school board or charter school governing board;
6058	(c) a school district;
6059	(d) a public school; or
6060	(e) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
6061	(2) An education entity and an employee, student aide, volunteer, third party
6062	contractor, or other agent of an education entity shall protect the privacy of a student, the
6063	student's parents, and the student's family and support parental involvement in the education of
6064	their children through compliance with the protections provided for family and student privacy
6065	under this part and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act and related provisions under
6066	20 U.S.C. Secs. 1232g and 1232h, in the administration and operation of all public school
6067	programs, regardless of the source of funding.
6068	(3) A local school board or charter school governing board shall enact policies
6069	governing the protection of family and student privacy as required by this part.
6070	Section 217. Section 53E-9-203, which is renumbered from Section 53A-13-302 is
6071	renumbered and amended to read:
6072	[53A-13-302]. <u>53E-9-203.</u> Activities prohibited without prior written

consent Validity of consent Qualificat	ions Training	on implementation.
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- (1) Except as provided in Subsection (7), Section [53A-11a-203] 53G-9-604, and Section [53A-15-1301] 53G-9-702, policies adopted by a school district or charter school under Section [53A-13-301] 53E-9-202 shall include prohibitions on the administration to a student of any psychological or psychiatric examination, test, or treatment, or any survey, analysis, or evaluation without the prior written consent of the student's parent or legal guardian, in which the purpose or evident intended effect is to cause the student to reveal information, whether the information is personally identifiable or not, concerning the student's or any family member's:
- 6082 (a) political affiliations or, except as provided under Section [53A-13-101.1] 6083 <u>53G-10-202</u> or rules of the State Board of Education, political philosophies;
 - (b) mental or psychological problems;
 - (c) sexual behavior, orientation, or attitudes;
 - (d) illegal, anti-social, self-incriminating, or demeaning behavior;
 - (e) critical appraisals of individuals with whom the student or family member has close family relationships;
 - (f) religious affiliations or beliefs;
 - (g) legally recognized privileged and analogous relationships, such as those with lawyers, medical personnel, or ministers; and
 - (h) income, except as required by law.
 - (2) Prior written consent under Subsection (1) is required in all grades, kindergarten through grade 12.
 - (3) Except as provided in Subsection (7), Section [53A-11a-203] 53G-9-604, and Section [53A-15-1301] 53G-9-702, the prohibitions under Subsection (1) shall also apply within the curriculum and other school activities unless prior written consent of the student's parent or legal guardian has been obtained.
 - (4) (a) Written parental consent is valid only if a parent or legal guardian has been first given written notice, including notice that a copy of the educational or student survey questions to be asked of the student in obtaining the desired information is made available at the school, and a reasonable opportunity to obtain written information concerning:
 - (i) records or information, including information about relationships, that may be

examined or requested;

- (ii) the means by which the records or information shall be examined or reviewed;
- (iii) the means by which the information is to be obtained;
- (iv) the purposes for which the records or information are needed;
- (v) the entities or persons, regardless of affiliation, who will have access to the personally identifiable information; and
- (vi) a method by which a parent of a student can grant permission to access or examine the personally identifiable information.
- (b) For a survey described in Subsection (1), written notice described in Subsection (4)(a) shall include an Internet address where a parent or legal guardian can view the exact survey to be administered to the parent or legal guardian's student.
- (5) (a) Except in response to a situation which a school employee reasonably believes to be an emergency, or as authorized under Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Part 4, Child Abuse or Neglect Reporting Requirements, or by order of a court, disclosure to a parent or legal guardian must be given at least two weeks before information protected under this section is sought.
- (b) Following disclosure, a parent or guardian may waive the two week minimum notification period.
- (c) Unless otherwise agreed to by a student's parent or legal guardian and the person requesting written consent, the authorization is valid only for the activity for which it was granted.
- (d) A written withdrawal of authorization submitted to the school principal by the authorizing parent or guardian terminates the authorization.
- (e) A general consent used to approve admission to school or involvement in special education, remedial education, or a school activity does not constitute written consent under this section.
- (6) (a) This section does not limit the ability of a student under Section [53A-13-101.3] 53G-10-203 to spontaneously express sentiments or opinions otherwise protected against disclosure under this section.
- (b) (i) If a school employee or agent believes that a situation exists which presents a serious threat to the well-being of a student, that employee or agent shall notify the student's parent or guardian without delay.

school to:

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6135	(ii) If, however, the matter has been reported to the Division of Child and Family
6136	Services within the Department of Human Services, it is the responsibility of the division to
6137	notify the student's parent or guardian of any possible investigation, prior to the student's return
6138	home from school.
6139	(iii) The division may be exempted from the notification requirements described in this
6140	Subsection (6)(b)(ii) only if it determines that the student would be endangered by notification
6141	of his parent or guardian, or if that notification is otherwise prohibited by state or federal law.
6142	(7) (a) If a school employee, agent, or school resource officer believes a student is
6143	at-risk of attempting suicide, physical self-harm, or harming others, the school employee,
6144	agent, or school resource officer may intervene and ask a student questions regarding the
6145	student's suicidal thoughts, physically self-harming behavior, or thoughts of harming others for
6146	the purposes of:
6147	(i) referring the student to appropriate prevention services; and
6148	(ii) informing the student's parent or legal guardian.
6149	(b) On or before September 1, 2014, a school district or charter school shall develop
6150	and adopt a policy regarding intervention measures consistent with Subsection (7)(a) while
6151	requiring the minimum degree of intervention to accomplish the goals of this section.
6152	(8) Local school boards and charter school governing boards shall provide inservice for
6153	teachers and administrators on the implementation of this section.
6154	(9) The board shall provide procedures for disciplinary action for violations of this
6155	section.
6156	Section 218. Section 53E-9-204, which is renumbered from Section 53A-13-303 is
6157	renumbered and amended to read:
6158	[53A-13-303]. <u>53E-9-204.</u> Access to education records Training
6159	requirement Certification.
6160	(1) As used in this section, "education record" means the same as that term is defined
6161	in the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g.
6162	(2) A local school board or charter school governing board shall require each public

(a) create and maintain a list that includes the name and position of each school

employee who the public school authorizes, in accordance with Subsection (4), to have access

0100	to an education record, and
6167	(b) provide the list described in Subsection (2)(a) to the school's local school board or
6168	charter school governing board.
6169	(3) A local school board or charter school governing board shall:
6170	(a) provide training on student privacy laws; and
6171	(b) require a school employee on the list described in Subsection (2) to:
6172	(i) complete the training described in Subsection (3)(a); and
6173	(ii) provide to the local school board or charter school governing board a certified
6174	statement, signed by the school employee, that certifies that the school employee completed the
6175	training described in Subsection (3)(a) and that the school employee understands student
6176	privacy requirements.
6177	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a local school board, charter school
6178	governing board, public school, or school employee may only share an education record with a
6179	school employee if:
6180	(i) that school employee's name is on the list described in Subsection (2); and
6181	(ii) federal and state privacy laws authorize the education record to be shared with that
6182	school employee.
6183	(b) A local school board, charter school governing board, public school, or school
6184	employee may share an education record with a school employee if the board, school, or
6185	employee obtains written consent from:
6186	(i) the parent or legal guardian of the student to whom the education record relates, if
6187	the student is younger than 18 years old; or
6188	(ii) the student to whom the education record relates, if the student is 18 years old or
6189	older.
6190	Section 219. Section 53E-9-301, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1402 is
6191	renumbered and amended to read:
6192	Part 3. Student Data Protection
6193	[53A-1-1402]. <u>53E-9-301.</u> Definitions.
6194	As used in this part:
6195	(1) "Adult student" means a student who:
6196	(a) is at least 18 years old;

6197	(b) is an emancipated student; or
6198	(c) qualifies under the McKinney-Vento Homeless Education Assistance
6199	Improvements Act of 2001, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 11431 et seq.
6200	(2) "Aggregate data" means data that:
6201	(a) are totaled and reported at the group, cohort, school, school district, region, or state
6202	level with at least 10 individuals in the level;
6203	(b) do not reveal personally identifiable student data; and
6204	(c) are collected in accordance with board rule.
6205	(3) (a) "Biometric identifier" means a:
6206	(i) retina or iris scan;
6207	(ii) fingerprint;
6208	(iii) human biological sample used for valid scientific testing or screening; or
6209	(iv) scan of hand or face geometry.
6210	(b) "Biometric identifier" does not include:
6211	(i) a writing sample;
6212	(ii) a written signature;
6213	(iii) a voiceprint;
6214	(iv) a photograph;
6215	(v) demographic data; or
6216	(vi) a physical description, such as height, weight, hair color, or eye color.
6217	(4) "Biometric information" means information, regardless of how the information is
6218	collected, converted, stored, or shared:
6219	(a) based on an individual's biometric identifier; and
6220	(b) used to identify the individual.
6221	(5) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
6222	(6) "Cumulative disciplinary record" means disciplinary student data that is part of a
6223	cumulative record.
6224	(7) "Cumulative record" means physical or electronic information that the education
6225	entity intends:
6226	(a) to store in a centralized location for 12 months or more; and
6227	(b) for the information to follow the student through the public education system.

6228	(8) "Data authorization" means written authorization to collect or share a student's
6229	student data, from:
6230	(a) the student's parent, if the student is not an adult student; or
6231	(b) the student, if the student is an adult student.
6232	(9) "Data governance plan" means an education entity's comprehensive plan for
6233	managing education data that:
6234	(a) incorporates reasonable data industry best practices to maintain and protect student
6235	data and other education-related data;
6236	(b) provides for necessary technical assistance, training, support, and auditing;
6237	(c) describes the process for sharing student data between an education entity and
6238	another person;
6239	(d) describes the process for an adult student or parent to request that data be
6240	expunged; and
6241	(e) is published annually and available on the education entity's website.
6242	(10) "Education entity" means:
6243	(a) the board;
6244	(b) a local school board;
6245	(c) a charter school governing board;
6246	(d) a school district;
6247	(e) a charter school;
6248	(f) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind; or
6249	(g) for purposes of implementing the School Readiness Initiative described in [Chapter
6250	1b, Part 1,] Title 53F, Chapter 6, Part 3, School Readiness Initiative [Act], the School
6251	Readiness Board created in Section [53A-1b-103] <u>53F-6-302</u> .
6252	(11) "Expunge" means to seal or permanently delete data, as described in board rule
6253	made under Section [53A-1-1407] <u>53E-9-306</u> .
6254	(12) "External application" means a general audience:
6255	(a) application;
6256	(b) piece of software;
6257	(c) website; or
6258	(d) service.

6259	(13) "Individualized education program" or "IEP" means a written statement:
6260	(a) for a student with a disability; and
6261	(b) that is developed, reviewed, and revised in accordance with the Individuals with
6262	Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.
6263	(14) "Internal application" means an Internet website, online service, online
6264	application, mobile application, or software, if the Internet website, online service, online
6265	application, mobile application, or software is subject to a third-party contractor's contract with
6266	an education entity.
6267	(15) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:
6268	(a) a school district;
6269	(b) a charter school;
6270	(c) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind; or
6271	(d) for purposes of implementing the School Readiness Initiative described in [Chapter
6272	1b, Part 1, Title 53F, Chapter 6, Part 3, School Readiness Initiative [Act], the School
6273	Readiness Board created in Section [53A-1b-103] <u>53F-6-302</u> .
6274	(16) "Metadata dictionary" means a complete list of an education entity's student data
6275	elements and other education-related data elements, that:
6276	(a) defines and discloses all data collected, used, stored, and shared by the education
6277	entity, including:
6278	(i) who uses a data element within an education entity and how a data element is used
6279	within an education entity;
6280	(ii) if a data element is shared externally, who uses the data element externally and how
6281	a data element is shared externally;
6282	(iii) restrictions on the use of a data element; and
6283	(iv) parent and student rights to a data element;
6284	(b) designates student data elements as:
6285	(i) necessary student data; or
6286	(ii) optional student data;
6287	(c) designates student data elements as required by state or federal law; and
6288	(d) without disclosing student data or security information, is displayed on the
6289	education entity's website.

6290	(17) "Necessary student data" means data required by state statute or federal law to
6291	conduct the regular activities of an education entity, including:
6292	(a) name;
6293	(b) date of birth;
6294	(c) sex;
6295	(d) parent contact information;
6296	(e) custodial parent information;
6297	(f) contact information;
6298	(g) a student identification number;
6299	(h) local, state, and national assessment results or an exception from taking a local,
6300	state, or national assessment;
6301	(i) courses taken and completed, credits earned, and other transcript information;
6302	(j) course grades and grade point average;
6303	(k) grade level and expected graduation date or graduation cohort;
6304	(l) degree, diploma, credential attainment, and other school exit information;
6305	(m) attendance and mobility;
6306	(n) drop-out data;
6307	(o) immunization record or an exception from an immunization record;
6308	(p) race;
6309	(q) ethnicity;
6310	(r) tribal affiliation;
6311	(s) remediation efforts;
6312	(t) an exception from a vision screening required under Section [53A-11-203]
6313	53G-9-404 or information collected from a vision screening required under Section
6314	[53A-11-203] <u>53G-9-404</u> ;
6315	(u) information related to the Utah Registry of Autism and Developmental Disabilities,
6316	described in Section 26-7-4;
6317	(v) student injury information;
6318	(w) a cumulative disciplinary record created and maintained as described in Section
6319	[53A-1-1407] <u>53E-9-306</u> ;
6320	(x) juvenile delinquency records;

6321	(y) English language learner status; and
6322	(z) child find and special education evaluation data related to initiation of an IEP.
6323	(18) (a) "Optional student data" means student data that is not:
6324	(i) necessary student data; or
6325	(ii) student data that an education entity may not collect under Section [53A-1-1406]
6326	<u>53E-9-305</u> .
6327	(b) "Optional student data" includes:
6328	(i) information that is:
6329	(A) related to an IEP or needed to provide special needs services; and
6330	(B) not necessary student data;
6331	(ii) biometric information; and
6332	(iii) information that is not necessary student data and that is required for a student to
6333	participate in a federal or other program.
6334	(19) "Parent" means a student's parent or legal guardian.
6335	(20) (a) "Personally identifiable student data" means student data that identifies or is
6336	used by the holder to identify a student.
6337	(b) "Personally identifiable student data" includes:
6338	(i) a student's first and last name;
6339	(ii) the first and last name of a student's family member;
6340	(iii) a student's or a student's family's home or physical address;
6341	(iv) a student's email address or other online contact information;
6342	(v) a student's telephone number;
6343	(vi) a student's social security number;
6344	(vii) a student's biometric identifier;
6345	(viii) a student's health or disability data;
6346	(ix) a student's education entity student identification number;
6347	(x) a student's social media user name and password or alias;
6348	(xi) if associated with personally identifiable student data, the student's persistent
6349	identifier, including:
6350	(A) a customer number held in a cookie; or
6351	(B) a processor serial number;

6352	(xii) a combination of a student's last name or photograph with other information that
6353	together permits a person to contact the student online;
6354	(xiii) information about a student or a student's family that a person collects online and
6355	combines with other personally identifiable student data to identify the student; and
6356	(xiv) other information that is linked to a specific student that would allow a
6357	reasonable person in the school community, who does not have first-hand knowledge of the
6358	student, to identify the student with reasonable certainty.
6359	(21) "School official" means an employee or agent of an education entity, if the
6360	education entity has authorized the employee or agent to request or receive student data on
6361	behalf of the education entity.
6362	(22) (a) "Student data" means information about a student at the individual student
6363	level.
6364	(b) "Student data" does not include aggregate or de-identified data.
6365	(23) "Student data disclosure statement" means a student data disclosure statement
6366	described in Section [53A-1-1406] <u>53E-9-305</u> .
6367	(24) "Student data manager" means:
6368	(a) the state student data officer; or
6369	(b) an individual designated as a student data manager by an education entity under
6370	Section [53A-1-1404] <u>53E-9-303</u> .
6371	(25) (a) "Targeted advertising" means presenting advertisements to a student where the
6372	advertisement is selected based on information obtained or inferred over time from that
6373	student's online behavior, usage of applications, or student data.
6374	(b) "Targeted advertising" does not include advertising to a student:
6375	(i) at an online location based upon that student's current visit to that location; or
6376	(ii) in response to that student's request for information or feedback, without retention
6377	of that student's online activities or requests over time for the purpose of targeting subsequent
6378	ads.
6379	(26) "Third-party contractor" means a person who:
6380	(a) is not an education entity; and
6381	(b) pursuant to a contract with an education entity, collects or receives student data in
6382	order to provide a product or service, as described in the contract, if the product or service is

6383	not related to school photography, yearbooks, graduation announcements, or a similar product
6384	or service.
6385	Section 220. Section 53E-9-302, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1403 is
6386	renumbered and amended to read:
6387	[53A-1-1403]. 53E-9-302. State student data protection governance.
6388	(1) (a) An education entity or a third-party contractor who collects, uses, stores, shares,
6389	or deletes student data shall protect student data as described in this part.
6390	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
6391	board shall make rules to administer this part, including student data protection standards for
6392	public education employees, student aides, and volunteers.
6393	(2) The board shall oversee the preparation and maintenance of:
6394	(a) a statewide data governance plan; and
6395	(b) a state-level metadata dictionary.
6396	(3) As described in this Subsection (3), the board shall establish advisory groups to
6397	oversee student data protection in the state and make recommendations to the board regarding
6398	student data protection.
6399	(a) The board shall establish a student data policy advisory group:
6400	(i) composed of members from:
6401	(A) the Legislature;
6402	(B) the board and board employees; and
6403	(C) one or more LEAs;
6404	(ii) to discuss and make recommendations to the board regarding:
6405	(A) enacted or proposed legislation; and
6406	(B) state and local student data protection policies across the state;
6407	(iii) that reviews and monitors the state student data governance plan; and
6408	(iv) that performs other tasks related to student data protection as designated by the
6409	board.
6410	(b) The board shall establish a student data governance advisory group:
6411	(i) composed of the state student data officer and other board employees; and
6412	(ii) that performs duties related to state and local student data protection, including:
6413	(A) overseeing data collection and usage by board program offices; and

6414	(B) preparing and maintaining the board's student data governance plan under the
6415	direction of the student data policy advisory group.
6416	(c) The board shall establish a student data users advisory group:
6417	(i) composed of members who use student data at the local level; and
6418	(ii) that provides feedback and suggestions on the practicality of actions proposed by
6419	the student data policy advisory group and the student data governance advisory group.
6420	(4) (a) The board shall designate a state student data officer.
6421	(b) The state student data officer shall:
6422	(i) act as the primary point of contact for state student data protection administration in
6423	assisting the board to administer this part;
6424	(ii) ensure compliance with student privacy laws throughout the public education
6425	system, including:
6426	(A) providing training and support to applicable board and LEA employees; and
6427	(B) producing resource materials, model plans, and model forms for local student data
6428	protection governance, including a model student data disclosure statement;
6429	(iii) investigate complaints of alleged violations of this part;
6430	(iv) report violations of this part to:
6431	(A) the board;
6432	(B) an applicable education entity; and
6433	(C) the student data policy advisory group; and
6434	(v) act as a state level student data manager.
6435	(5) The board shall designate:
6436	(a) at least one support manager to assist the state student data officer; and
6437	(b) a student data protection auditor to assist the state student data officer.
6438	(6) The board shall establish an external research review process for a request for data
6439	for the purpose of external research or evaluation.
6440	Section 221. Section 53E-9-303, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1404 is
6441	renumbered and amended to read:
6442	[53A-1-1404]. 53E-9-303. Local student data protection governance.
6443	(1) An LEA shall adopt policies to protect student data in accordance with this part and
6444	board rule, taking into account the specific needs and priorities of the LEA.

6445	(2) (a) An LEA shall designate an individual to act as a student data manager to fulfill
6446	the responsibilities of a student data manager described in Section [53A-1-1409] 53E-9-308.
6447	(b) If possible, an LEA shall designate the LEA's records officer as defined in Section
6448	63G-2-103, as the student data manager.
6449	(3) An LEA shall create and maintain an LEA:
6450	(a) data governance plan; and
6451	(b) metadata dictionary.
6452	(4) An LEA shall establish an external research review process for a request for data
6453	for the purpose of external research or evaluation.
6454	Section 222. Section 53E-9-304 , which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1405 is
6455	renumbered and amended to read:
6456	[53A-1-1405]. 53E-9-304. Student data ownership Notification in case of
6457	breach.
6458	(1) (a) A student owns the student's personally identifiable student data.
6459	(b) A student may download, export, transfer, save, or maintain the student's student
6460	data, including a document.
6461	(2) If there is a release of a student's personally identifiable student data due to a
6462	security breach, an education entity shall notify:
6463	(a) the student, if the student is an adult student; or
6464	(b) the student's parent or legal guardian, if the student is not an adult student.
6465	Section 223. Section 53E-9-305 , which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1406 is
6466	renumbered and amended to read:
6467	[53A-1-1406]. 53E-9-305. Collecting student data Prohibition Student
6468	data disclosure statement Authorization.
6469	(1) An education entity shall comply with this section beginning with the 2017-18
6470	school year.
6471	(2) An education entity may not collect a student's:
6472	(a) social security number; or
6473	(b) except as required in Section 78A-6-112, criminal record.
6474	(3) An education entity that collects student data into a cumulative record shall, in
6475	accordance with this section, prepare and distribute to parents and students a student data

64/6	disclosure statement that:
6477	(a) is a prominent, stand-alone document;
6478	(b) is annually updated and published on the education entity's website;
6479	(c) states the necessary and optional student data the education entity collects;
6480	(d) states that the education entity will not collect the student data described in
6481	Subsection (2);
6482	(e) states the student data described in Section [53A-1-1409] 53E-9-308 that the
6483	education entity may not share without a data authorization;
6484	(f) describes how the education entity may collect, use, and share student data;
6485	(g) includes the following statement:
6486	"The collection, use, and sharing of student data has both benefits and risks. Parents
6487	and students should learn about these benefits and risks and make choices regarding student
6488	data accordingly.";
6489	(h) describes in general terms how the education entity stores and protects student data;
6490	and
6491	(i) states a student's rights under this part.
6492	(4) An education entity may collect the necessary student data of a student into a
6493	cumulative record if the education entity provides a student data disclosure statement to:
6494	(a) the student, if the student is an adult student; or
6495	(b) the student's parent, if the student is not an adult student.
6496	(5) An education entity may collect optional student data into a cumulative record if
6497	the education entity:
6498	(a) provides, to an individual described in Subsection (4), a student data disclosure
6499	statement that includes a description of:
6500	(i) the optional student data to be collected; and
6501	(ii) how the education entity will use the optional student data; and
6502	(b) obtains a data authorization to collect the optional student data from an individual
6503	described in Subsection (4).
6504	(6) An education entity may collect a student's biometric identifier or biometric
6505	information into a cumulative record if the education entity:
6506	(a) provides, to an individual described in Subsection (4), a biometric information

6507	disclosure statement that is separate from a student data disclosure statement, which states:
6508	(i) the biometric identifier or biometric information to be collected;
6509	(ii) the purpose of collecting the biometric identifier or biometric information; and
6510	(iii) how the education entity will use and store the biometric identifier or biometric
6511	information; and
6512	(b) obtains a data authorization to collect the biometric identifier or biometric
6513	information from an individual described in Subsection (4).
6514	Section 224. Section 53E-9-306, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1407 is
6515	renumbered and amended to read:
6516	[53A-1-1407]. 53E-9-306. Using and deleting student data Rulemaking
6517	Cumulative disciplinary record.
6518	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
6519	Management Act, and Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the board
6520	shall make rules regarding using and expunging student data, including:
6521	(a) a categorization of cumulative disciplinary records that includes the following
6522	levels of maintenance:
6523	(i) one year;
6524	(ii) three years; and
6525	(iii) except as required in Subsection (3), as determined by the education entity;
6526	(b) the types of student data that may be expunged, including:
6527	(i) medical records; and
6528	(ii) behavioral test assessments; and
6529	(c) the types of student data that may not be expunged, including:
6530	(i) grades;
6531	(ii) transcripts;
6532	(iii) a record of the student's enrollment; and
6533	(iv) assessment information.
6534	(2) In accordance with board rule, an education entity may create and maintain a
6535	cumulative disciplinary record for a student.
6536	(3) (a) An education entity shall, in accordance with board rule, expunge a student's
6537	student data that is stored by the education entity if:

6538	(i) the student is at least 23 years old; and
6539	(ii) the student requests that the education entity expunge the student data.
6540	(b) An education entity shall retain and dispose of records in accordance with Section
6541	63G-2-604 and board rule.
6542	Section 225. Section 53E-9-307, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1408 is
6543	renumbered and amended to read:
6544	[53A-1-1408]. <u>53E-9-307.</u> Securing and cataloguing student data.
6545	In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
6546	board shall make rules that:
6547	(1) using reasonable data industry best practices, prescribe the maintenance and
6548	protection of stored student data by:
6549	(a) an education entity; and
6550	(b) a third-party contractor; and
6551	(2) state requirements for an education entity's metadata dictionary.
6552	Section 226. Section 53E-9-308, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1409 is
6553	renumbered and amended to read:
6554	[53A-1-1409]. <u>53E-9-308.</u> Sharing student data Prohibition
6555	Requirements for student data manager.
6556	(1) An education entity shall comply with this section beginning with the 2017-18
6557	school year.
6558	(2) An education entity may not share a student's personally identifiable student data if
6559	the personally identifiable student data is not shared in accordance with:
6560	(a) the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act and related provisions under 20
6561	U.S.C. Secs. 1232g and 1232h; and
6562	(b) this part.
6563	(3) A student data manager shall:
6564	(a) authorize and manage the sharing, outside of the education entity, of personally
6565	identifiable student data from a cumulative record for the education entity as described in this
6566	section; and
6567	(b) act as the primary local point of contact for the state student data officer described
6568	in Section [53A-1-1403] <u>53E-9-302</u> .

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6569	(4) (a) Except as provided in this section or required by federal law, a student data
6570	manager may not share, outside of the education entity, personally identifiable student data
6571	from a cumulative record without a data authorization.
6572	(b) A student data manager may share the personally identifiable student data of a
6573	student with the student and the student's parent.
6574	(5) A student data manager may share a student's personally identifiable student data
6575	from a cumulative record with:
6576	(a) a school official;
6577	(b) as described in Subsection (6), an authorized caseworker or other representative of
6578	the Department of Human Services; or
6579	(c) a person to whom the student data manager's education entity has outsourced a
6580	service or function:
6581	(i) to research the effectiveness of a program's implementation; or
6582	(ii) that the education entity's employees would typically perform.
6583	(6) A student data manager may share a student's personally identifiable student data
6584	from a cumulative record with a caseworker or representative of the Department of Human
6585	Services if:
6586	(a) the Department of Human Services is:
6587	(i) legally responsible for the care and protection of the student; or
6588	(ii) providing services to the student;
6589	(b) the student's personally identifiable student data is not shared with a person who is
6590	not authorized:
6591	(i) to address the student's education needs; or
6592	(ii) by the Department of Human Services to receive the student's personally
6593	identifiable student data; and
6594	(c) the Department of Human Services maintains and protects the student's personally
6595	identifiable student data.
6596	(7) The Department of Human Services, a school official, or the Utah Juvenile Court
6597	may share education information, including a student's personally identifiable student data, to
6598	improve education outcomes for youth:
6599	(a) in the custody of, or under the guardianship of, the Department of Human Services

6600	(b) receiving services from the Division of Juvenile Justice Services;
6601	(c) in the custody of the Division of Child and Family Services;
6602	(d) receiving services from the Division of Services for People with Disabilities; or
6603	(e) under the jurisdiction of the Utah Juvenile Court.
6604	(8) Subject to Subsection (9), a student data manager may share aggregate data.
6605	(9) (a) If a student data manager receives a request to share data for the purpose of
6606	external research or evaluation, the student data manager shall:
6607	(i) submit the request to the education entity's external research review process; and
6608	(ii) fulfill the instructions that result from the review process.
6609	(b) A student data manager may not share personally identifiable student data for the
6610	purpose of external research or evaluation.
6611	(10) (a) A student data manager may share personally identifiable student data in
6612	response to a subpoena issued by a court.
6613	(b) A person who receives personally identifiable student data under Subsection (10)(a)
6614	may not use the personally identifiable student data outside of the use described in the
6615	subpoena.
6616	(11) (a) In accordance with board rule, a student data manager may share personally
6617	identifiable information that is directory information.
6618	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
6619	board shall make rules to:
6620	(i) define directory information; and
6621	(ii) determine how a student data manager may share personally identifiable
6622	information that is directory information.
6623	Section 227. Section 53E-9-309, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1410 is
6624	renumbered and amended to read:
6625	[53A-1-1410]. 53E-9-309. Third-party contractors Use and protection of
6626	student data Contract requirements Completion of contract Required and allowed
6627	uses of student data Restrictions on the use of student data Exceptions.
6628	(1) A third-party contractor shall use personally identifiable student data received
6629	under a contract with an education entity strictly for the purpose of providing the contracted
6630	product or service within the negotiated contract terms.

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(2) When contracting with a third-party contractor, an education entity shall require the following provisions in the contract:

- (a) requirements and restrictions related to the collection, use, storage, or sharing of student data by the third-party contractor that are necessary for the education entity to ensure compliance with the provisions of this part and board rule;
- (b) a description of a person, or type of person, including an affiliate of the third-party contractor, with whom the third-party contractor may share student data;
- (c) provisions that, at the request of the education entity, govern the deletion of the student data received by the third-party contractor;
- (d) except as provided in Subsection (4) and if required by the education entity, provisions that prohibit the secondary use of personally identifiable student data by the third-party contractor; and
- (e) an agreement by the third-party contractor that, at the request of the education entity that is a party to the contract, the education entity or the education entity's designee may audit the third-party contractor to verify compliance with the contract.
- (3) As authorized by law or court order, a third-party contractor shall share student data as requested by law enforcement.
 - (4) A third-party contractor may:

- (a) use student data for adaptive learning or customized student learning purposes;
- (b) market an educational application or product to a parent or legal guardian of a student if the third-party contractor did not use student data, shared by or collected on behalf of an education entity, to market the educational application or product;
 - (c) use a recommendation engine to recommend to a student:
- (i) content that relates to learning or employment, within the third-party contractor's internal application, if the recommendation is not motivated by payment or other consideration from another party; or
- (ii) services that relate to learning or employment, within the third-party contractor's internal application, if the recommendation is not motivated by payment or other consideration from another party;
- (d) respond to a student request for information or feedback, if the content of the response is not motivated by payment or other consideration from another party;

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6662	(e) use student data to allow or improve operability and functionality of the third-party
6663	contractor's internal application; or
6664	(f) identify for a student nonprofit institutions of higher education or scholarship
6665	providers that are seeking students who meet specific criteria:
6666	(i) regardless of whether the identified nonprofit institutions of higher education or
6667	scholarship providers provide payment or other consideration to the third-party contractor; and
6668	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (5), only if the third-party contractor obtains
6669	written consent:
6670	(A) of a student's parent or legal guardian through the student's school or LEA; or
6671	(B) for a student who is age 18 or older or an emancipated minor, from the student.
6672	(5) A third-party contractor is not required to obtain written consent under Subsection
6673	(4)(f)(ii) if the third-party contractor:
6674	(a) is a national assessment provider; and
6675	(b) (i) secures the express written consent of the student or the student's parent; and
6676	(ii) the express written consent is given in response to clear and conspicuous notice
6677	that the national assessment provider requests consent solely to provide access to information
6678	on employment, educational scholarships, financial aid, or postsecondary educational
6679	opportunities.
6680	(6) At the completion of a contract with an education entity, if the contract has not
6681	been renewed, a third-party contractor shall return or delete upon the education entity's request
6682	all personally identifiable student data under the control of the education entity unless a student
6683	or the student's parent consents to the maintenance of the personally identifiable student data.
6684	(7) (a) A third-party contractor may not:
6685	(i) except as provided in Subsections (5) and (7)(b), sell student data;
6686	(ii) collect, use, or share student data, if the collection, use, or sharing of the student
6687	data is inconsistent with the third-party contractor's contract with the education entity; or
6688	(iii) use student data for targeted advertising.
6689	(b) A person may obtain student data through the purchase of, merger with, or

with this section.

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otherwise acquiring a third-party contractor if the third-party contractor remains in compliance

(8) A provider of an electronic store, gateway, marketplace, or other means of

6693	purchasing an external application is not required to ensure that the external application
6694	obtained through the provider complies with this section.
6695	(9) The provisions of this section do not:
6696	(a) apply to the use of an external application, including the access of an external
6697	application with login credentials created by a third-party contractor's internal application;
6698	(b) apply to the providing of Internet service; or
6699	(c) impose a duty on a provider of an interactive computer service, as defined in 47
6700	U.S.C. Sec. 230, to review or enforce compliance with this section.
6701	Section 228. Section 53E-9-310, which is renumbered from Section 53A-1-1411 is
6702	renumbered and amended to read:
6703	[53A-1-1411]. <u>53E-9-310.</u> Penalties.
6704	(1) (a) A third-party contractor that knowingly or recklessly permits unauthorized
6705	collecting, sharing, or use of student data under this part:
6706	(i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), may not enter into a future contract with an
6707	education entity;
6708	(ii) may be required by the board to pay a civil penalty of up to \$25,000; and
6709	(iii) may be required to pay:
6710	(A) the education entity's cost of notifying parents and students of the unauthorized
6711	sharing or use of student data; and
6712	(B) expenses incurred by the education entity as a result of the unauthorized sharing or
6713	use of student data.
6714	(b) An education entity may enter into a contract with a third-party contractor that
6715	knowingly or recklessly permitted unauthorized collecting, sharing, or use of student data if:
6716	(i) the board or education entity determines that the third-party contractor has corrected
6717	the errors that caused the unauthorized collecting, sharing, or use of student data; and
6718	(ii) the third-party contractor demonstrates:
6719	(A) if the third-party contractor is under contract with an education entity, current
6720	compliance with this part; or
6721	(B) an ability to comply with the requirements of this part.
6722	(c) The board may assess the civil penalty described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii) in

accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.

6724	(d) The board may bring an action in the district court of the county in which the office
6725	of the board is located, if necessary, to enforce payment of the civil penalty described in
6726	Subsection (1)(a)(ii).
6727	(e) An individual who knowingly or intentionally permits unauthorized collecting,
6728	sharing, or use of student data may be found guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
6729	(2) (a) A parent or student may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction for
6730	damages caused by a knowing or reckless violation of Section [53A-1-1410] 53E-9-309 by a
6731	third-party contractor.
6732	(b) If the court finds that a third-party contractor has violated Section [53A-1-1410]
6733	53E-9-309, the court may award to the parent or student:
6734	(i) damages; and
6735	(ii) costs.
6736	Section 229. Section 53E-10-101 is enacted to read:
6737	CHAPTER 10. OTHER PROGRAMS
6738	Part 1. General Provisions
6739	<u>53E-10-101.</u> Title.
6740	This chapter is known as "Other Programs."
6741	Section 230. Section 53E-10-201 is enacted to read:
6742	Part 2. Definitions
6743	53E-10-201. Definitions.
6744	Reserved
6745	Section 231. Section 53E-10-202, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-401 is
6746	renumbered and amended to read:
6747	[53A-15-401]. 53E-10-202. State Board of Education to supervise.
6748	(1) The general control and supervision, but not the direct management, of adult
6749	education is vested in the State Board of Education.
6750	(2) The board has the following powers:
6751	(a) makes and enforces rules to organize, conduct, and supervise adult education;
6752	(b) appoints state staff for the adult education program, establishes their duties, and
6753	fixes their compensation;
6754	(c) determines the qualifications of, and issues teaching certificates to, persons

renumbered and amended to read:

6755	employed to give adult education instruction; and
6756	(d) determines the basis of apportionment and distributes funds made available for
6757	adult education.
6758	(3) (a) The State Board of Education shall make rules providing for the establishment
6759	of fees which shall be imposed by local school boards for participation in adult education
6760	programs.
6761	(b) A fee structure for adult education shall take into account the ability of a Utah
6762	resident who participates in adult education to pay the fees.
6763	(c) Sections [53A-12-103] <u>53G-7-504</u> and [53A-12-104] <u>53G-7-505</u> pertaining to fees
6764	and fee waivers in secondary schools do not apply to adult education.
6765	Section 232. Section 53E-10-203, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-402 is
6766	renumbered and amended to read:
6767	[53A-15-402]. $53E-10-203$. Director of adult education.
6768	(1) Upon recommendation of the state superintendent, the State Board of Education
6769	may appoint a full-time director for adult education to work under the supervision of the board.
6770	(2) The director may coordinate the adult education program authorized under Sections
6771	$[\frac{53A-15-401}{3}]$ $\frac{53E-10-202}{3}$ through $[\frac{53A-15-405}{3}]$ $\frac{53E-10-206}{3}$ with other adult education
6772	programs.
6773	Section 233. Section 53E-10-204, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-403 is
6774	renumbered and amended to read:
6775	[53A-15-403]. 53E-10-204. Local school boards' authority to direct adult
6776	education programs.
6777	A local school board may do the following:
6778	(1) establish and maintain classes for adult education, with classes being held at times
6779	and places convenient and accessible to the members of the class;
6780	(2) raise and appropriate funds for an adult education program;
6781	(3) subject to Sections $[\frac{53A-12-101}{2}] = \frac{53G-7-502}{2}$ and $[\frac{53A-15-401}{2}] = \frac{53E-10-202}{2}$,
6782	determine fees for participation in an adult education program; and
6783	(4) hire persons to instruct adult education classes.

Section 234. Section 53E-10-205, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-404 is

0/80	[55A-15-404]. <u>55E-10-205.</u> Eligibility.
6787	(1) Adult education classes are open to every person 18 years of age or over and to any
6788	person who has completed high school.
6789	(2) Eligible nonresidents of the state shall be charged tuition at least equal to that
6790	charged nonresident students for similar classes at a local or nearby state college or university,
6791	unless waived in whole or in part by the local school board in an open meeting.
6792	(3) The district superintendent may, upon the recommendation of an authorized
6793	representative of the Division of Child and Family Services, exempt an adult domiciled in Utah
6794	from the payment of adult education fees.
6795	Section 235. Section 53E-10-206, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-405 is
6796	renumbered and amended to read:
6797	[53A-15-405]. <u>53E-10-206.</u> Salaries Costs.
6798	(1) Salaries and other necessary expenses of the state adult education staff shall be paid
6799	from funds appropriated for adult education.
6800	(2) The State Board of Education shall determine the terms and conditions of payment.
6801	(3) A local school board shall pay all costs incident to the local administration and
6802	operation of its adult education program.
6803	(4) The board shall submit reports required by the State Board of Education for the
6804	administration of adult education.
6805	Section 236. Section 53E-10-301, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-1702 is
6806	renumbered and amended to read:
6807	Part 3. Concurrent Enrollment
6808	[53A-15-1702]. <u>53E-10-301</u> . Definitions.
6809	(1) "Concurrent enrollment" means enrollment in a course offered through the
6810	concurrent enrollment program described in Section [53A-15-1703] <u>53E-10-302</u> .
6811	(2) "Educator" means the same as that term is defined in Section [53A-6-103]
6812	<u>53E-6-102</u> .
6813	(3) "Eligible instructor" means an instructor who is:
6814	(a) employed as faculty by an institution of higher education; or
6815	(b) (i) employed by an LEA;
6816	(ii) licensed by the State Board of Education under [Title 53A, Chapter 6, Educator

001/	<u>Chapter 6, Education Professional Fractices Act</u>
6818	(iii) (A) approved as adjunct faculty by an institution of higher education; or
6819	(B) a mathematics educator who has an upper level mathematics endorsement; and
6820	(iv) supervised by an institution of higher education.
6821	(4) "Eligible student" means a student who:
6822	(a) is enrolled in, and counted in average daily membership in, a high school within the
6823	state;
6824	(b) has a plan for college and career readiness, as described in Section [53A-1a-106]
6825	53E-2-304, on file at a high school within the state; and
6826	(c) (i) is a grade 11 or grade 12 student; or
6827	(ii) is a grade 9 or grade 10 student who qualifies by exception as described in Section
6828	[53A-15-1703] <u>53E-10-302</u> .
6829	(5) "Endorsement" means a stipulation, authorized by the State Board of Education and
6830	appended to a license, that specifies an area of practice to which the license applies.
6831	(6) "Institution of higher education" means the same as that term is defined in Section
6832	53B-3-102.
6833	(7) "License" means the same as that term is defined in Section [53A-6-103]
6834	<u>53E-6-102</u> .
6835	(8) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means a school district or charter school.
6836	(9) "Participating eligible student" means an eligible student enrolled in a concurrent
6837	enrollment course.
6838	(10) "Upper level mathematics endorsement" means an endorsement required by the
6839	State Board of Education for an educator to teach calculus.
6840	(11) "Value of the weighted pupil unit" means the same as that term is defined in
6841	Section [53A-1a-703] <u>53F-4-301</u> .
6842	Section 237. Section 53E-10-302, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-1703 is
6843	renumbered and amended to read:
6844	[53A-15-1703]. 53E-10-302. Concurrent enrollment program.
6845	(1) The State Board of Education and the State Board of Regents shall establish and
6846	maintain a concurrent enrollment program that:
6847	(a) provides an eligible student the opportunity to enroll in a course that allows the

0040	engible student to earn credit concurrently.
6849	(i) toward high school graduation; and
6850	(ii) at an institution of higher education;
6851	(b) includes only courses that:
6852	(i) lead to a degree or certificate offered by an institution of higher education; and
6853	(ii) are one of the following:
6854	(A) general education courses;
6855	(B) career and technical education courses;
6856	(C) pre-major college level courses; or
6857	(D) foreign language concurrent enrollment courses described in Section
6858	$[\frac{53A-15-1708}{2}]$ $\frac{53E-10-307}{2}$; and
6859	(c) is designed and implemented to take full advantage of the most current available
6860	education technology.
6861	(2) The State Board of Education and the State Board of Regents shall coordinate:
6862	(a) to establish a concurrent enrollment course approval process that ensures:
6863	(i) credit awarded for concurrent enrollment is consistent and transferable to all
6864	institutions of higher education; and
6865	(ii) learning outcomes for concurrent enrollment courses align with:
6866	(A) core standards for Utah public schools adopted by the State Board of Education;
6867	and
6868	(B) except for foreign language concurrent enrollment courses described in Section
6869	[53A-15-1708] 53E-10-307, institution of higher education lower division courses numbered at
6870	or above the 1000 level; and
6871	(b) advising to eligible students, including:
6872	(i) providing information on general education requirements at institutions of higher
6873	education; and
6874	(ii) choosing concurrent enrollment courses to avoid duplication or excess credit hours.
6875	(3) The State Board of Regents shall provide guidelines to an institution of higher
6876	education for establishing qualifying academic criteria for an eligible student to enroll in a
6877	concurrent enrollment course.
6878	(4) To qualify for funds under Section [53A-15-1707] 53F-2-409, an LEA and an

ıll:

- (a) enter into a contract, in accordance with Section [53A-15-1704] 53E-10-303, to provide one or more concurrent enrollment courses that are approved under the course approval process described in Subsection (2);
 - (b) ensure that an instructor who teaches a concurrent enrollment course is an eligible instructor;
 - (c) establish qualifying academic criteria for an eligible student to enroll in a concurrent enrollment course, in accordance with the guidelines described in Subsection (3);
 - (d) ensure that a student who enrolls in a concurrent enrollment course is an eligible student; and
 - (e) coordinate advising to eligible students.
- (5) An LEA and an institution of higher education may qualify a grade 9 or grade 10 student to enroll in a current enrollment course by exception, including a student who otherwise qualifies to take a foreign language concurrent enrollment course described in Section [53A-15-1708] 53E-10-307.
- (6) An institution of higher education shall accept credits earned by a student who completes a concurrent enrollment course on the same basis as credits earned by a full-time or part-time student enrolled at the institution of higher education.
- (7) An institution of higher education shall require an eligible instructor to submit to a background check and ongoing monitoring, as described in Section [53A-15-1503] 53G-11-402, in the same manner as a non-licensed employee of an LEA, if the eligible instructor:
 - (a) teaches a concurrent enrollment course in a high school; and
- (b) is not licensed by the State Board of Education under [Title 53A, Chapter 6, Educator Licensing and Professional Practices Act] Chapter 6, Education Professional Licensure.
- Section 238. Section **53E-10-303**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-1704 is renumbered and amended to read:
- 6907 [53A-15-1704]. 53E-10-303. Designated institution of higher education -6908 Concurrent enrollment course right of first refusal.
 - (1) As used in this section, "designated institution of higher education" means an

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6910	institution of higher education that is designated by the State Board of Regents to provide a
6911	course or program of study within a specific geographic region.
6912	(2) To offer a concurrent enrollment course, an LEA shall contact the LEA's designated
6913	institution of higher education to request that the designated institution of higher education
6914	contract with the LEA to provide the concurrent enrollment course.
6915	(3) If the LEA's designated institution of higher education chooses to offer the
6916	concurrent enrollment course, the LEA shall contract with the LEA's designated institution of
6917	higher education to provide the concurrent enrollment course.
6918	(4) An LEA may contract with an institution of higher education that is not the LEA's
6919	designated institution of higher education to provide a concurrent enrollment course if the
6920	LEA's designated institution of higher education:
6921	(a) chooses not to offer the concurrent enrollment course proposed by the LEA; or
6922	(b) fails to respond to the LEA's request under Subsection (2) within 30 days after the
6923	day on which the LEA contacts the designated institution of higher education.
6924	Section 239. Section 53E-10-304, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-1705 is
6925	renumbered and amended to read:
6926	[53A-15-1705]. 53E-10-304. Concurrent enrollment participation form
6927	Parental permission.
6928	(1) The State Board of Regents shall create a higher education concurrent enrollment
6929	participation form that includes a parental permission form.
6930	(2) Before allowing an eligible student to participate in concurrent enrollment, an LEA
6931	and an institution of higher education shall ensure that the eligible student has, for the current
6932	school year:
6933	(a) submitted the participation form described in Subsection (1);
6934	(b) signed an acknowledgment of program participation requirements; and
6935	(c) obtained parental permission as indicated by the signature of a student's parent or

53E-10-305. Tuition and fees. 6939 [53A-15-1706].

legal guardian on the parental permission form.

renumbered and amended to read:

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(1) Except as provided in this section, the State Board of Regents or an institution of

(c) obtained parental permission as indicated by the signature of a student's parent or

Section 240. Section 53E-10-305, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-1706 is

6941	higher education may not charge tuition or fees for a concurrent enrollment course.
6942	(2) (a) The State Board of Regents may charge a one-time fee for a student to
6943	participate in the concurrent enrollment program.
6944	(b) A student who pays a fee described in Subsection (2)(a) does not satisfy a general
6945	admission application fee requirement for a full-time or part-time student at an institution of
6946	higher education.
6947	(3) (a) An institution of higher education may charge a one-time admission application
6948	fee for concurrent enrollment course credit offered by the institution of higher education.
6949	(b) Payment of the fee described in Subsection (3)(a) satisfies the general admission
6950	application fee requirement for a full-time or part-time student at an institution of higher
6951	education.
6952	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), an institution of higher education may
6953	charge partial tuition of no more than \$30 per credit hour for a concurrent enrollment course
6954	for which a student earns college credit.
6955	(b) A higher education institution may not charge more than:
6956	(i) \$5 per credit hour for an eligible student who qualifies for free or reduced price
6957	school lunch;
6958	(ii) \$10 per credit hour for a concurrent enrollment course that is taught at an LEA by
6959	an eligible instructor described in Subsection [53A-15-1702] 53E-10-301(3)(b); or
6960	(iii) \$15 per credit hour for a concurrent enrollment course that is taught through video
6961	conferencing.
6962	Section 241. Section 53E-10-306 is enacted to read:
6963	<u>53E-10-306.</u> Funding.
6964	Unless otherwise specified, the provisions of this part and Section 53F-2-409 govern
6965	concurrent enrollment funding.
6966	Section 242. Section 53E-10-307, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-1708 is
6967	renumbered and amended to read:
6968	[53A-15-1708]. <u>53E-10-307.</u> Concurrent enrollment courses for accelerated
6969	foreign language students.
6970	(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Accelerated foreign language student" means a student who:

6972	(i) has passed a world language advanced placement exam; and
6973	(ii) is in grade 10, grade 11, or grade 12.
6974	(b) "Blended learning delivery model" means an education delivery model in which a
6975	student learns, at least in part:
6976	(i) through online learning with an element of student control over time, place, path,
6977	and pace; and
6978	(ii) in the physical presence of an instructor.
6979	(c) "State university" means an institution of higher education that offers courses
6980	leading to a bachelor's degree.
6981	(2) The University of Utah shall partner with all state universities to develop, as part of
6982	the concurrent enrollment program described in this part, concurrent enrollment courses that:
6983	(a) are age-appropriate foreign language courses for accelerated foreign language
6984	students who are eligible students;
6985	(b) count toward a foreign language degree offered by an institution of higher
6986	education; and
6987	(c) are delivered:
6988	(i) using a blended learning delivery model; and
6989	(ii) by an eligible instructor that is faculty of a state institution of higher education.
6990	Section 243. Section 53E-10-308, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-1709 is
6991	renumbered and amended to read:
6992	[53A-15-1709]. <u>53E-10-308.</u> Reporting.
6993	The State Board of Education and the State Board of Regents shall submit an annual
6994	written report to the Higher Education Appropriations Subcommittee and the Public Education
6995	Appropriations Subcommittee on student participation in the concurrent enrollment program,
6996	including:
6997	(1) data on the higher education tuition not charged due to the hours of higher
6998	education credit granted through concurrent enrollment;
6999	(2) tuition or fees charged under Section [53A-15-1706] <u>53E-10-305</u> ;
7000	(3) an accounting of the money appropriated for concurrent enrollment; and
7001	(4) a justification of the distribution method described in Subsections

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[53A-15-1707(2)] <u>53F-2-409(3)(d)</u> and (e).

7003	Section 244. Section 53E-10-401, which is renumbered from Section 53A-31-102 is
7004	renumbered and amended to read:
7005	Part 4. American Indian-Alaskan Native Education State Plan
7006	[53A-31-102]. <u>53E-10-401.</u> Definitions.
7007	As used in this [chapter] part:
7008	(1) "Commission" means the American Indian-Alaskan Native Education Commission
7009	created in Section [53A-31-202] <u>53E-10-403</u> .
7010	(2) "Liaison" means the individual appointed under Section [53A-31-201] 53E-10-402
7011	(3) "Native American Legislative Liaison Committee" means the committee created in
7012	Section 36-22-1.
7013	(4) "State plan" means the state plan adopted under Section [53A-31-301] 53E-10-405.
7014	(5) "Superintendent" means the superintendent of public instruction appointed under
7015	Section [53A-1-301] <u>53E-3-301</u> .
7016	Section 245. Section 53E-10-402, which is renumbered from Section 53A-31-201 is
7017	renumbered and amended to read:
7018	[53A-31-201]. 53E-10-402. American Indian-Alaskan Native Public
7019	Education Liaison.
7020	(1) Subject to budget constraints, the superintendent shall appoint an individual as the
7021	American Indian-Alaskan Native Public Education Liaison.
7022	(2) The liaison shall work under the direction of the superintendent in the development
7023	and implementation of the state plan.
7024	(3) The liaison shall annually report to the Native American Legislative Liaison
7025	Committee about:
7026	(a) the liaison's activities; and
7027	(b) the activities related to the education of American Indians and Alaskan Natives in
7028	the state's public school system and efforts to close the achievement gap.
7029	Section 246. Section 53E-10-403, which is renumbered from Section 53A-31-202 is
7030	renumbered and amended to read:
7031	[53A-31-202]. <u>53E-10-403.</u> Commission created.
7032	(1) There is created a commission known as the "American Indian-Alaskan Native
7033	Education Commission." The commission shall consist of 16 members as follows:

7034	(a) the superintendent;
7035	(b) the liaison;
7036	(c) two individuals appointed by the State Board of Education that are coordinators
7037	funded in whole or in part under Title VII, Elementary and Secondary Education Act;
7038	(d) three members of the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee appointed by
7039	the chairs of the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee;
7040	(e) a representative of the Navajo Nation who resides in Utah selected by the Navajo
7041	Utah Commission;
7042	(f) a representative of the Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah and Ouray Reservation who
7043	resides in Utah selected by the Uintah and Ouray Tribal Business Committee;
7044	(g) a representative of the Paiute Indian Tribe of Utah who resides in Utah selected by
7045	the Paiute Indian Tribe of Utah Tribal Council;
7046	(h) a representative of the Northwestern Band of the Shoshone Nation who resides in
7047	Utah selected by the Northwestern Band of the Shoshone Nation Tribal Council;
7048	(i) a representative of the Confederated Tribes of the Goshute who resides in Utah
7049	selected by the Confederated Tribes of the Goshute Reservation Tribal Council;
7050	(j) a representative of the Skull Valley Band of Goshute Indians who resides in Utah
7051	selected by the Skull Valley Band of Goshute Indian Tribal Executive Committee;
7052	(k) a representative of the Ute Mountain Ute Tribe who resides in Utah selected by the
7053	Ute Mountain Ute Tribal Council;
7054	(l) a representative of the San Juan Southern Paiute Tribe who resides in Utah selected
7055	by the San Juan Southern Paiute Tribal Council; and
7056	(m) an appointee from the governor.
7057	(2) Unless otherwise determined by the State Board of Education, the superintendent
7058	shall chair the commission.
7059	(3) (a) The superintendent shall call meetings of the commission.
7060	(b) Eight members of the commission constitute a quorum of the commission.
7061	(c) The action of a majority of the commission at a meeting when a quorum is present
7062	constitutes action of the commission.

(4) If a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be

appointed in the same manner of the original appointment for the vacant position.

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7065 (5) The commission may adopt procedures or requirements for: 7066 (a) voting, when there is a tie of the commission members; and 7067 (b) the frequency of meetings. 7068 (6) (a) A member of the commission may not receive compensation or benefits for the 7069 member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with: 7070 (i) Section 63A-3-106; 7071 (ii) Section 63A-3-107; and 7072 (iii) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 7073 63A-3-107. 7074 (b) Compensation and expenses of a participant who is a legislator are governed by 7075 Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Legislative Compensation and Expenses. 7076 (7) The staff of the State Board of Education shall staff the commission. 7077 (8) The commission shall be dissolved on December 31, 2015. 7078 Section 247. Section 53E-10-404, which is renumbered from Section 53A-31-203 is 7079 renumbered and amended to read: 7080 53E-10-404. Duties of the commission. [53A-31-203]. 7081 (1) The commission shall develop a proposed state plan to be presented to the Native 7082 American Legislative Liaison Committee to address the educational achievement gap of the 7083 American Indian and Alaskan Native students in the state. 7084 (2) The proposed state plan shall: 7085 (a) identify the most critical academic needs of Utah's American Indian and Alaskan 7086 Native students: 7087 (b) recommend a course of action to meet the identified needs: 7088 (c) be based on, and include, a summary of the best available evidence and most recent 7089 data; 7090 (d) focus on specific actions: 7091 (e) identify existing programs and resources; 7092 (f) prioritize more efficient and better use of existing programs and resources to meet 7093 the needs of American Indian and Alaskan Native students;

(g) include ongoing reporting to the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee;

(h) include a plan to hire, retain, and promote highly qualified teachers as quickly as

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7096 feasible; and

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- 7097 (i) add a process for sharing data with tribal education leaders.
- 7098 (3) The commission shall present the proposed state plan developed under Subsection 7099 (1) to the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee by no later than October 31, 2015.
- Section 248. Section **53E-10-405**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-31-301 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-31-301]. <u>53E-10-405.</u> Adoption of state plan.

- (1) After receipt of the proposed state plan from the commission in accordance with Section [53A-31-203] 53E-10-404, the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee may review the proposed state plan and make changes to the proposed state plan that the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee considers beneficial to addressing the educational achievement gap of the state's American Indian and Alaskan Native students.
- (2) (a) The Native American Legislative Liaison Committee shall submit the proposed state plan as modified by the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee to the Utah State Board of Education.
- (b) The Utah State Board of Education shall, by majority vote, within 60 days after receipt of the state plan under Subsection (2)(a), adopt, modify, or reject the state plan. If the Utah State Board of Education does not act within 60 days after receipt of the state plan, the state plan is considered adopted by the Utah State Board of Education.
- (3) The Native American Legislative Liaison Committee may prepare legislation to implement the state plan adopted under this section.
- Section 249. Section **53E-10-406**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-31-302 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-31-302]. 53E-10-406. Changes to state plan.

- 7120 (1) The Native American Legislative Liaison Committee may recommend to the Utah
 7121 State Board of Education changes to the state plan adopted under Section [53A-31-301]
 7122 53E-10-405 to ensure that the state plan continues to meet the academic needs of the state's
 7123 American Indian and Alaskan Native students.
- 7124 (2) The Native American Legislative Liaison Committee may recommend to the 7125 superintendent that the commission be reconstituted for an 18-month period if the Native 7126 American Legislative Liaison Committee determines that a substantial review of the state plan

7127	is necessary. If reconstituted under this Subsection (2), the commission shall comply with the
7128	requirements of [Part 2, Liaison and Commission] Sections 53E-10-402 through 53E-10-404.
7129	Section 250. Section 53E-10-407 is enacted to read:
7130	<u>53E-10-407.</u> Pilot program.
7131	Title 53F, Chapter 5, Part 6, American Indian and Alaskan Native Education State Plan
7132	Pilot Program, creates a program to address the needs of American Indian and Alaskan Native
7133	students.
7134	Section 251. Section 53E-10-501, which is renumbered from Section 53A-11-1502 is
7135	renumbered and amended to read:
7136	Part 5. School Safety and Crisis Line
7137	[53A-11-1502]. <u>53E-10-501.</u> Definitions.
7138	As used in this part:
7139	(1) "Commission" means the School Safety and Crisis Line Commission established in
7140	Section [53A-11-1504] <u>53E-10-503</u> .
7141	(2) "University Neuropsychiatric Institute" means the mental health and substance
7142	abuse treatment institute within the University of Utah Hospitals and Clinics.
7143	Section 252. Section 53E-10-502, which is renumbered from Section 53A-11-1503 is
7144	renumbered and amended to read:
7145	[53A-11-1503]. 53E-10-502. School Safety and Crisis Line established.
7146	The University Neuropsychiatric Institute shall:
7147	(1) establish a School Safety and Crisis Line to provide:
7148	(a) a means for an individual to anonymously report:
7149	(i) unsafe, violent, or criminal activities, or the threat of such activities at or near a
7150	public school;
7151	(ii) incidents of bullying, cyber-bullying, harassment, or hazing; and
7152	(iii) incidents of physical or sexual abuse committed by a school employee or school
7153	volunteer; and
7154	(b) crisis intervention, including suicide prevention, to individuals experiencing
7155	emotional distress or psychiatric crisis;
7156	(2) provide the services described in Subsection (1) 24 hours a day, seven days a week;
7157	and

7158	(3) when necessary, or as required by law, promptly forward a report received under		
7159	Subsection (1)(a) to appropriate:		
7160	(a) school officials; and		
7161	(b) law enforcement officials.		
7162	Section 253. Section 53E-10-503, which is renumbered from Section 53A-11-1504 is		
7163	renumbered and amended to read:		
7164	[53A-11-1504]. 53E-10-503. School Safety and Crisis Line Commission		
7165	established Members.		
7166	(1) There is created the School Safety and Crisis Line Commission composed of the		
7167	following members:		
7168	(a) one member who represents the Office of the Attorney General, appointed by the		
7169	attorney general;		
7170	(b) one member who represents the Utah Public Education System, appointed by the		
7171	State Board of Education;		
7172	(c) one member who represents the Utah System of Higher Education, appointed by the		
7173	State Board of Regents;		
7174	(d) one member who represents the Utah Department of Health, appointed by the		
7175	executive director of the Department of Health;		
7176	(e) one member of the House of Representatives, appointed by the speaker of the		
7177	House of Representatives;		
7178	(f) one member of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate;		
7179	(g) one member who represents the University Neuropsychiatric Institute, appointed by		
7180	the chair of the commission;		
7181	(h) one member who represents law enforcement who has extensive experience in		
7182	emergency response, appointed by the chair of the commission;		
7183	(i) one member who represents the Utah Department of Human Services who has		
7184	experience in youth services or treatment services, appointed by the executive director of the		
7185	Department of Human Services; and		
7186	(j) two members of the public, appointed by the chair of the commission.		
7187	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), members of the commission shall be		
7188	appointed to four-year terms.		

7189	(b) The length of the terms of the members shall be staggered so that approximately
7190	half of the committee is appointed every two years.
7191	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership of the commission, the replacement
7192	shall be appointed for the unexpired term.
7193	(3) (a) The attorney general's designee shall serve as chair of the commission.
7194	(b) The chair shall set the agenda for commission meetings.
7195	(4) Attendance of a simple majority of the members constitutes a quorum for the
7196	transaction of official commission business.
7197	(5) Formal action by the commission requires a majority vote of a quorum.
7198	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a member may not receive
7199	compensation, benefits, per diem, or travel expenses for the member's service.
7200	(b) Compensation and expenses of a member who is a legislator are governed by
7201	Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Legislative Compensation and Expenses.
7202	(7) The Office of the Attorney General shall provide staff support to the commission.
7203	Section 254. Section 53E-10-504, which is renumbered from Section 53A-11-1505 is
7204	renumbered and amended to read:
7205	[53A-11-1505]. 53E-10-504. School Safety and Crisis Line Commission
7206	duties.
7207	The commission shall coordinate:
7208	(1) statewide efforts related to the School Safety and Crisis Line; and
7209	(2) with the State Board of Education and the State Board of Regents to promote
7210	awareness of the services available through the School Safety and Crisis Line.
7211	Section 255. Section 53E-10-505, which is renumbered from Section 53A-11-1506 is
7212	renumbered and amended to read:
7213	[53A-11-1506]. 53E-10-505. State Board of Education and local boards of
7214	education to update policies and promote awareness.
7215	(1) The State Board of Education shall:
7216	(a) revise the conduct and discipline policy models, described in Section [53A-11-901]
7217	53G-8-202, to include procedures for responding to reports received under Subsection
7218	[53A-11-1503] <u>53E-10-502</u> (3); and
7219	(b) revise the curriculum developed by the State Board of Education for the parent

7220	seminar, described in Section [53A-15-1302] 53G-9-703, to include information about the	
7221	School Safety and Crisis Line.	
7222	(2) A local school board or charter school governing board shall:	
7223	(a) revise the conduct and discipline policies, described in Section [53A-11-902]	
7224	53G-8-203, to include procedures for responding to reports received under Subsection	
7225	[53A-11-1503] <u>53E-10-502(</u> 3); and	
7226	(b) inform students, parents, and school personnel about the School Safety and Crisis	
7227	Line.	
7228	Section 256. Section 53E-10-601, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-1002 is	
7229	renumbered and amended to read:	
7230	Part 6. Electronic High School	
7231	[53A-15-1002]. <u>53E-10-601.</u> Definitions.	
7232	As used in this part:	
7233	(1) "Board" means the State Board of Education.	
7234	(2) "Electronic High School" means a rigorous program offering grade 9 - 12 level	
7235	online courses and coordinated by the board.	
7236	(3) "Home-schooled student" means a student:	
7237	(a) attends a home school;	
7238	(b) is exempt from school attendance pursuant to Section [53A-11-102] 53G-6-204;	
7239	and	
7240	(c) attends no more than two regularly scheduled classes or courses in a public school	
7241	per semester.	
7242	(4) "Open-entry, open-exit" means:	
7243	(a) a method of instructional delivery that allows for flexible scheduling in response to	
7244	individual student needs or requirements and demonstrated competency when knowledge and	
7245	skills have been mastered; and	
7246	(b) students have the flexibility to begin or end study at any time, progress through	
7247	course material at their own pace, and demonstrate competency when knowledge and skills	
7248	have been mastered.	
7249	Section 257. Section 53E-10-602, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-1002.5 is	
7250	renumbered and amended to read:	

7251	[53A-15-1002.5]. 53	3E-10-602. Electronic High School created Purpose.
7252	The Electronic High Sch	nool is created:
7253	(1) to provide an opportunity for a student who has failed a course to retake the cou	
7254	and earn course credit;	
7255	(2) to allow a student to	complete high school graduation requirements and exit high
7256	school early;	
7257	(3) to allow a student to	take a course online so that the student has greater flexibility
7258	in scheduling courses during the regular school day; and	
7259	(4) to allow a home-sch	ooled or private school student in Utah to take a course that
7260	meets the Utah high school core	e standards for Utah public schools.
7261	Section 258. Section 53	E-10-603 , which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-1003 is
7262	renumbered and amended to rea	ad:
7263	[53A-15-1003]. 53	3E-10-603. Courses and credit.
7264	(1) The Electronic High	School may only offer courses required for high school
7265	graduation or that fulfill course	requirements established by the State Board of Education.
7266	(2) The Electronic High	School shall:
7267	(a) offer courses in an o	pen-entry, open-exit format; and
7268	(b) offer courses that ar	e in conformance with the core standards for Utah public
7269	schools established by the board	1.
7270	(3) Public schools shall	:
7271	(a) accept all credits aw	arded to students by the Electronic High School; and
7272	(b) apply credits awarde	ed for a course described in Subsection (2)(b) toward the
7273	fulfillment of course requirement	nts.
7274	Section 259. Section 53	E-10-604 , which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-1004 is
7275	renumbered and amended to rea	ad:
7276	[53A-15-1004]. 53	3E-10-604. Student eligibility for enrollment.
7277	(1) Utah students at any	age or in any grade may enroll in Electronic High School
7278	courses.	
7279	(2) The Electronic High	School shall accept students into courses on a first-come
7280	first-served basis.	
7281	Section 260. Section 53	E-10-605 , which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-1005 is

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renumbered and amended to read

7283 [53A-15-1005]. 53E-10-605. Services to students with disabilities.

Students with disabilities who may need additional services or resources and who seek to enroll in Electronic High School classes may request appropriate accommodations through the students' assigned schools or school districts.

Section 261. Section **53E-10-606**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-1006 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-15-1006]. <u>53E-10-606.</u> Payment for an Electronic High School course.

- (1) Electronic High School courses are provided to students who are Utah residents, as defined in Section [53A-2-201] 53G-6-302, free of charge.
- (2) Nonresident students may enroll in Electronic High School courses for a fee set by the board, provided that the course can accommodate additional students.
- Section 262. Section **53E-10-607**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-1007 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-15-1007]. <u>53E-10-607.</u> Electronic High School diploma.

The Electronic High School may award a diploma to a student that meets any of the following criteria upon the student's completion of high school graduation requirements set by the board:

- (1) a home-schooled student;
- (2) a student who has dropped out of school and whose original high school class has graduated; or
- (3) a student who is identified by the student's resident school district as ineligible for graduation from a traditional high school program for specific reasons.
- Section 263. Section **53E-10-608**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-15-1008 is renumbered and amended to read:

[53A-15-1008]. 53E-10-608. Review by legislative auditor general.

- (1) The legislative auditor general shall conduct a performance audit of the Electronic High School as directed by the Legislative Audit Subcommittee.
- 7310 (2) In conducting the performance audit of the Electronic High School, the legislative auditor general shall develop performance metrics using factors such as:
- 7312 (a) course completion rate;

7313	(b) number of credits earned; and
7314	(c) cost of providing online courses.
7315	(3) The legislative auditor general shall use the performance metrics developed under
7316	Subsection (2) to evaluate the Electronic High School in comparison with other online
7317	programs.
7318	Section 264. Section 53E-10-609, which is renumbered from Section 53A-17a-131.15
7319	is renumbered and amended to read:
7320	[53A-17a-131.15]. 53E-10-609. State contribution for the Electronic High
7321	School.
7322	Money appropriated to the State Board of Education for the Electronic High School
7323	shall be distributed to the school according to rules established by the board in accordance with
7324	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
7325	Section 265. Effective date.
7326	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
7327	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
7328	Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
7329	the date of veto override.
7330	Section 266. Revisor instructions.
7331	The Legislature intends that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel, in
7332	preparing the Utah Code database for publication, not enroll this bill if any of the following
7333	bills do not pass:
7334	(1) H.B. 11, Public Education Recodification - Funding;
7335	(2) S.B. 11, Public Education Recodification - Local System; or
7336	(3) S.B. 12, Public Education Recodification - Cross References and Repeals.

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel